NORTH CAROLINA UNPACKING DOCUMENT FOR GRADE 5

The Unpacking Documents for North Carolina K-12 Social Studies Standards were created in collaboration with teachers, NCDPI leadership, and members of the NCDPI Social Studies team. These documents are intended to supplement the standard course of study and provide a comprehensive understanding for the teaching of the standards and objectives. The explanations and examples in this document are intended to be helpful in the planning of local curriculum and classroom instruction.

This document will provide:

- Inquiry Strand: the State Board of Education approved indicators for inquiry
- Standard: the State Board of Education approved standard(s) for a strand
- Objective: the State Board of Education approved objectives for teaching and learning
- Mastery of the Objective: a description of how the student should be able to demonstrate mastery of the objective
- Students will Understand: understandings that students should be able to arrive at as a result of the instruction
- Students will Know: information the student should know
- Example Topics: possible content and/or topic ideas that can be used to teach the objective
- Example Formative Assessments: possible tasks that can be used to gauge student understanding of the objective

The example topics and example formative assessments provided with each objective are:

- Content examples for instruction that help to build student knowledge and understanding of the objective
- Sample assessment activities to gauge learning that may be used to determine whether students are meeting the learning objective
- Examples to enhance the student's ability to make connections across other disciplines and in the real world
- Recommendations, with the understanding that PSUs retain local control to determine curriculum

The example topics and example formative assessments provided with each objective are:

- Not meant to be an exhaustive list
- Not meant to be content that must be taught all at once
- Not a checklist for basic recall or memorization
- · Not a checklist for assessment for each objective
- Not intended to reflect summative assessment items

The Social Studies Glossary of Instructional Terms has been designed to be a tool to provide educators with words and phrases that represent the big, overarching concepts, and ideas that teachers need to know and understand in order to effectively teach the revised Social Studies

Standards: View the Glossary of Instructional Terms

Inquiry Strand

The inquiry process for each grade and course within the North Carolina Social Studies Standard Course of Study asks students to inquire, think critically, evaluate sources, use evidence, communicate, and solve problems. Students are asked to practice the skills embedded in the inquiry process on a regular basis throughout instruction; these skills should also be combined into an inquiry project at least once during the year or semester.

Inquiry 3-5

The Inquiry Indicators are meant to be used in concert with the content standards in any strand for each grade in the 3-5 grade band. Teachers should be encouraged to use these indicators in every grade level.

Because there is no set number of indicators that should be used in any grade level, the intent is that by the end of grade 5, students will have been exposed to the skills essential to developing critical thinking in social studies. For this to occur, students must be exposed to inquiry indicators in each grade.

Category	Indicator
Compelling Questions	I.1.1 Identify content required to provide an answer to compelling questions.
Compening Questions	I.1.2 Construct compelling questions that promote inquiry with peers.
Supporting Questions	I.1.3 Understand how responses to supporting questions provide responses to compelling questions.
Supporting Questions	I.1.4 Construct and respond to supporting questions that help answer compelling questions with peers.
	I.1.5 Understand academic and domain-specific words in sources to create responses to compelling
Gathering and Evaluating	questions.
Sources	I.1.6 Organize relevant information from primary and secondary sources using the origin, authority,
	structure, credibility, reliability, and context of the sources to guide the selection.
Developing Claims and Using	I.1.7 Construct claims in response to compelling and supporting questions.
Evidence	I.1.8 Accurately use information from sources when making claims.
Evidence	I.1.9 Make inferences from information in sources.
Communicating Ideas	I.1.10 Construct responses to compelling questions with specific claims and information from teacher-
Communicating ideas	provided sources.
Taking Informed Action	I.1.11 Identify ways to address problems related to the compelling question.

Unpacking the Behavioral Science Objectives

Standard 5.B.1 Understand ways in which values and beliefs have influenced the development of the United States

Overarching Concepts: Values and Beliefs, Development, United States

Overarching Concepts: Values and Beliefs, Development, United States						
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment	
5.B.1.1 Explain how traditions, social structure, and artistic expression have contributed to the unique identity of the United States	Students must be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of how traditions, social structure, and artistic expression have influenced the identity of the United States.	Artistic expressions are often used to express the values, traditions, and religious beliefs of cultures within a nation Diverse cultures are valuable to the development of the identity of a nation	How the identity of the United States was shaped by various traditions How the identity of the United States was shaped by social structures How the identity of the United States was shaped by artistic expression	 Artistic Expressions Music, dance, and fashion of the Roaring 20s Jazz music Gullah crafts and traditions Songs of the Underground Railroad Freedom Quilts Quilt making Painting Music Murals Pottery Poetry and dramatic productions Harlem Renaissance Arts and dance from various American Indian Tribes Traditions Southern Traditions Creole Cajun Gullah Indigenous communities Northeast 	Students learn about 6 Indigenous tribes or communities from across the United States (one Plains area, one Southwestern, one Northeastern, one Hawaii, and one Northwestern/Alaska). Based on their research, students describe how the beliefs and traditions of each tribe influenced the culture of the various regions of the United States. Students study the origins of jazz music in the United States and create a multimedia presentation that demonstrates how jazz music has contributed to the unique identity of the United States. Students read about the roles of women during World War II and research Rosie the Riveter, her origins, and	

o Italian o Irish o Greek O Foek O Polish o Indigenous communities • Midwest o Indigenous communities o Eastern European o Indigenous communities o Hispanic o Hispanic o Asian o Indigenous communities • Hispanic o Asian o Indigenous communities • Religious Groups o Quakers o Catholics o Mormons o Jews Social Structure
Social Structure • Colonial Women • New England
MiddleSoutherncolonies
Women during the Civil WarWomen during

Objective	Mastery of the	Students Will	Students Will Know	Revolutionary War Plantation life Slavery Segregation Indigenous people Women during World War II Example Topics	Examples of Formative
5.B.1.2 Explain how the values and beliefs of various Indigenous, religious, and racial groups have contributed to the development of American identity	Students must be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of how the values and beliefs of various groups have influenced the development of American identity, paying specific attention to race, religion, and Indigenous peoples.	Values, beliefs, and practices of various cultures influence the development of a society A nation's identity is influenced by the values and beliefs of diverse groups that reside in that nation	Examples of values and beliefs of various Indigenous, religious, and racial groups Examples of how the values and belief systems of Indigenous, religious, and racial groups contributed to the development of American Identity	American Indians in North Carolina The Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians Haliwa-Saponi Lumbee Tribe Meherrin Sappony Coharie Occaneechi Band of the Saponi Nation Waccamaw Siouan Quakers Amish Hmong Montagnard African Americans Asian Americans Pacific Islanders Latinx	Assessment Students study the life of Indigenous populations before and after contact with other cultural groups. Students then design a museum exhibit, complete with artifacts with descriptions, that demonstrates their findings and how American identity was influenced by Indigenous populations. After studying basic information about the Maryland Act of Toleration, students explain how the desire for freedom or religion influenced American identity in one paragraph.

	White Anglo Saxon Protestants	
	Sikh	
	Islam	
	Protestantism	
	American Indians	
	Caribbean	
	Catholicism	
	Judaism	

Unpacking the Civics and Government Objectives

Standard 5.C&G.1 Analyze the structure and function of the United States government in terms of cooperation and compromise Overarching Concepts: Structure, Function, Government

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.C&G.1.1	Students must be able	Branches of	The roles of the three	United States	Given a worksheet,
Distinguish the	to differentiate the roles	government often	branches of government	Constitution	students match
roles and	of the three branches of	involve a complex			examples of
responsibilities of	government.	system of checks	The responsibilities of the	Powers and functions of	cooperative efforts with
the three branches		and balances	three branches of	each branch	the correct set of
of government in	Students must be able		government		branches of
terms of how the	to differentiate the	Cooperation		Elements of checks and	government.
branches	responsibilities of the	among individuals	Examples of how the three	balances	
cooperate	three branches of	and groups within	branches cooperate		Students are provided
	government.	a government may		Roles of executive,	with a list of actions
		lead to benefits		judicial, and legislative	each of the three
	Students must be able	for citizens		branches	branches could take in a
	to discuss ways the				given scenario.
	three branches of			Responsibilities of	Students distinguish the
	government cooperate.			executive, judicial, and	ones that are most likely
				legislative branches	to help the branches

				Checks and balances State Supreme Court General Assembly President Governor State representative for students district Judicial review Impeachment Senate confirmations Veto Veto overrides Amendments	successfully work together to resolve the issue and explain why they chose what they did.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.C&G.1.2 Explain	Students must be able to	Branches of	The roles of the three	United States	Students study the 13th,
how the three branches of	demonstrate how the protection of freedom,	government often involve a complex	branches of government	Constitution	14th, and 15th amendments and
government work	equality, and justice is	system of checks	Examples of laws that have	Bill of Rights	complete a flow chart
together to protect	impacted by the three	and balances that	been passed to protect	_	that demonstrates how
freedom, equality,	branches of government.	may be designed	freedom, equality, and	Ending of slavery	each of the three
and justice		to protect	justice	Civil Dights Acts of 1064	branches supported
		freedom, equality, and justice	Examples of judicial rulings	Civil Rights Acts of 1964 and 1968	each amendment. Based on what each
		ana justice	that have protected	and 1900	branch did, the chart
		The protection of	freedom, equality, and	13th, 14th, 15th, 19th	should have a short

	individual freedoms and equality are often written into a nation's system of government	justice Examples of executive actions that have protected freedom, equality, and justice	amendments Integration of armed forces Americans with Disabilities Act Integration of schools Expansion of voting rights	statement of how all three branches worked together to protect the rights of freedom and equality of all people. Students explain how each of the three branches contributed to the effort of integrating schools and what effect it had on equality. Students are separated into three groups, each group representing a branch of the government. Students are given a scenario in which they will need to protect freedom. Students then try to come up with a solution to the issue. Finally, each group writes a two-paragraph conclusion about how the three branches of government can work together to protect freedom.
Standard 5 C&C 2 Under	erstand the ways in which the federal govern	ment has protected individual ri	ahte of citizens	

Standard 5.C&G.2 Understand the ways in which the federal government has protected individual rights of citizens **Overarching Concepts**: Government, Rights, Citizens

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
Summarize the ways in which women, Indigenous, religious, and racial groups use civic participation and advocacy to encourage government protection of rights	Students must be able to demonstrate the ability to create a summary or abstract of ways in which various groups participate, advocate, and encourage government protection of rights, paying specific attention to women, Indigenous, religious, and racial groups.	Democratic governments may provide opportunities for people to advocate for the protection of individual rights Democratic governments are most effective when citizens actively participate Civic participation allows individuals the opportunity to be directly involved in the political process by staying informed about political issues, communicating with elected officials, and voting	Examples of advocacy by women, Indigenous, religious, and racial groups that have influenced the protection of rights Examples of civic participation by women, Indigenous, religious, and racial groups that have influenced the protection of rights	Voter registration drives Registering to vote petition for change Communicating ideas or concerns with elected officials Protest Letter writing campaigns Lobby groups Marches Sit-Ins Boycotts	Students read about the Longest Walk that began July 15, 1978 as a peaceful transcontinental walk for justice for American Indian groups in the United States. After reading about the walk, students create an Instagram post featuring a picture representing the walk, with a 1-2 sentence caption summarizing how the walk represented a way to encourage government protection of American Indian rights. Students read a letter to the United States Congress written by Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Susan B. Anthony, and others in support of Women's Suffrage. Based on the letter, students write a 250 character tweet summarizing how the letter advocated for women's suffrage and encouraged government protection of the rights of women.

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.C&G.2.2	Students must be able to	A nation's	Examples of rights and	Amendments in the	In groups, students
Exemplify ways in	use material presented	constitution may	privileges in the United States' Constitution	United States	study a list of existing
which rights are protected under	to them to come up with new examples of ways in	or may not provide written	States Constitution	Constitution (Bill of Rights and others)	laws within our country. Students then explain
the United States	which rights are	protections of	Examples of how rights	Inights and others)	why some of those laws
Constitution	protected under the	individual rights	and privileges are	Laws	may need to change in
	United States	a.viaaai rigiito	protected		the future and why it's
	Constitution.	Citizens may have	•	Judicial System as a way	important for some
		rights that are		to protect people's rights	laws to change. Finally,
		outlined by a		Voting	students generate a list
		nation's founding			of new laws that may be
		documents		Rights vs. responsibilities	needed in the future and
				Dight to a fair trial	explain why these new
				Right to a fair trial	laws might be needed as well as how they
				Right to free speech	protect the rights of
				Tright to hee opecon	citizens.
				Right to assemble	5131251
					Students are given
				Right to petition	scenarios in which
					rights are threatened in
					the United States.
					Students come up with
					examples of how those
					rights are protected by the Constitution.
					the constitution.

Unpacking the Economics Objectives

Standard 5.E.1 Understand how economic decisions have impacted the United States in terms of consequence, growth, and trade Overarching Concepts: Economic Decision, Impact, Consequence, Growth, Trade

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.E.1.1 Explain	Students must be	Governments often	Examples of factors that	Mass production	The teacher asks
factors that led to	able to demonstrate	create policies	led to economic growth in	Factories	students to read
economic growth	an understanding of the causes that led	designed to stimulate	the United States	Assembly line	information about three of the five New Deal
and decline within the United States at	to economic growth	economic growth	Examples of factors that	FDR's New Deal led to an	programs designed to
various times in	in the United States	A nation's availability	led to economic decline in	increase in jobs	specifically help the
history	over time.	of resources often	the United States	Increase In Jobs	economy "recover:"
Thistory	over time.	influences economic	the office offices	The Dust Bowl (crop	Civilian Conservation
	Students must be	growth or decline		production had extreme	Corps (CCC), Civil
	able to demonstrate	9.0		losses)	Works Administration
	an understanding of	Supply and demand		,	(CWA), Farm Security
	the causes that led	are important factors		Housing crisis	Administration (FSA),
	to economic decline	that impact economic		_	National Industrial
	in the United States	growth and decline		Economic boom of the	Recovery Act of 1933
	over time.			1920s	(NIRA), and Social
					Security Administration
				Credit	(SSA). The students
				D. w.i.e. a.	explain how each
				Buying on margin	program stimulated
				Great Depression	economic growth during the Great Depression.
				Great Depression	the Great Depression.
				War manufacturing	Students read about
					assembly lines and
				Panics of 1800s	mass production and
					write one paragraph
				Stock Market crashes	explaining how
					industrialization
				Industrialization	impacted economic
					growth in the United States.
					States.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.E.1.2 Compare	Students must be	Bad economic	The consequences of	Trade	Students read about the
economic decisions	able to discuss the	decisions may hinder	economic decisions		moon landing and the
in terms of benefits	benefits and	short or long-term		Investing	space race and write a

and consequences	consequences of the outcomes of an economic decision. Students must be able to recognize that some consequences of economic decisions are beneficial to the nation and others are not.	economic goals Positive economic decisions may help long-term economic goals Opportunity cost requires citizens to make economic decisions that have benefits and consequences. The government often makes economic decisions that have benefits and consequences for business, individuals, and the economy	The benefits of economic decisions	FDR New Deal Government stimulus decisions Government bailout decisions Government subsidy programs Students Housing Renewable energy Corporations Farming Raising or lowering of interest rates Increase in wages	comparison of the benefits and consequences of the government investing money into NASA. After studying reasons for government decisions to increase the federal minimum wage, students compare the benefits and consequences of making such a decision.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.E.1.3 Explain the	Students must be	The	Examples of how	Automobile	Students study the
impact of production, specialization, technology, and division of labor on the economic growth of the United States	able to demonstrate how economic growth is impacted by production, specialization, technology, and division of labor.	interconnectedness of labor, capital, and markets contribute to the complexity of a nation's economic system and drive or limit opportunities for economic growth A nation's economic success may be linked	economic growth of the United States is shaped by production, specialization, technology, and division of labor How factors of production influence the growth of a nation's economy	Factors of Production Land Labor Capital Entrepreneurship Assembly lines Cash crops	automotive industry during the early 1900s. Students then explain the ways in which the division of labor and technology within the automotive industry during the 1920s impacted economic growth.

				Stockpiles Decline of the cottage industry Division of labor Industrial parks Income gap Automation Outsourcing	in the first column. Students fill in the remaining columns of the table to describe how each concept of production impacted the job or industry: column 2 is Specialization, column 3 is Division of Labor, and column 4 is Technology.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.E.1.4 Summarize the role of trade between the United States and other countries	Students must be able to demonstrate the ability to create a summary or abstract on the role trade plays between the United States and other countries.	Imports and exports play an important role for trade between	The purpose of trade Why the United States develops trading partners Examples of major imports and exports in the United States	Imports	The teacher gives students a political cartoon depicting trade between the United States and countries that have resources needed to produce United States' products. Based on the cartoon, students write a 250 character tweet summarizing the role trade plays in trying to get the needed products. Students are assigned a product that is not entirely built in the United States. The teacher provides a

				AircraftFoodCrops	sheet to students that lists all of the different parts of the product and where they come from. Students write a paragraph summarizing the role trade plays in getting that product to consumers in the United States.
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Standard 5.E.2 Understand the impact of personal financial decisions
Overarching Concepts: Impact, personal financial decisions.

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.E.2.1 Explain how	Students must be	The personal financial	Examples of personal	Loans	Students are given a
personal financial	able to demonstrate	decisions of an	financial decisions		chart with different
decisions affect	knowledge and	individual can		Borrowing	categories that are
everyday life	understanding of	influence the way	Examples of benefits that		important to everyday
	how personal	people live, work, and	an individual may	Debt	life (e.g., housing, food,
	financial decisions	enjoy leisure time	experience because of		clothing, savings,
	impact the lives of		positive financial decisions	Credit	healthcare,
	individuals.	Personal financial			transportation,
		decisions can have	Examples of	Saving	entertainment, utilities,
		benefits and	consequences that may		etc.). Underneath each
		consequences on	impact an individual	Budgeting	category are varying
		everyday life	because of negative		descriptors that are
			financial decisions	Savings account at bank	"worth" different
		Every spending			amounts (e.g., under the
		decision has		Saving cash at home	food category, eating
		opportunity costs that			out often might be
		may or may not		Budget	worth 8 points, while
		improve a person's			eating out sometimes
		quality of life		Spending money on	might be worth 6 points
				needs	and rarely eating out
					might be worth 3
				Spending money on	points). Students are
				wants	given a total number of
					points that their final

				Saving for future vs. spending right now Interest Investing Planning for the future Charitable Contributions Insurance Wages	tally must not exceed and are required to choose something from each category. Afterward, students explain how their choices in one category impacted their choices in other categories and the impact that these choices have on everyday life. Students write from the perspective of someone who spent beyond their means in the 1920s and explain how their financial decisions in the 1920s impacted their everyday life in the following years.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.E.2.2 Explain the	Students must be	A personal budget can	Examples of plans for both	Identifying wants vs.	Students select
importance of	able to demonstrate	lead to informed	spending and saving	needs	something they want
developing a basic	knowledge and	decisions on spending			from a list of higher-
budget for	understanding of	and saving		Debt	priced items. Students
spending and	creating a budget	Nondo and waste often		0	are then given a
saving	that leads to decisions for	Needs and wants often determine how		Opportunity cost	spreadsheet with
	spending and	individuals plan, budget,		Saving money	categories in which they need to budget (e.g.,
	saving.	spend, and save		Javing money	food, clothing, school
	Javing.	opena, and save		Investing	supplies, etc.), including
				9	a category for savings.
				Budgeting	Students are given a
					weekly or monthly
				Paying bills on time	"income" and are asked

				Wages	to budget their amount earned by making choices for how much to spend on each category, including how much to put in savings. Students then explain how their choices of how much to spend and save impacted their ability to buy the item they wanted. Students view an already created budget plan of a person who is saving for a higher priced item. Students explain how the choices made in creating the budget demonstrates informed decisions in spending and saving.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.E.2.3 Explain how	Students must be	The personal financial	Examples of ways	Loans	Students read about the
personal financial	able to demonstrate	decisions of an	personal decisions impact	Dala	economy in the 1920s
decisions impact economic growth	an understanding of how personal	individual can influence the economic	economic growth	Debt	and write an explanation of how
and decline in the	financial decisions	growth of a nation	Examples of ways	Opportunity cost	personal financial
United States	have led to various	growth of a flation	personal decisions impact		decisions of this time
	types of economic	A nation's economic	economic decline	Overspending	led to a period of short
	growth in the United	growth or decline can			term economic growth.
	States over time.	be related to the		Housing crisis	
	Ctudente must be	personal financial			Students look at a
	Students must be able to demonstrate	decisions of its		Investing	graph of the Stock
		citizens.			Market Crash in 1929
i	an understanding of			Comparison shopping	and explain how the

financial decisions have led to economic decline in		•	financial decisions of the 1920s ultimately led to a period of long-term
the United States over time.			economic decline.
over time.		Borrowing	

Unpacking the Geography Objectives

Standard 5.G.1 Understand the ways in which geographic factors and features have influenced development of the United States Overarching Concepts: Geographic Factors, Geography Features, Development

Overarching Concepts: Geographic Factors, Geography Features, Development							
		Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative			
				Assessment			
			Westward expansion	After examining several			
		•		pictures and reading			
	environment of a place	environmental conditions	Pollution	about the role humans			
				play in creating water			
	. ,		American Indians	pollution with plastic			
		•		debris, students write a			
		environment	Tourism	letter to government			
-				leaders explaining how			
human activity.	modifications humans	Examples of positive and	Plains Indians	plastic debris is			
	make to the	negative effects of human		affecting the marine			
	environment	activity on the United	Agriculture	environment and			
		States		polluting water sources			
			Irrigation	essential for people's			
				lives.			
			Settlement along rivers				
			_	Students study farming			
			Canals	patterns of farms in the			
				central United States			
			Forestry	during the 1920s and			
				then study the Dust			
			Slash and burn	Bowl. Students create a			
				visual timeline with			
			Stripmining	pictures and captions.			
				The timeline should			
			Hydropower	explain the impact of			
			'	too much farming on			
	Mastery of the Objective Students must be able to demonstrate how the development of the United States has been impacted by location, physical environment, and human activity.	Mastery of the Objective Students Will Understand Students must be able to demonstrate how the development of the United States has been impacted by location, physical environment, and human activity. Students Will Understand Human activity can modify the physical environment of a place The physical environment of a location may determine the kinds of modifications humans make to the	Mastery of the ObjectiveStudents Will UnderstandStudents Will KnowStudents must be able to demonstrate how the United States has been impacted by location, physical environment, and human activity.Human activity can modify the physical environment of a placeExamples of how people adapt their lives to environmental conditionsThe physical environment of a location may determine the kinds of modifications humans make to the environmentExamples of how people change their natural environmentExamples of positive and negative effects of human activity on the United	Students Will Understand Students Will Understand Students Will Know Example Topics			

				Fishing Sod housing Reservoir systems	the same land and how this human activity impacts the environment.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.G.1.2 Explain ways in which voluntary and forced migration and slavery led to changes in the landscape of the United States, using maps	Students must be able to demonstrate they understand how the landscape of the United States has been impacted by voluntary migration. Students must be able to demonstrate they understand how the landscape of the United States has been impacted by forced migration. Students must be able to demonstrate they understand how the landscape of the United States has been impacted by slavery.	People may move to different places as a result of involuntary or voluntary action The migration and immigration of people to a place or regions can lead to changes in the physical landscape	Examples of how forced migration led to changes in the landscape of the United States Examples of how voluntary migration led to changes in the landscape of the United States Examples of how slavery led to changes in the landscape of the United States Examples of push and pull factors that led to migration or immigration	Great Migration Indian removal/Trail of Tears Indian Wars (First Nations Wars) Treaties signed with First Nation Peoples California Gold Rush Dust Bowl Homesteaders Western Expansion Slavery Urbanization Religious freedom Underground Railroad Industrialization Agricultural opportunities Employment	Students look at a variety of maps that demonstrate the changes to the United States from the time period of the 13 colonies throughout Western expansion. The maps should show the acquisition of territories and purchases of land. Students then explain the connection between the voluntary migration of Western expansion and the changes to the United States landscape over time. Students study maps of original locations of American Indian communities and maps of designated reservation areas. Students then explain how the forced migration of American Indian populations resulted in changes to

				Louisiana Purchase Internment camps	the landscape of the United States.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.G.1.3 Explain how technological innovation has impacted the geography of the United States	Students must be able to demonstrate they understand how the geography of the United States has been impacted by technology, invention, and innovation.	Geographic challenges can be resolved through technological innovation Innovation and technology may contribute to social and economic growth	Examples of technological innovation that has impacted the geography of the United States Examples of inventions that have impacted the geography of the United States	Transcontinental Railroad Pony Express Erie Canal Steamboat Cotton Gin Plow Cars Planes Innovations in transportation	Students read about Western expansion and study a map of the Transcontinental Railroad route. Students then explain how railroads impacted the geography of the United States. After studying the John Deere Plow, students create an ad for the John Deere plow. The ad must persuade farmers to move West with the assurance that the John Deere Plow will help them overcome geographic challenges. The ad must address how the invention of the John Deere Plow impacted the geography of the United States. Students make a visual timeline with pictures and captions to explain how inventions from the American Industrial Revolution through

				Barbed wire	present day changed the geography of the
				Grain elevator	United States.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.G.1.4 Explain the reasons for forced and voluntary migration to, from, and within the United States	Students must be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the causes of forced and voluntary migration in the United States. Students must be able to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the effects of forced and voluntary migration in the United States.	The introduction of new or expanded economic markets can lead to both forced and voluntary migration of labor The migration and immigration of people to various places in a state or nation can be voluntary or forced People may choose to move to a new place in search of opportunities Migration and immigration patterns are often determined by environmental, economic, and societal changes	Reasons why people migrate (both forced and voluntary) to the United States Reasons why people migrate (both forced and voluntary) from the United States Reasons why people migrate (both forced and voluntary) within the United States	Indian Removal Act American Internment Camps American Indian Wars Treaties signed with American Indian Tribes Ellis Island Angel Island Employment opportunities Slave trade Educational opportunities Natural disasters Underground Railroad Early European exploration Refugees Religious freedom Political stability Freedoms	Students create a poster that explains the push/pull factors for immigrants entering the United States, between 1880 - 1920, through the Ellis Island and Angel Island immigration stations. Students create a storyboard outlining the reasons why African Americans migrated to Northern states during the Great Migration. Students read an article about Internment camps for Japanese-Americans and write a written explanation of the reasons behind this forced migration.

	Holocaust	
	Cuban Revolution	
	Debtor refuge	
	Escape poverty	
	Escape warfare	
	Famine	

Standard 5.H.1 Understand the role of various people, events, and ideas in shaping the United States

Overarching Concepts: Roles, People, Events, Ideas

Objective

Mastery of the

Objective	Mastery of the	Students Will	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative
	Objective	Understand		• •	Assessment
5.H.1.1 Explain how	Students must be able	Marginalized groups	Examples of how	Individuals	Students read about
the experiences and	to demonstrate how	often contribute to	minorities helped to	 Martin Luther King 	American Indians'
achievements of	the experiences of	change and innovation	bring about change and	Jr.	contributions and
women, minorities,	various groups have	in a country despite	innovation in the United	 Susan B. Anthony 	create a Google slides
Indigenous groups,	contributed to change	limited opportunities	States	 Sojourner Truth 	presentation that
and marginalized	and innovation in the	for social mobility		 Abigail Adams 	explains the impact
people have	United States, paying		Examples of how	 Eleanor Roosevelt 	American Indians had
contributed to	specific attention to	The traditions and	Indigenous groups	 Ella Baker 	on the development of
change and	minorities, Indigenous	practices of various	helped to bring about	 Cesar Chavez 	the United States.
innovation in the	groups, and	groups play a role in	change and innovation	 Mary Jackson, 	
United States	marginalized people.	contributing to change	in the United States	Katherine Johnson,	Students read about
		and innovation within a		and Dorothy Vaughn	Mary Jackson,
	Students must be able	nation	Examples of how	Jerry Yang	Katherine Johnson, and
	to demonstrate how		marginalized people	 Ruth Bader Ginsburg 	Dorothy Vaughn and
	the achievements of	The lives of people in a	helped to bring about	 Dolores Huerta 	create a multimedia
	various groups have	nation may be	change and innovation	 Thurgood Marshall 	presentation explaining
	contributed to change	improved by the	in the United States		how their experiences
	innovation in the	innovations and		Groups	and achievements have
	United States, paying	achievements of		American Indians	contributed to change
	specific attention to	diverse groups of		 Enslaved persons 	and innovation in the
	minorities, Indigenous	people.		National	United States.

	groups, and marginalized people.	People's achievements often influence and contribute to the development of a state or nation.		Organization of Women	Students study the way in which society viewed the roles of Women through World War II in the United States. Afterwards, students write a letter to women of the past explaining how their contribution helped shape the lives of women today in the United States.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.H.1.2 Summarize the changing roles of women, Indigenous, racial and other minority groups in the United States	Students must be able to demonstrate the ability to create a summary or abstract of how the roles of women, Indigenous populations, and racial groups have changed over time in the United States.	The laws and policies of a nation often impact the roles of groups or individuals in various ways As individuals and groups work to acquire freedom and equality, their roles within a nation may change	How the role and status of women have changed in the United States over time How the role and status of Indigenous populations have changed in the United States over time How the role and status of various racial groups have changed	Roles of women and children during war American Revolution Civil War World War II Women in contemporary military roles Roles of women & minorities in colonial times vs. now	Students read articles about the roles of women before and during the American Revolution. Afterwards, students write a 250 character Tweet to summarize how the role of women changed during the Revolutionary era. Students study a timeline of voting rights

			in the United States over time	Indians during war	and citizenship acts and laws, paying particular attention to women, American Indian, racial and other minorities. Students then write a 3-5 sentence summary of how the roles of these groups changed after they acquired rights and various laws changed.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.H.1.3 Explain the ways in which revolution, reform, and resistance have shaped the United States	Students must be able to demonstrate how the causes of revolution, reform, and resistance have shaped the United States.	When government actions are contrary to the will of the people, citizens may take actions to demand reform Individuals and groups may protest and	Examples of historical and contemporary revolutions that have shaped the United States Examples of historical and contemporary reforms that have	Civil Rights Movements Latino Civil Rights Movement Student Sit-Ins Stono Rebellion	Students study the Sons of Liberty and write an explanation of how their actions sparked a demand for reform through the Declaration of Independence and a desire for change within

to demonstrate how	demand equal	shaped the United	Nat Turner's Rebellion	the 13 colonies.
the effects of revolution, reform, and	treatment which can lead to reforms that	States	Gabriel Prosser's	Students study the
resistance have	can transform a nation	Examples of historical	Rebellion	causes of the American
shaped the United	can transform a nation	and contemporary	Resemon	Revolution and the
States.	The demand for social,	resistance that have	Slave Revolts	American Revolutionary
	political, or economic	shaped the United		war. Students then
	change can lead to	States	13th and 14th	create a cause-and-
	resistance, revolution,		Amendments	effect flow chart
	or societal reform			demonstrating their
			The writing of the	understanding of how
			Declaration of Independence	this revolution led to the beginning of a new and
			Independence	independent nation.
			Revolutionary War	independent nation.
			The state of the s	Students study the
			Industrial Revolution	actions of Civil Rights
				leaders and create a
			Abolition of slavery	multimedia
			Underground Railroad	presentation explaining how their demand for
			Onderground Ramoad	social, political, and
			Suffrage: 15th & 19th	economic change led to
			amendments	changes in the United
				States.
			Missouri Compromise	
			Compromise of 1850	
			Slave States vs. Free	
			States	
			Election of Abraham	
			Lincoln	
			Secession	
			Sons of Liberty	
			Integration of Schools	
			integration of schools	

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Boycotts Internet/smartphones/ social media Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.H.1.4 Explain the impact of major conflicts and events on the development of the United States	Students must be able to demonstrate they understand the effects of conflicts and events on the development of the United States.	Social, political, geographic, or economic conflict may have an impact on the development of a nation The outcome of political and social conflict may impact the policies and decisions of a nation	The United States' role in major conflicts and events How and why various conflicts impacted the development of the United States How and why various events impacted the development of the United States	Revolutionary War War of 1812 Civil War Reconstruction World War I World War II Pearl Harbor Trail of Tears Great Depression Dust Bowl Japanese Internment Camps 9/11 Global War on Terrorism Pandemic Vietnam War	Students create a cause-and-effect flow chart of the Revolutionary War and the road to independence from Great Britain. The flow chart should explain the impact of the Revolutionary War on the development of the United States. Students study the events leading up to the Great Depression and the impact of the Great Depression on society (e.g., ways of life, entertainment, employment, "Hoovervilles," etc.). Students then create a poster explaining their understanding of the effects of the Great Depression on society and the development of the United States.

					Students learn about the basic events of World War II and Pearl Harbor. Students then create a multimedia presentation demonstrating their understanding of the role of the United States in the war and how this impacted the development of the United States. Students read about the basic events of September 11, 2001. Students then write an explanation of how the events of September 11th impacted the development of the United States.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.H.1.5 Compare	Students must be able to discuss the	Historical events or	Examples of significant historical events in the	Historical maps	Students compare
multiple perspectives of	able to discuss the similarities and	issues can be understood through	United States	Photographs	multiple primary and secondary sources with
various historical	differences between	information from			opposing points of view
events using primary	the multiple	various sources	How perspective can	Graphs	around one event.
and secondary sources	perspectives of events that have	Interpreting multiple	affect the way a historical event is	Charts	Students then write a mock interview where
Journey	occurred in history.	historical perspectives	interpreted	Onarto	they play the role of the
	·	is necessary to	,	Newspaper articles	interviewer who is
	Students must be	understanding the past		5	interviewing two people
	able to use primary	The gradibility of		Diary entries	with differing
	and secondary	The credibility of historical sources must		Original texts of historical	viewpoints from the time period studied.
		matorical sources must		Original texts of flistofical	time penou studieu.

	sources to master this objective.	be examined in order to ensure accuracy and appropriateness		documents Song lyrics relevant to historical time periods Events Indian Removal Integration of schools Civil Rights Movements American Revolution Vietnam War Emancipation Proclamation Civil War Reconstruction Atomic bomb Suffrage movements Space Race	Students should then compare the two differing accounts of the event to find similarities and differences. Students read 2-3 primary sources with differing opinions (Loyalists/Patriots) about the Stamp Act. After closely reading these sources, students complete a Janus Figure that compares the Loyalist and Patriot perspectives.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
5.H.1.6 Explain the	Students must be able	A nation's values and	Examples of the	Bald Eagle	Students study and
significance of	to demonstrate they	biases are evidenced by	various symbols that		analyze the poem
national symbols and traditions from	understand the	what it chooses to memorialize	were chosen to honor	Liberty Bell	written on the base of
various perspectives	significance of why symbols and traditions	memonalize	the culture and history of the United States	Uncle Sam	the Statue of Liberty, "The New Colossus."
various perspectives	are interpreted from	People often use	of the officed States	Officie Sairi	After studying the
	various perspectives.	symbols to exemplify	The historical	Statue of Liberty	poem, teachers
		the culture and history	significance of various	,	facilitate a Wagon
		of places	monuments in the	4th of July	Wheel discussion about
			United States from		the symbolism,
		Symbols often carry	various perspectives	Pledge of Allegiance	significance to life in
		different meanings to a		National/atata flags	the United States from
		variety of different cultures within a nation		National/state flags	past to present, and the various perspectives of
		Cartaics within a nation		Rosie the Riveter	this poem.

		Thanksgiving	Students study the historical significance
		Monuments in	of various monuments
		Washington, D.C.	and memorials in
			Washington, D.C.
		Mount Rushmore	Afterwards, students write a written
		The Capitol	explanation of how
		•	these monuments and
		The White House	memorials can have
			different levels of
		Veteran's Day	significance to different
		T 1 6:1 11 1	people based on their
		Tomb of the Unknown	experiences and
		Soldier	backgrounds (e.g.,
		Presidential Seal	World War II and Vietnam and Korean
		Presidential Seal	War memorials may
		Groundhog Day	have a different
		Grounding Buy	meaning to someone
		New Year's	who fought in one of
			these wars than
			someone who did not).
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