## NORTH CAROLINA UNPACKING DOCUMENT FOR AMERICAN HISTORY

The Unpacking Documents for North Carolina K-12 Social Studies Standards were created in collaboration with teachers, NCDPI leadership, and members of the NCDPI Social Studies team. These documents are intended to supplement the standard course of study and provide a comprehensive understanding for the teaching of the standards and objectives. The explanations and examples in this document are intended to be helpful in the planning of local curriculum and classroom instruction.

### This document will provide:

- Inquiry Strand: the State Board of Education approved indicators for inquiry
- Standard: the State Board of Education approved standard(s) for a strand
- Objective: the State Board of Education approved objectives for teaching and learning
- Mastery of the Objective: a description of how the student should be able to demonstrate mastery of the objective
- Students Will Understand: understandings that students should be able to arrive at as a result of the instruction
- Students Will Know: information the student should know
- Example Topics: possible content and/or topic ideas that can be used to teach the objective
- Example Formative Assessments: possible tasks that can be used to gauge student understanding of the objective

#### The example topics and example formative assessments provided with each objective are:

- Content examples for instruction that help to build student knowledge and understanding of the objective
- Sample assessment activities to gauge learning that may be used to determine whether students are meeting the learning objective
- Examples to enhance the student's ability to make connections across other disciplines and in the real world
- Recommendations, with the understanding that PSUs retain local control to determine curriculum

#### The example topics and example formative assessments provided with each objective are:

- Not meant to be an exhaustive list
- Not meant to be content that must be taught all at once
- Not a checklist for basic recall or memorization
- Not a checklist for assessment for each objective
- Not intended to reflect summative assessment items

The Social Studies Glossary of Instructional Terms has been designed to be a tool to provide educators with words and phrases that represent the big, overarching concepts, and ideas that teachers need to know and understand in order to effectively teach the revised Social Studies Standards: <u>View the Glossary of Instructional Terms</u>

#### **Inquiry Strand**

The inquiry process for each grade and course within the North Carolina Social Studies Standard Course of Study asks students to inquire, think critically, evaluate sources, use evidence, communicate, and solve problems. Students are asked to practice the skills embedded in the inquiry process on a regular basis throughout instruction; these skills should also be combined into an inquiry project at least once during the year or semester.

#### Inquiry 9-12

The Inquiry Indicators are meant to be used in concert with the content standards in any strand for each grade in the 9-12 grade band. Teachers should be encouraged to use these indicators in every grade level.

Because there is no set number of indicators that should be used in any grade level, the intent is that by the end of all high school courses students will have been exposed to the skills essential to developing critical thinking in social studies. For this to occur, students must be exposed to inquiry indicators in each grade.

Standard	Indicator
	I.1.1 Compelling Questions
	<ul> <li>Identify issues and problems in social studies</li> </ul>
	Formulate questions based upon disciplinary concepts
	I.1.2 Supporting Questions
	<ul> <li>Identify related issues and problems related to the compelling question</li> </ul>
	Formulate supporting questions
	I.1.3 Gathering and Evaluating Sources
Apply the inquiry	<ul> <li>Locate credible primary and secondary sources</li> </ul>
models to analyze and	<ul> <li>Identify a variety of primary and secondary sources in support of compelling and supporting questions</li> </ul>
evaluate social studies	<ul> <li>Summarize the central ideas and meaning of primary and secondary sources through the use of literacy strategies</li> </ul>
topics and issues in	<ul> <li>Determine the origin, context, and bias of primary and secondary sources</li> </ul>
order to communicate	<ul> <li>Differentiate between facts and interpretation of sources</li> </ul>
conclusions and take	<ul> <li>Evaluate competing historical narratives and debates among historians</li> </ul>
informed actions	I.1.4 Developing Claims and Using Evidence
	<ul> <li>Analyze data from charts, graphs, timelines, and maps</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Analyze visual, literary, and musical sources</li> </ul>
	Examine change and continuity over time
	Analyze causes, effects, and correlations
	<ul> <li>Determine the relevance of a source in relation to the compelling and supporting questions</li> </ul>
	I.1.5 Communicating Ideas
	<ul> <li>Construct written, oral, and multimedia arguments</li> </ul>

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	<ul> <li>Support arguments with evidence and reasoning while considering counterclaims</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use proper formatting in citing sources for arguments</li> </ul>
	Develop new understandings of complex historical and current issues through rigorous academic discussions
	Participate in rigorous academic discussions emphasizing multiple viewpoints in which claims and evidence are
	acknowledged, critiqued, and built upon in order to create new understandings of complex historical or current issues
	I.1.6 Taking Informed Action
	<ul> <li>Generate ideas through which the inquiry facilitates change</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Devise a plan to enact change based on the results of the inquiry</li> </ul>
	Organize and take individual or collaborative action in order to affect change and inform others

# The time period and focus for this course is from 1763 through the year of the latest presidential election.

Unpacking the Behavioral Science Objectives								
Standard AH.H.B.1 Evaluate American identity in terms of perspective, change, and continuity								
Overarching Concepts: Identity, Perspective, Change, Continuity           Objective         Mastery of the         Students Will         Examples of Formation								
Objective	Objective	Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Assessment			
AH.B.1.1	Students must be	A nation's ideals and	Examples of the belief of	Salutary neglect	Monroe Doctrine & the			
Critique multiple	able to demonstrate	value system can	American Exceptionalism		American Identity			
perspectives of	the ability to	influence how people	in policy	Founding/revolution	Activity, National			
American identity	evaluate the extent	view themselves and			Endowment for the			
in terms of	to which American	that nation over time	Multiple perspectives of	Manifest destiny	Humanities, Edsitement			
American	exceptionalism		American identity		Project: Students			
exceptionalism	influenced American	The idea of a nation		Monroe Doctrine	analyze the Monroe			
	identity of various	being exceptional can			Doctrine and Latin			
	groups.	influence its relationship		Imperialism	American perspectives			
		with other people and			on the doctrine in a			
	Students must be	nations over time		"City on a Hill"	series of close reading			
	able to make these				activities. Students			
	evaluations by using	Different groups within a		First and Second Great	then critique American			
	material that	nation may view the idea		Awakenings	identity through this			
	expresses views from	of the exceptionalism of			foreign policy directive:			
	multiple	that nation from		Turner's Frontier Thesis	To what extent did the			
	perspectives.	different perspectives			idea of American			
		depending on how they		American Indians	exceptionalism			
		have been treated within			influence the creation			
		that society		Immigration	and implementation of			

				Horatio Alger Rugged individualism Transcendentalism Homesteaders Sooners Separation of church and state Fourteen Points Cold War Space Race	the Monroe Doctrine? To what extent, in turn, did changes in American foriegn policy derive from the Monroe Doctrine influence American identity over time? Using a Say-Mean-Matter protocol, students critique how American exceptionalism during manifest destiny impacted America's identity. Students use the protocol to examine a primary source either individually or in groups assigned by the teacher. Each individual or group then shares their thoughts to facilitate a classroom discussion of American exceptionalism.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.B.1.2	Students must be	Different groups may	Historical eras of	American Revolution	The teacher poses the
Critique multiple	able to demonstrate	view a nation's identity	opportunity in United		central question: To
perspectives of	the ability to	from different	States' history	Great Depression	what extent did the Civil
American identity	evaluate the extent	perspectives depending			War challenge and/or
in terms of	to which opportunity,	on how they have been	Historical eras of crisis in	Roaring 20's	reinforce the American
opportunity,	prosperity, and crisis	treated within that	United States' history		identity? Students work

prosperity, and crisis	have influenced American identity of various groups. Students must be able to make these evaluations by using material that expresses views from multiple perspectives.	nation Moments of opportunity, prosperity, and crisis will influence how individuals and groups view themselves and their nation over time	Historical eras of prosperity in United States' history Multiple perspectives of American identity	Oregon Trail Immigration Refugees Gilded Age Natural disasters Civil War	in groups to create a poster on an assigned primary source using different colors: 1) Blue- identify & define unfamiliar words/terms; 2) Red- statements/ positions that challenge the American identity; 3) Green- statements/ positions that reinforce the American identity;
				Reconstruction World War II	4) Orange- connections to other texts, to key events from the unit of
				GI Bill	study, or to our society today; 5) Purple- a key phrase/passage.
				Industrialization	After each group shares their poster, students
				Urbanization	write a 1-2 paragraph response to the central
				Suburbanization	question.
				McCarthyism	Students select or are given a presidential
				Civil Rights Movements	term that took place during a time of
				Cold War Crisis	prosperity, opportunity, or crisis. Students
				Internet	describe American identity based on two
				9/11	perspectives. The students assess the
					presidency based on those two perspectives.

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.B.1.3	Students must be	Inclusive and exclusive	Examples of groups that	Enslaved people	By the early 1900s,
Critique multiple	able to demonstrate	experiences can have a	have been excluded from		belief in a separate
perspectives of	the ability to	direct impact on how	the definition of American	American Indians	sphere for men and
American identity	evaluate the extent	individuals and groups	identity		women which relegated
in terms of	to which	view themselves and		Catholics	women to the "cult of
oppression,	oppression,	their nation over time	Examples of groups that		domesticity" was being
stereotypes,	stereotypes,		have been included in the	Nativism	questioned. Students
diversity,	diversity, inclusion,	Minority groups within a	definition of American		examine two
inclusion, and	and exclusion have	nation may be subject to	identity	Immigration	documents on the
exclusion	influenced American	oppression,			identity of early 20th
	identity of various	marginalization, and	Multiple perspectives of	Mormons	century American
	groups.	exclusion by majority	American identity		women and then use
		groups		Suffrage Movement	the documents as well
	Students must be				as their knowledge of
	able to make these	Groups within a nation		Civil Rights Movements	the time period to
	evaluations by using	may be subject to			answer the following
	material that	exclusion based on		Segregation	essential question: To
	expresses views	political, social, religious			what extent were
	from multiple	or economic factors		Sundown towns	American women
	perspectives.				included in American
		Groups within a nation may be subject to		Hyphenated Americans	society in the early 20th century?
		inclusion based on		White Anglo-Saxon	
		political, social, religious		Protestants	Students read two
		or economic factors			perspectives on the
				Internment camps	passage of the
		Cultural stereotypes			Americans with
		reflect a diverse nation's		Military participation	Disabilities Act and
		struggles with inclusion			critique the
				Labor Movement	perspectives in terms of
					the extent to which the
				Eugenics Movement	concept of inclusion
					aligns with America's
				Americans with	identity.
				Disabilities Act	

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.B.1.4 Critique multiple perspectives of American identity in terms of individualism and conformity	Students must be able to demonstrate the ability to evaluate the extent to which individualism and conformity have influenced American identity of various groups. Students must be able to make these evaluations by using material that expresses views from multiple perspectives.	Groups within a nation may conform, work towards change and reform, or flee to avoid persecution A nation's identity may be expressed through acts of conformity or individual independence and self-reliance Groups and individuals' idea of a nation's identity may be based on the extent to which they conform or stand out from cultural norms A nation's identity may be viewed through multiple perspectives by how the individuals within it express their individualism or conformity to the ideals and values it holds	How ideas of conformity influenced American identity How ideas of individualism influenced American identity Multiple perspectives of American identity	Yeoman farmer "Rugged Individualism" Cult of Domesticity Entrepreneurship Suburbia Transcendentalism Flappers Roaring 20's Hobo culture Utopian societies Harlem Renaissance Booker T. Washington vs. W.E.B. Du Bois Baby Boomers Development of free public education Beatniks Counterculture Anti-Vietnam protests	Students critique the perspectives of Booker T. Washington and W.E.B Du Bois in terms of how each of their views conformed or conflicted with America's identity. Students read lyrics and listen to several Civil Rights era and Vietnam War protest songs. With the understanding that protest is typically an example of non-conformity, students are asked to critique the lyrics in terms of conformity to the ideals of the American identity.

				Women's Liberation Movement Civil Rights Movements Hippies Assimilation Acculturation Rock N' Roll culture Hip Hop culture	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
<b>AH.B.1.5</b> Explain how various immigrant experiences have influenced American identity	Students must be able to demonstrate how immigrant experiences have impacted American identity.	Immigration to a new country in pursuit of a better life can lead to assimilation and the adoption of a new national identity A nation's identity may be changed by the influence of new cultural ideas that come with immigration	Different waves of immigration that impacted the United States Examples of immigrant experiences in different parts of the United States How and where various immigrants entered the United States	Assimilation Push/pull factors Ethnic Enclaves Old immigrants vs. new immigrants Cultural diffusion Waves of immigration Nativism Settlement houses Refugees	Students choose two immigrants from databases about Angel Island or Ellis Island. Students read about the immigrants' arrivals and later experiences they had as they lived in America. Students describe the impact of the experiences of those immigrants on America's identity. The teacher assigns students to one of four groups representing a specific immigrant group during one or

				Hatian immigration Southeast Asian immigration Quotas Cuban immigration Mexican/Central American immigration American internment camps Angel/Ellis Island Political machines Salvation Army Sweatshops "Melting pot"	more time periods of history. Each group receives a packet of information with descriptions and information about an immigrant group. As a group, the students use chart paper to draw a graphic showing how the immigrant experiences of their group influenced American identity.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.B.1.6 Explain	Students must be	When groups of people	Examples of marginalized	Benjamin Banneker	After reading primary
how the	able to demonstrate	are treated unfairly by the	groups in United States'		sources concerning the
experiences and achievements of	understanding of how the lived	government of a nation, they may advocate for	history	Abigail Adams	Seneca Falls Convention, students
minorities and	experiences and	change against	Examples of the struggles	Enslaved people	write a paragraph
marginalized	achievements of	oppression and	and challenges of		explaining how the
peoples have	minorities and	discrimination	minorities and	Suffrage Movement	experiences of the
contributed to	marginalized		marginalized groups for		women led to the
American identity	peoples influenced	A nation's identity may	equality	Ellen Broidy	Convention. Students
over time in	the development of	be influenced by	-	-	also explain the

terms of the	American identity,	marginalized groups and	Examples of contributions	Mark Allan Segal	Convention's impact on
struggle against	paying specific	individuals who	made by marginalized		America's identity.
bias, racism,	attention to the	advocate against bias,	groups	Equal Rights Amendment	Ctudente erecte e
oppression, and discrimination	influence of bias, racism, oppression,	racism, oppression, and discrimination		Civil Rights Movements	Students create a three-slide presentation
uiscrimination	and discrimination.	discrimination			that portrays
		Advocating against bias,		Jim Crow/Segregation	experiences of a
	Students must be	racism, and		Sim Crow/Segregation	minority group in the
	able to demonstrate	discrimination often		Mental Health Reform	United States during a
	an understanding of	benefits the society			particular era of United
	how minorities and			Abolitionism	States history. The
	marginalized groups	The struggles of			presentation may
	have struggled for	minorities and		Joseph Smith	include how the
	equality and how the	marginalized people			experiences of a
	gains made in that	may lead to movements		Susan B. Anthony	minority group
	struggle have	that encourage an end to			contributed to the
	benefited all	oppression and		Sojourner Truth	struggle against racism,
	Americans.	discrimination			oppression, or
				Elizabeth Cady Stanton	discrimination. The
				Eleanor Roosevelt	presentation may also include contributions of
					the minority group that
				Greensboro Four	impacted the evolution
					of America's identity.
				Ella Baker	
				Septima Clark	
				Karen Korematsu	
				Daisy Bates	
				Fannie Lou Hamer	
				A. Philip Randolph	
				Cesar Chavez	
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				Dolores Huerta	
				Allan P. Bakke	
				Harvey Milk	
				Harlem Renaissance	
				Jazz	
				Charles R. Drew	
				American Indian	
				Movement	
				Internment of	
				Japanese-Americans	
	Maatamiaftha	Otradonto W/II			
Objective	Mastery of the	Students Will	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative
Objective	Objective	Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Assessment
AH.B.1.7 Explain	Objective Students must be	Understand Groups excluded from	Students Will Know Examples of intolerance	Example Topics           Grandfather clause	Assessment Students listen to or
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery,	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a	Examples of intolerance	Grandfather clause	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the
<b>AH.B.1.7</b> Explain how slavery, xenophobia,	<b>Objective</b> Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to			Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project
<b>AH.B.1.7</b> Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia	Grandfather clause Poll tax	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia,	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement,	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests Nativism	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and group	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity throughout the	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society can create tension	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph describing the effect
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and group perspectives of	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity throughout the history of the United	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society can create tension between a nation's	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests Nativism Black codes	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph describing the effect that slavery had on the
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and group perspectives of themselves as	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity throughout the history of the United States. The	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society can create tension between a nation's identity and its founding	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests Nativism	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph describing the effect that slavery had on the individual's view of
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and group perspectives of	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity throughout the history of the United States. The understanding	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society can create tension between a nation's	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests Nativism Black codes Extremist organizations	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph describing the effect that slavery had on the
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and group perspectives of themselves as	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity throughout the history of the United States. The understanding should cover not	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society can create tension between a nation's identity and its founding	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests Nativism Black codes	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph describing the effect that slavery had on the individual's view of themselves as
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and group perspectives of themselves as	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity throughout the history of the United States. The understanding	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society can create tension between a nation's identity and its founding principles	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests Nativism Black codes Extremist organizations	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph describing the effect that slavery had on the individual's view of themselves as Americans in both
AH.B.1.7 Explain how slavery, xenophobia, disenfranchisem ent, and intolerance have affected individual and group perspectives of themselves as	Objective Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of the effects of xenophobia, disenfranchisement, and intolerance on group identity throughout the history of the United States. The understanding should cover not only the groups	Understand Groups excluded from political power in a nation often struggle to achieve equality Excluding certain groups from political power and participation in society can create tension between a nation's identity and its founding principles When a nation founded	Examples of intolerance Examples of xenophobia Examples of	Grandfather clause Poll tax Literacy tests Nativism Black codes Extremist organizations Indian removal	Assessment Students listen to or read excerpts from the Slave Narrative Project from the Works Progress Administration (WPA). After reviewing two stories, students write a paragraph describing the effect that slavery had on the individual's view of themselves as Americans in both

	groups perpetuating these things.	those ideals, individuals and groups may find difficulty in identifying themselves and their roles in such a nation		Segregation Civil Rights Movements Social Darwinism Bellingham Riots 1907 Internment camps Religious intolerance Chinese Exclusion Act Voter suppression Gentlemen's Agreement 1907 Farm Workers Movement Tulsa Race Massacre Chinese Massacre of 1871 Immigration policies	in the 1960s and 1970s, students participate in a Jigsaw activity to discuss how oppression impacted the sense of identity held by various groups (e.g., women, immigrants, Native Americans, African Americans, etc.). Students then write an "I Am" poem from the perspective of one of these groups/ individuals.
Standard AH.B.2 A	nalyze the relationship	of tradition and progress in	terms of scientific, technolog	groups after 9/11	development
		ition, Progress, Developmer			
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.B.2.1 Differentiate	Students must be able to determine	Scientific and technological	Examples of innovations that reinforced values and	Cotton gin	Given a list of primary sources describing

among scientific	specific innovations	innovations may change	beliefs	Factory towns	technological
and	that led to changes in	the values of a society			innovations in Mill
technological	American society.	over time	Examples of innovations	Transcontinental railroad	Towns and their impact
innovations in			that helped to redefine		on women workers,
terms of how	Students must be	Changes in society	values and beliefs	Urbanization	students select two
they have	able to determine	caused by technological			sources to read and
reinforced and	specific innovations	innovations can cause a	Examples of reactions by	Steam engine	analyze. Based on
redefined	that led to a fortifying	shift in the values and	various groups or		analysis of the
American values	of traditional beliefs	beliefs of that society	individuals to innovations	Bessemer process	documents, the
and beliefs	and discouraged				students write a
	changes.	When innovation		Mass production	paragraph to express
		conflicts with values and			what they believe is the
		beliefs, change may be		Assembly lines	evidence that either
		discouraged			reinforces or redefines
				Interchangeable parts	beliefs about women's
					roles in 19th century
				Telegraph	America.
				Penny Press/Yellow	Students are given a list
				Journalism	of innovations/
					inventions that occurred
				Cinema	in American society
					since the advent of the
				Flight	internet. Students
					select the innovations/
				Atomic bomb	inventions they perceive
					as having reinforced
				Television	American values and
					beliefs and describe
				Radio	why they feel the
					innovations/inventions
				Space exploration	were impactful.
				Rock N' Roll	
				PC/internet/social media	
				Renewable energy	

Objective	Mastery of the	Students Will	Students Will Know	Polio vaccine X-Ray Microwaves Vacuum Electric refrigerator <b>Example Topics</b>	Examples of Formative
AH.B.2.2 Distinguish religious beliefs and human reasoning in terms of their influence on American society and culture	<b>Objective</b> Students must be able to examine various religious beliefs to determine the influence on various cultures in American society. Students must be able to examine various aspects of human reasoning to determine the influence on various cultures in American society.	Understand Over time, religious beliefs and human reasoning can influence the development of a nation As a nation develops over time, its belief in both religious faith and human reasoning may lead to conflict	Examples of religious beliefs that shaped American society Examples of philosophical thought that shaped American society Reactions of groups or individuals to new ideas that impacted American society	American Revolution and the Enlightenment American Revolution and religion <i>The Federalist Papers</i> Second Great Awakening Transcendentalism Utopian communities Social darwinism Social gospel American pragmatism	Assessment Students analyze primary sources to make determinations about the influences that the Second Great Awakening revivals had on the culture within American society. The students create a graphic organizer to show components of the Second Great Awakening that serve as evidence to those influences on culture. Students read information about the Scopes TrialScopes trial from various
				Scopes Trial Evangelical Movement	perspectives. Students select the arguments that influenced American society and

	Moral majority	culture the most in the 1920's. Students defend their positions.
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	Unpacking the Civics and Government Objectives							
	Standard AH.C&G.1 Evaluate the relationship between the American people and the government in terms of freedom, equality, and power							
Overarching Concept	Overarching Concepts: Relationship, People, Government, Freedom, Equality, Power							
Objective	Mastery of the	Students Will	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative			
-	Objective	Understand			Assessment			
AH.C&G.1.1	Students must be	A society's view of	Origins of the American	Articles of Confederation	Students participate in a			
Explain how various	able to demonstrate	freedom and equality	political system		Socratic Seminar on the			
views on freedom	knowledge and	can impact the way the		Abigail and John Adams	views of the Founding			
and equality	understanding of	society's political	Examples of various ideas		Fathers, African			
contributed to the	how ideas about	system evolves	about freedom and	George Washington's	Americans, and women			
development of	freedom and		equality	farewell address	on the issues of			
American political	equality impacted	Societies may have an	Fuenenlas of herroreitaria	Fadavaliata va	freedom and equality in			
thought and system	ideas and policies	interest in preventing all	•	Federalists vs.	the early republic.			
of government	about American	groups to freely	views on freedom and	Anti-Federalists	Framing questions			
	politics and	participate in the	equality contributed to	The survey of the first survey	include: 1) What were			
	government.	society	political thought	Thomas Jefferson	the views of freedom			
				Destaution of	and equality held by			
				Declaration of	each of the 3 groups? 2)			
				Independence	How did various views			
					on freedom and equality			
				Constitution	contribute to American			
					political thought?			
				3/5 Compromise	<b>The Acceleration</b>			
				Fulishten set idea a	The teacher assigns			
				Enlightenment ideas	each student an excerpt			
				A haliti ani ana	from a primary source			
				Abolitionism	document offering a			
				Drad Saatt dagigign	perspective on suffrage.			
				Dred Scott decision	Students individually			
				Lincoln Dougloo debatas	complete a 3-2-1			
				Lincoln-Douglas debates	protocol using their			
					assigned text in which			

				Civil War Reconstruction Radical republicans 13th, 14th, 15th amendments Separate but equal Suffrage Civil Rights Movements Nativism Slavery Cold War Patriot Act	they identify 3 key points made by the speaker/ author, 2 pieces of evidence that show how views of freedom and equality played out or influenced decisions about suffrage, and 1 personal reaction/ opinion on the speaker/author's views. Students then form groups based on their assigned documents to share their 3-2-1 and come to a consensus that the group shares with the class.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.C&G.1.2	Students must be	A government,	The branches and levels of	Declaration of	Students look at a
Critique the extent to which various	able to judge the effectiveness of	founded on the	government in the United	Independence	Supreme Court decision
levels of	different levels of	division of power and authority, may engage	States	State Constitutions	(e.g., Plessy v. Ferguson, Brown v. Board, etc.) and
government used	government as	in debates that	Examples of expansion of		evaluate the extent to
power to expand or	they set out to	challenge the extent to	equality by government in	U.S. Constitution	which the different
restrict the freedom	either expand or	which various levels of	United States' history		levels of government
and equality of	restrict freedom	government have the		Alien & Sedition Acts	used their power to
American people	and equality for	power to expand or	Examples of restriction of		expand or restrict
	Americans.	restrict freedom and	equality by government in	Slave codes	freedom and equality
		equality	United States' history	Virginia & Kontucky	based on the Supreme Court decision.
L		1	1	Virginia & Kentucky	

As a nation evolves, the	resolutions	
government may		Students read a
change their ideas about the freedom and	Fugitive Slave Act	synopsis of the Patriot Act. Students then
equality of citizens	Slavery	respond to the following
	Bill of Rights	question: To what extent did the federal
		government restrict
	Civil War	freedom and equality in order to protect the
	Marriage laws	American people? Based on what the students
	Jim Crow	learn, they have a class
		debate about what is
	Black codes	more important: freedom or security.
	Emancipation	,
	Proclamation	
	13th, 14th, 15th	
	Amendments	
	American internment	
	camps	
	Blue laws	
	Great Society	
	Redlining	
	Eugenics	
	Gerrymandering	
	Indian Removal Act	
	Sundown towns	

				House Un-American Activities Committee Patriot Act Lilly Ledbetter Law Affordable Care Act	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.C&G.1.3 Explain how various individuals and groups strategized, organized, advocated and protested to expand or restrict freedom and equality	Students must be able to demonstrate they understand how the strategies, organization, and advocacy from different groups affected freedom and equality in America.	When groups and individuals within a nation receive unequal treatment, they may organize to advocate for change When law and policies are created to restrict freedom and equality, individuals and groups may organize various types of protest strategies in an attempt to demand reforms that benefit all individuals of a nation	Examples of groups that have strategized, organized, advocated, and protested to expand or restrict freedom and equality Examples of strategies used by groups and individuals to advocate for freedom and equality	Abolitionism Temperance Movement Wilmington Coup Muckrakers Suffrage Movement Civil Rights Movements Underground Railroad Extremist organizations Mental health reform Prison reform Labor Movement Asian American Movement	Students read primary sources concerning the Mental Health and Prison reform during the Progressive era. Students create a flowchart showing the ways that the individuals and groups advocated to expand equality and the impact of those reforms. The teacher gives students various primary sources of protests from the Suffrage movement. After reviewing the different sources, students create a presentation explaining how the individuals and groups organized, strategized, and advocated to expand

Nut and Owner test of	
National Organization of	voting rights for all
Women	individuals.
	Ctudente combine vul st
Equal Rights Amendment	Students combine what
	they have learned about
LGBTQ Movement	the organizing efforts of
	Cesar Chavez with
Immigration reform	information from a
	teacher-selected primary
National Rifle Association	source detailing his
	work to complete a
Takeover of BIA (Bureau	cause-and-effect chart
of Indian Affairs)	detailing how Chavez
	organized agricultural
American Indian	workers into a labor
Movement occupation of	union that would expand
Alcatraz	the equality of working
	conditions and wages
National Association for	for workers.
the Advancement of	
Colored People (NAACP)	
Anti Defamation League	
(ADL)	
Approaches to affect	
change	
Picketing	
Boycotts	
Lawsuits	
Sit-ins	
Voting	
Marches	
Holding elected	
office	
Lobbying	
Armed resistance	
Hunger strike	

				<ul> <li>Advertising</li> <li>Social media campaigns</li> <li>Walk-outs</li> <li>Organizing</li> </ul>	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.C&G.1.4	Students must be	Racism, oppression,	Examples of groups that	Indian Removal Act	Students assess the
Explain how racism,	able to	and discrimination can	faced oppression,		impact of racism,
oppression, and	demonstrate	lead to the unequal	discrimination, or	Reservation system	oppression, and
discrimination of	knowledge and	distribution of power within a nation and	marginalization	Anti-semitism	discrimination on the
indigenous peoples, racial minorities,	understanding of how racism,	multiple factors that	How racism, oppression,	Anti-semilism	equality and power of Native Americans by
and other	oppression, and	can impact political,	and discrimination have	Enslaved people	analyzing an assigned
marginalized	discrimination have	social, and economic	impacted equality and		primary source from a
groups have	impacted equality	equality	power	Irish	Native American leader.
impacted equality	and power in				Suggested Native
and power in	America, paying	When racism,	Ways in which various	Quakers	American leaders
America	specific attention	oppression, and	individuals and groups		include: Chief Sitting
	to indigenous	discrimination exist	have been impacted by	Sharecropping/tenant	Bull, Chief Red Cloud,
	peoples, racial	within a nation,	racism, oppression, and	farming	Chief Joseph, and/or
	minorities, and	marginalized	discrimination		Geronimo. Students
	other marginalized	individuals and groups		Jim Crow	answer the questions: 1)
	groups.	may experience			How were Native
		inequality and lack of		Sundown towns	Americans impacted by
		power		Redlining	racism, discrimination, and oppression? 2) What
		Discrimination can		Redining	factors supported the
		contribute to the		Mormons	selected Native
		frustration of			American leader's quest
		individuals and groups		Voter suppression	for equality and power?
		and motivate them to			3) What factors hindered
		demand equality and		Voter restrictions	the selected Native
		opportunities within a			American's leader's
		nation		De Jure and De Facto	quest for equality and
				segregation	power?

		Racism, oppression, and discrimination can frustrate efforts by individuals and groups to gain equality in a nation		American internment camps Marriage laws Relocation Catholics Educational access Criminal justice system	In small groups, students examine primary source material on Chinese and Asian immigrants coming to America in the late 1800s. Using information from the primary source materials, students create a presentation that will be given to the Chinese ambassador to address concerns about Chinese and other Asian immigrants' obstacles. The presentation should state how racism and discrimination impacted the equality and power to which the Chinese in America had access.
		political system in terms o onflict, Compromise, Cons	of conflict, compromise, and o equence	consequence	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.C&G.2.1	Students must be able to decide	Decisions by leaders within a government	Examples of compromises throughout United States'	Missouri Compromise	Students analyze political cartoon
Distinguish decisions by executive,	which decisions made by different	often play a critical role in resolving conflict	history	Compromise of 1850	documents regarding the 1820 political

compromise		government may help to resolve conflict in a nation Branches of government often involve a complex system of checks and balances that may enable resolutions to conflict		Reconstruction Lincoln-Douglas debates Kansas-Nebraska Act Debates about entering wars Impeachments League of Nations New Deal Watergate Affordable Care Act	various ways the cartoonist(s) use the cartoons to show both the conflict and the terms that resolved the conflict. In small groups, students are provided with position statements about whether or not the United States should join the League of Nations. The students examine the reasons for and against joining the League of Nations. Based on this examination, students select the statements that did the best job of convincing the United States not to join the League. Students must discuss their rationale.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.C&G.2.2 Explain the development and realignment of	Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding of	Political parties may reshape their platforms based on election results and	Examples of political parties throughout United States' history	Election of 1800 Election of 1824	Election of 1824 Activity, National Endowment for the Humanities, Edsitement Project:
political parties as reflected in key elections	both the causes and effects of the realignment of	popular opinion New political parties	Examples of elections in which key changes happened to political	Election of 1828 Election of 1844	Students work in groups to examine the causes and effects of political
	political parties at various times in	may evolve through the debates and	parties and why those changes took place	Election of 1860	realignment in the election of 1824 by

	American history. Key elections must be used as evidence of these realignments.	competing ideologies of existing party systems	Ways in which the political parties developed or realigned	Election of 1876 Election of 1896 Election of 1912 Election of 1960 Election of 1964 Election of 1968 Election of 1980 Election of 1992 Election of 2016	analyzing documents centered on the prompt and central questions: All of the major candidates for president in the 1824 election claimed allegiance to the same party, the Democratic-Republican. What distinguished the candidates from each other? What were the important issues in the election of 1824? In a paragraph, students explain changes that occured in the party platform as a result of the election. Students have a graphic organizer listing the positions of both major parties in the election of 1964 and 1968. Students explain how the election of 1964 and ensuing debates helped realign the parties for the 1968 election.
Objective	Mastery of the	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.C&G.2.3	Objective Students must be	Different levels of	Examples of power shifts	Articles of Confederation	Assessment Students complete a
Deconstruct changes in balance of power between	able to determine the ways in which the balance of	government within a nation may engage in cooperation and	in the different levels of government	Constitutional Convention	Thinking Colors Analysis on primary sources from groups and individuals

local, state, and	power has shifted	compromise to avoid	Examples of conflicts and	9th and 10th amendments	that opposed President
federal government	between local,	conflict within a nation	compromises between the		Roosevelt's New Deal: 1)
in terms of conflict	state, and federal		different levels of	Manifest Destiny	Blue- identify & define
and compromise	government.	Changes made in one	government	,	unfamiliar words/terms;
	5	level of government		McCullough v. Maryland	2) Red- statements/
	Students must also	within a nation may			positions with which you
	be able to	impact other levels of		Embargos	disagree; 3) Green-
	demonstrate how	government in their		2	statements/positions
	those changes	ability to resolve		Nullification	with which you agree; 4)
	resulted in or came	conflict and achieve			Orange- connections to
	from conflict and	compromise		Plessy v. Ferguson	other texts, to key events
	compromise.				from the unit of study, or
	compronnise.	The distribution of		Popular sovereignty	to our society today; and
		power within a			5) Purple- a key
		government may		Civil War	phrase/passage. After
		change over time and			each group shares their
		may lead to conflict		Jim Crow laws	analyses, the teacher
					asks students to identify
				14th and 15th	key themes and ideas
				amendments	that connect the
				amenuments	documents, including
				Espionage and Sedition	concerns over the
				Acts	balance of power.
				New Deel	Students conclude the
				New Deal	activity by completing an
					exit ticket with the
				World War II on the	following prompt:
				homefront	Identify the arguments
					that were against the
				Little Rock Nine	New Deal because it
					would lead to a shift in
				Great Society	the balance of power
					between levels of
				Voting Rights Act	government. Students
					should provide their
				Civil Rights Acts	rationale for the
					arguments they choose.
				Brown v. Board	

Intervention of troops. Studen graphic organi analyze decisio by federal, stat local government. Students write paragraph exp decisions they helped to shift balance of pow between the leg government.
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Objective	pts: Economic System, Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.E.1.1	Students must be	Different groups within a	How economic mobility	National banks	Students evaluate
Deconstruct	able to determine	nation may experience	affects affluence and		income/wealth data from
multiple	the ways in which	different levels of	poverty	American Plan	the 1920s and 1930s.
perspectives of	the American	economic mobility			Students deconstruct the
American	economy has	depending on access to	Examples of how capitalism	Regulation/	claim that the wealth gap
capitalism in	affected various	opportunity	impacts affluence, poverty,	deregulation	diminished during the
terms of affluence,	groups throughout	-	and mobility		Great Depression.
poverty, and	history.	The economy of a nation		Great Depression	Students select the
mobility		can lead to changes in	Examples of different		evidence that either
-	Students must be	affluence, poverty, and	perspectives on American	Unions	supports or refutes the
	able to demonstrate	mobility that may alter	capitalism		claim and explain their
	an understanding of	the status or quality of	-	Farm workers	thoughts in a 1-2
	economic mobility	life for individuals and			paragraph response.

	and how it relates to	groups		Horatio Alger	
	poverty and	groupo			Students evaluate the
	affluence.	An economic system		Gilded Age	claim that America was a
		may be viewed			land of opportunity and
		differently by various		Jacob Riis	economic mobility in the
		individuals based on			early 20th century.
		their level of affluence,		Robber Barons/	Students rotate in small
		poverty, or economic		Captains of Industry	groups to stations
		mobility			containing various
				Settlement houses	documents from multiple
					perspectives. While
				Roaring 20's	visiting each station,
				New Deal	students complete a chart organizing
				New Deal	information that supports
				Wealth gap	or refutes the claim.
					Students select the
				Minimum wage	evidence that either
					supports or refutes the
				Great Society	claim and explain their
					thoughts in a 1-2
				Silicon Valley	paragraph response.
				Haves/Have-Nots	
				Middle class	
				Wall Street	
				Reaganomics	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.E.1.2 Explain	Students must be	Conflicts between labor	Examples of how	Innovation - risk/reward	Students work in groups
how the	able to	and management in a	entrepreneurship impacts		to research and create
relationships	demonstrate an	nation may affect the	quality of life	Profit motive	posters on four major
between	understanding of	quality of life for			labor disputes: the Great

management, labor, and consumers have impacted the quality of life how business impacts consumers and how consumers respond to innovite business ideas and practices.the relationship the demands of labor can influence the demands of labor can influence the the demands of labor can influence the addicisions of entrepreneurs and management and understanding of how business impacts consumers and how consumers respond to innovative business ideas and practices.fme United States' history How the relationship between management and labor impacts quality of life on the quality of life of consumers and how consumers respond to innovative business ideas and practices.the relationship between management and anagementthe relationship between management and labor impacts quality of life of consumers and workersthe relationship between management and labor impacts consumers and management and and on workers, or each group. The teacher facilitates a class conversation as conversation as consider any trends or pattern sthey see connecting all of the labor disputes by writing supply and demandthe Homestead Strike, and the Houmastrike, and the Houmastrike, and the Houmastrike, and the entrepreneurs and management, and none impact statement, and one impact statement, and one impact statement addressing the effect on w	entrepreneurship,	the ways in which	individuals	Examples of labor disputes	Scientific management	Railroad Strike of 1877,
consumers have impacted the quality of life in American societymanagement and labor impacts the quality of life in America.the demands of labor can influence the decisions of entrepreneurs and managementCaptains of Industrythe Haymarket Riot. The posters should include a timeline of events and a cause-and-effect chart.Students must also be able to demonstrate an understanding of how business impacts consumers and how consumers respond to innovative business ideas and practices.Decisions by entrepreneurs and managers may impact the quality of life of consumers and workersDecisions by entrepreneurs and managers may impact the quality of life of consumers and workersCopyright laws groups answer those questions for each group. The teacher facilitates a copyright laws groups answer those questions for each group. The teacher facilitates a consuders to consuders to innovative business ideas and practices.Eabor disputes/strikes groups answer those questions for each group. The teacher facilitates a copyright laws groups answer those group answer those group answer these consider any trends or patterns they see connecting all of the labor disputes by writing three impact statements: on eimpact statements: on eimpact statement dores.Copyright laws group and demand practices.Suphy and demand and one impact statements on eimpact statements: on eimpact s	management,	the relationship		from United States' history		the Homestead Strike,
impacted the quality of life in America.labor impacts the lives of individuals a managementlabor impacts the decisions of entrepreneurs and managementbetween management and labor impacts quality of life How businesses impact consumers and understanding of how business consumers and practices.between management and labor impacts quality of life How businesses impact consumers and workersbetween management and labor impacts quality of life or consumersSharecropping/ Tenant farming Cause-and-effect chart. Students then complete a gallery walk and take notes on all of the labor disputs and leave questions for each group. Labor disputes/strikesposter's should include a timeline of events and a cause-and effect chart. Students then complete a gallery walk and take notes on all of the labor disputs and leave questions for each group. Labor disputes/strikesposter's should include a timeline of events and a cause-and effect chart. Students then complete a gallery walk and take notes on all of the labor disputs and leave questions for each group. The teacher facilitates a class conversation as groups answer those questions. The teacher connecting all of the labor disputes by writing three impact statements: one impact statement scarcityposter's should include a timeline of events and a statements: one impact statements: one impact statement and one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.ideas and practices.practices.iffed of the sectorconsider any trends or patterns they sec connecting all of the labor conditionsgroup any tends the sectorideas and practices.pract	labor, and	between	Consumer choices and		Robber Barons/	the Pullman Strike, and
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how consumers respond to innovative business ideas and practices.		impacts	consumers and workers			class conversation as
respond to innovative business ideas and practices.		consumers and			Copyright laws	groups answer those
innovative business ideas and practices.		how consumers				questions. The teacher
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War productionconnecting all of the labor disputes by writingSupply and demandthree impact statements: one impact statementScarcityconcerning the effect on workers, one impactWagesstatement addressing the effect on management, and one impactLabor conditionsand one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.Pensions and retirementStudents read about the founding of a big tech company (e.g., Google,		ideas and			Great Depression	consider any trends or
War productionconnecting all of the labor disputes by writingSupply and demandthree impact statements: one impact statementScarcityconcerning the effect on workers, one impactWagesstatement addressing the effect on management, and one impactLabor conditionsand one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.Pensions and retirementStudents read about the founding of a big tech company (e.g., Google,		practices.				patterns they see
Supply and demandthree impact statements: one impact statement concerning the effect on workers, one impactScarcityconcerning the effect on workers, one impactWagesstatement addressing the effect on management, and one impactLabor conditionsand one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.Pensions and retirementStudents read about the founding of a big tech company townsCompany townscompany (e.g., Google,					War production	connecting all of the
one impact statement concerning the effect on workers, one impact statement addressing the effect on management, Labor conditions and one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole. Pensions and retirement Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns company (e.g., Google,						labor disputes by writing
one impact statement concerning the effect on workers, one impact statement addressing the effect on management, Labor conditions and one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole. Pensions and retirement Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns company (e.g., Google,					Supply and demand	three impact statements:
Scarcity       concerning the effect on workers, one impact         Wages       statement addressing the effect on management, and one impact         Labor conditions       and one impact         statement addressing the effect on management, and one impact       statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.         Pensions and retirement       Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns						
Wagesworkers, one impact statement addressing the effect on management, and one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.Pensions and retirementStudents read about the founding of a big tech company (e.g., Google,					Scarcity	
Wagesstatement addressing the effect on management, and one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.Pensions and retirementPensions and retirementCompany townsCompany towns						
effect on management, and one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole.Pensions and retirementStudents read about the founding of a big tech company (e.g., Google,					Wages	
Labor conditions and one impact statement addressing the impact on the nation as a whole. Pensions and retirement Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns company (e.g., Google,						effect on management,
Benefits/healthcare       impact on the nation as a whole.         Pensions and retirement       Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns					Labor conditions	
Benefits/healthcare       impact on the nation as a whole.         Pensions and retirement       Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns						statement addressing the
whole.       Pensions and       retirement       Students read about the       founding of a big tech       Company towns     company (e.g., Google,					Benefits/healthcare	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
retirement Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns company (e.g., Google,						
retirement Students read about the founding of a big tech company towns company (e.g., Google,					Pensions and	
founding of a big techCompany townscompany (e.g., Google,						Students read about the
Company towns company (e.g., Google,						
					Company towns	
Apple, AOL, Microsoft,						
Facebook, etc.). After						

					reading about its entrepreneurial beginnings, students find and read the mission statement of the company. Students decide if the impact the company currently has on consumers' quality of life aligns with the founding and the current mission statement of the company.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.E.1.3 Explain	Students must be	Economic decisions by	Examples of periods of	French and Indian War	The Panic of 1837 and
the causes of	able to	a government as well as	economic expansion in	Debt	the Presidency of Martin
economic	demonstrate an	international events may	United States' history		van Buren Activity,
expansion and	understanding of	lead to economic		Panics of 1800's	National Endowment for
retraction and the	the things that lead	expansion or retraction	Examples of periods of		the Humanities,
impacts on the	to economic	of a nation	economic retraction in	Speculation	Edsitement Project:
American people	expansion and		United States' history		Students analyze political
	economic	When an economy		Buying on margin	cartoons in small groups
	retraction.	expands, it may have a	How economic expansion		to identify the causes of
		positive or negative	and retraction impact	Credit	the Panic 1837, its effect
	Students must also	impact on the lives of	individuals		on working Americans,
	be able to	the people that live in		Roaring 20's	and the impact of Van
	demonstrate an	that nation			Buren's response. The
	understanding of			Great Depression	teacher may wish to
	the effects of	When an economy		New Deel	provide students with an
	economic	retracts, it may have a		New Deal	analysis worksheet (like
	expansion and	negative impact on the			the Cartoon Analysis
	economic	lives of the people that		Great Society	Worksheet from National
	retraction on the	live in that nation		1050/2	Archives Educator
	American people.			1950's consumerism	Resources) or an
					analysis tool (like

				Industrialization Mass production E-commerce Economic policies Interest rates Dot Com bubble Real Estate bubble Great Recession Economic stimulus	SCAMS: Subject, Caption, Action, Message, Symbols). Students use primary sources about the post-World War II economic boom to create a chart describing the causes and effects of the economic boom on individuals' quality of life.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.E.1.4 Compare	Students must be	The policies and	Examples of specific	Alexander Hamilton's	Students work in small
how some groups in American	able to discuss the similarities and	practices of an economy may be	economic policies that benefited some at the	financial plan	groups to analyze primary sources related
society have	differences				I DITITIALV SOULCES TETALEU
benefited from		established to benefit	expense of others	Slaverv	to the economic
	between groups	certain groups of people	expense of others	Slavery	to the economic condition of freedmen
economic policies	between groups that have benefited	certain groups of people at the expense of other	The similarities of how	Slavery Indian relocation	to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War.
economic policies while other groups	between groups that have benefited and those that have	certain groups of people	The similarities of how economic policies impact	Indian relocation	to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War. Each group shares their
economic policies	between groups that have benefited	certain groups of people at the expense of other groups Individuals and groups	The similarities of how economic policies impact different groups		to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War.
economic policies while other groups have been systemically denied the same	between groups that have benefited and those that have not benefited from	certain groups of people at the expense of other groups Individuals and groups in a nation that are not	The similarities of how economic policies impact different groups The differences of how	Indian relocation	to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War. Each group shares their analysis using a Good-Bad-Ugly protocol in which they identify the
economic policies while other groups have been systemically	between groups that have benefited and those that have not benefited from American	certain groups of people at the expense of other groups Individuals and groups in a nation that are not recipients of economic	The similarities of how economic policies impact different groups The differences of how economic policies impact	Indian relocation Freedmen's Bureau Reconstruction	to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War. Each group shares their analysis using a Good-Bad-Ugly protocol in which they identify the good (positive
economic policies while other groups have been systemically denied the same	between groups that have benefited and those that have not benefited from American	certain groups of people at the expense of other groups Individuals and groups in a nation that are not	The similarities of how economic policies impact different groups The differences of how	Indian relocation Freedmen's Bureau	to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War. Each group shares their analysis using a Good-Bad-Ugly protocol in which they identify the
economic policies while other groups have been systemically denied the same	between groups that have benefited and those that have not benefited from American	certain groups of people at the expense of other groups Individuals and groups in a nation that are not recipients of economic benefits often have an interest in changing economic policies of the	The similarities of how economic policies impact different groups The differences of how economic policies impact	Indian relocation Freedmen's Bureau Reconstruction Black Wall Streets Robber Barons/	to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War. Each group shares their analysis using a Good-Bad-Ugly protocol in which they identify the good (positive consequences/advances, the bad (negative consequences/setbacks
economic policies while other groups have been systemically denied the same	between groups that have benefited and those that have not benefited from American	certain groups of people at the expense of other groups Individuals and groups in a nation that are not recipients of economic benefits often have an interest in changing	The similarities of how economic policies impact different groups The differences of how economic policies impact	Indian relocation Freedmen's Bureau Reconstruction Black Wall Streets	to the economic condition of freedmen following the Civil War. Each group shares their analysis using a Good-Bad-Ugly protocol in which they identify the good (positive consequences/advances, the bad (negative

		of a government may have positive or negative consequences that alter the status or quality of life for individuals and groups		Great Depression Fair Labor Standards Act Social security Equal Pay Act of 1963 Great Society Medicare Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972 Globalization Reaganomics Welfare reform Great Recession	economic policies during Reconstruction. Finally, students write a paragraph comparing how the economic policies of Reconstruction impacted different groups. Students review economic policies of the New Deal affecting different categories of jobs. Students then review demographic data of the 1930s to see how those jobs were distributed among the different races and ethnic groups. Students then compare how various groups were impacted by the economic policies.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.E.1.5	Students must be	Individuals and groups	Examples of economic	Slavery	Students review
Distinguish the	able to decide the	that struggle for	contributions of women		documents relating to
role women and	role women and	economic equality may	and racial minorities in	Cult of Domesticity	African Americans and
racial minorities	racial minorities	encourage more	United States' history		women on the homefront
have played in	have played in the	economic mobility		American Indian	during World War II.
contributing to the	American economy	within a nation	How women and racial	Reservations	Students select
economic	while also		minorities affected		documents they feel
prosperity of	understanding their	While economic	economic equity, equality,	Freedmen's Bureau	show the contributions of
American society	limitations due to	opportunities for	and mobility in America		these groups to the
in terms of equity,	equity, equality, and	marginalized groups		Radical Reconstruction	economic prosperity of

equality, and	mobility within	may be limited, the		America. Students can
mobility	society.	economic contributions	Chinese Railroad	use a Now-and-Later
		of those groups can	Workers	protocol where they
		lead to economic		highlight the immediate
		prosperity for a nation	Lowell Mill Girls	importance as well as the
				enduring importance of
		Women and racial	Booker T. Washington	these economic
		minorities often play a		contributions.
		key role in contributing	Black Enterprise	
		to economic equity,	magazine	Students review primary
		equality, and mobility		source documents that
		within a nation by	Businesses in The	include economic data
		advocating for change	Green Book	about the
		in economic policies		Transcontinental
			Fair Pay Act	Railroad. Students
				evaluate the impact of
			Ceser Chavez	the railroad workers on
				the general economy by
			Mexican cowboys	distinguishing what was
				earned by using the
			Lilly Ledbetter	railroad and how much
				was paid to the Chinese
			National Organization	laborers that worked on
			for Women	the railroad. Students
				provide evidence from
			Gloria Steinem	their reading to answer
				the following prompt:
			Madam CJ Walker	Distinguish the economic
				impact of Chinese
			Rosie the Riveter	laborers on the railroad in
				the late 1800's.
			Flappers	
			Title IX	
			Farm workers	
			Young Women's	

	Christian Association (YWCA)	
	The Great Migration	
	Emerging diversity in fortune 500 CEOs	

	<b>pts:</b> Movement, Settle	ment, Expansion, Developme	ion influenced American deve		
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.G.1.1 Explain how	Students must be able to	Population distributions may shift due to cultural,	Examples of migration and immigration patterns	Indian removal	Students explore the Northwest Ordinance by
environmental, technological,	demonstrate an understanding and	economic, or environmental factors	Examples of	Slavery	examining primary sources. Students then
cultural, and economic factors	knowledge of how population	Economic policies and	environmental, cultural, and economic factors that	Immigration policies	write a journal from the perspective of a late
influenced population	distributions and patterns of human	technological innovation may lead to changes in	influenced migration and immigration	Ethnic neighborhoods	18th-century immigrant to the Northwest
distribution and patterns of	movement are affected by	patterns of migration and immigration within and to	How and why populations	Waves of immigration	Territory. The journal should explain two
migration and immigration	environmental, technological,	a nation	shift	Epidemics/pandemics	reasons why the immigrant chose to
gration	cultural, and economic factors.			Worldwide conflict	move to the region considering the
				Famine	environmental, technological, cultural,
				Railroad	and economic concerns.
				Compromise of 1820	Students work in groups to analyze primary
				Manifest Destiny	resources related to the founding of Black
				Push/pull factors	communities in

		Nicodemus, Kansas,
	Mormons	and Mound Bayou,
		Mississippi. As they
	Refugees	rotate through each set
		of documents, students
	Urbanization	complete a graphic
		organizer detailing the
	Gold Rush	environmental,
	Homesteaders	technological, and cultural motivations of
	Homesteaders	the Exodusters and their
	Sundown towns	critics. Each group
		builds consensus to
	The Great Migration	identify the top three
	<b>3 - - - - - - - - - -</b>	causes and effects of
	Climate change	the migration of
		Exodusters to share
	Dust Bowl	with the class. Students
		then write an "I Am"
	Globalization	poem from the
	Natural disasters	perspective of an individual who chose to
		leave.
	Latinx migration	leave.
	Industrialization	
	Great Depression	
	Baby Boom	
	"White Flight"	
	Rust Belt	
	Sun Belt	
	have Dalt	
	Iron Belt	

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.G.1.2 Explain	Students must be	As a nation expands its	Examples of geographic	Triangular Trade	Students use a Jigsaw
how geographic	able to	territorial boundaries,	expansion in United States'		activity to understand
conditions and	demonstrate an	people will be presented	history	Louisiana Purchase	the opportunities and
expansion have	understanding and	with various opportunities			challenges associated
presented both	knowledge of the	and challenges over time	Geographic conditions in	Northwest Ordinance	with geographic
opportunities and	positive and		different regions of the		expansion. Students
challenges in the	negative impacts	As a nation expands its	United States	American System	work in groups to review
development of	of geographic	territorial boundaries, it			documents about either
America	conditions and	may be presented with	Examples of opportunities	Trail of Tears	miners, ranchers, or
	expansion on the	new challenges and	and challenges presented		farmers moving west
	development of	opportunities over time	by geographic conditions	Manifest Destiny	throughout the 19th
	America.				century. Students
		Geographic conditions		Mexican Cession	respond as a group to
		may present challenges			the following question:
		and opportunities that		Gold Rush	How did those
		impact a nation's political			opportunities and
		and economic		Desert Conditions	challenges shape the
		development			development of the
				Transcontinental Railroad	United States and
		Geographic expansion of			impact their group
		a state or nation may lead		Oregon Trail	(farmers, miners, or
		to unintended			ranchers)? Students
		consequences for the		Imperialism	then form groups of
		balance of political power			three with one farmer,
		and economic diversity		Buffalo	one miner, and one
					rancher to share the
				Grand Canyon	experiences of their
				-	assigned character.
				San Andreas Fault	-
					Students read primary
				Dust Bowl	source documents
					about the geographic
				Annexation of Alaska	conditions of the Dust
					Bowl. After reading,
				Cuba, Puerto Rico, Guam,	students create a

				PhilippinesAnnexation of HawaiiRoute 66Interstate Highway SystemTornado AlleyReservoir systemIndustrialization	cause-and-effect chart to show how the geographic conditions of the dust bowl presented challenges for the development of America. Students are given a list that identifies geographic conditions and expansions. The students complete a chart with the following columns: 1) Geographic Conditions and Expansions; 2) Opportunities the geographic condition or expansion posed to the development of America; and 3) Challenges the geography condition or expansion posed to the development of America.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.G.1.3 Explain	Students must be	Forced and voluntary	Examples of forced	Slavery	Students analyze
the reasons for	able to	migration may help to	migrations in United		primary sources about
and effects of	demonstrate an	shape the development	States' history	Gold rushes	American Indian
forced and	understanding and	of a nation by			relocation and forced
voluntary	knowledge of the	contributing new ideas,	Examples of voluntary	Trail of Tears	assimilation. Students
migration on	causes of forced	culture, and a workforce	migrations in United		write a 1-2 paragraph
societies,	and voluntary		States' history	Oregon Trail	response to the

individuals and	migration.	Territorial expansion of a			following question: How
groups over time	ingration.	nation may generate the	How forced and voluntary	Mormon Trail	did forced migration and
9	Students must be	need for increased labor	migration impact		assimilation affect the
	able to	which can lead to both	individuals and groups	Transcontinental Railroad	American Indians and
	demonstrate an	voluntary and forced	over time		the society as a whole?
	understanding and	migration		Homesteaders	,
	knowledge of the				In small groups,
	effects of forced	A nation may put political		Sooners	students explore
	and voluntary	or economic interests			immigration from an
	migration on	ahead of the freedom of		Waves of immigration	assigned Latin
	individuals and	groups or individuals that			American country since
	society.	can lead to forced		Angel Island/Ellis Island	the 1980s. The groups
		migrations or			explain the push-pull
		reconcentrations of		Refugees	factors that influenced
		populations			immigration. Students
				Latinx migration	also describe the impact
		War, conflict, persecution, natural disasters, or		Natural disasters	of that migration on the individuals that ended
		economic factors in a			up in the United States
		place may force		The Great Migration	and the impact the
		individuals or groups to			migration had on the
		seek relocation to other		Rust Belt	nation they left behind.
		places			The groups share with
		F		Sun Belt	the rest of the class.
					The whole class works
				American internment	together to corroborate
				camps	the impact of this
					voluntary migration on
				Dust Bowl	individuals and
					societies.
				Immigration policy	
				Urbanization	
				Red Scare	
				Agricultural opportunities	
L	l	1	1	1	26
				Religious freedom and opportunities	
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Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.G.1.4 Explain how slavery, forced migration, immigration, reconcentration and other discriminatory practices have changed population distributions and regional culture	Students must be able to demonstrate an understanding and knowledge of the impacts of slavery, forced migration, immigration, reconcentration, and other discriminatory practices on population distributions as well as the impact on regional cultures.	The forced migration of groups and reconcentration of people can cause regions of a nation to experience shifts in population which can have both positive and negative effects The increased use of immigrant workers and forced labor in a nation may contribute to increased populations that can lead to both cultural diffusion and regional conflict Discriminatory practices may play a direct role in the development and evolution of regional culture	Examples of reconcentration in United States' history Examples of forced migrations in United States' history Examples of discriminatory practices in United States' history How and why population shifts occur Examples of how regional culture is shaped	Latinx migration Indian reservation system Trail of Tears Triangular Trade Ethnic enclaves Sharecropping Urban planning Chinese gold miners American internment camps Redlining Sundown towns	Using census data from 1800-1860, students explore the racial makeup of cities in states on both sides of the Mason-Dixon line. Students explain the impact of the discriminatory policies on the way the Black populations shifted in the cities. After reading about discriminatory practices and policies that Latinx faced during the 1990-2020 period of migration, students explain how population distributions and regional culture were changed and impacted by those practices and policies in 1-2 paragraphs.

Unpacking the History Objectives Standard AH.H.1 Understand the reasons for American involvement in conflicts and the domestic and foreign impacts Overarching Concepts: Conflict, Domestic, Foreign, Impact							
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment		
AH.H.1.1 Explain the causes and effects of various domestic conflicts in terms of race, gender, and political, economic, and social factors	Students must be able to demonstrate their understanding of how and why race, gender, politics, economics, and/or social factors have been the cause of domestic conflicts as well as the effects that result from the role these things play. Students must be able to demonstrate their understanding of how and why race, gender, politics, economics, and/or social factors have been affected by domestic conflicts as well as the causes that led to those effects.	Political, economic, and social conditions in a nation can create conflict and war that may have lasting impacts on racial and gender equality A nation's internal conflicts can lead to political, social, or economic problems and issues that may positively or negatively impact various groups and individuals	Political, economic, and social factors that have led to domestic conflicts How factors like race and gender have affected domestic conflicts The effects of domestic conflicts on politics, economics, and society	Shays' Rebellion Articles of Confederation Constitutional Convention of 1787 Whiskey Rebellion Excise Tax Battle of Fallen Timbers/Treaty of Greenville Nat Turner's Rebellion Seminole War Bleeding Kansas U.S. Civil War Sectionalism Slavery Reconstruction Indian Wars Gilded Age Labor Conflicts	Students review primary sources relating to Bleeding Kansas. Students complete a cause-and-effect chart detailing the economic, political, and social causes and effects of the conflicts. Students are assigned a specific source related to Japanese-American internment during World War II. Students create an infographic reflecting information that answers the following questions: 1) What motivated United States internment of Japanese-Americans during World War II? 2) How did internment impact the United States as a nation and Japanese-Americans as individuals? Students are assigned to 4-5 groups. Each group is assigned a		

				Chinese Massacre of 1871 Red Scare Bonus March Tulsa Race Massacre American internment camps McCarthyism Freedom Riders Segregation United Farm Workers Delano Grape Strike Watergate American Indian Movement takeover of Alcatraz Wounded Knee Vietnam War/Kent State	domestic conflict. On chart paper, groups create a bubble map showing the causes and effects of their conflict, making sure to include causes and effects involving race and gender as well as political, economic, and social factors.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.1.2 Explain	Students must be	International conflicts can	Examples of political,	Revolutionary War	Students are given a
the causes and effects of various	able to demonstrate their	lead to political, social, and/or economic changes	economic, and social factors that led to	Monroe Doctrine	graphic organizer for an international conflict or
international	understanding of	within participating	international conflicts		an international war
conflicts/wars in	how and why	nations		Roosevelt Corollary	with one cause and one
terms of political,	politics, economics,		The effects of		effect already identified.

economic, and	and/or social	A nation's desire for	international conflicts	War of 1812	Students add at least
social factors	factors have been	power, territory, and	on politics, economics,		2-4 causes and 2-4
	the cause of	resources may contribute	and social conditions	Wars with American Indians	effects to the ones
	international	to international conflict			already identified.
	conflicts as well as	and chaos		Mexican-American War	Students should make
	the effects that				sure the causes and
	result from the role	Commitment to the		Spanish-American War	effects represent
	these things play.	preservation of human			political, economic, and
		rights can be a		Panama Canal	social factors. Once
	Students must be	contributing factor in			the students add their
	able to demonstrate	nations intervening in		Filipino-American War	causes and effects to
	their understanding	global conflict and			the organizer, they
	of how and why	international wars		World War I	discuss their graphic
	politics, economics,				organizer in a pair-share
	and/or social	A shift in the balance of		World War II	activity with a partner.
	factors have been	power and the			detivity with a particle.
	affected by	redistribution of land can		Regime Change/CIA	After discussing World
	international	be a direct result of		Regime ondrige, on t	War I, students
	conflicts as well as	international conflict and		Cold War	complete a
	the causes that led	war			three-column graphic
	to those effects.	wai		Cuban Missile Crisis	organizer. The columns
	to those effects.				should be labeled:
				Bay of Pigs	"Social," "Political," and
				bay of Figs	"Economic." The rows
				Vietnam War	of the graphic
					organizers should be
				Korean War	causes and effects of
				KOlean wai	World War I. The
				American Interventions in	
				Caribbean and Latin America	students identify causes and effects of
				Campbean and Latin America	
					the War and list them in
				War on Drugs	the appropriate
					columns and rows.
				War on Terror	
				Persian Gulf War	
				<i>.</i>	
				Iraqi War	40

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.1.3	Students must be	Support and opposition	Examples of the	Conscientious objectors	Students look at
Differentiate the	able to	to a war may be	different experiences		primary sources
experience of war	demonstrate their	motivated by the lived	various groups lived	Henry David Thoreau	concerning Loyalists
on groups and	knowledge and	experiences of	through during times		and Patriots in the
individuals in	understanding of	individuals and groups as	of war	Homeguard during Civil War	Revolutionary War.
terms of	how the various	well as national motives			Students differentiate
contribution,	contributions,	for the war	Examples of the types	Blockade runners	the experiences of the
sacrifice, and	sacrifices, and		of opposition various		two groups based on
opposition	opposition to wars	During war the	groups encountered	54th Massachusetts Infantry	what they contributed
	have affected	contributions of	during times of war		and sacrificed for the
	different groups in	individuals and groups		War bonds	war, using information
	American society.	may be different based	Examples of the ways		from the primary
		on their role, position,	various groups	Buffalo Soldiers	sources as evidence.
		and status within a	contributed to the war		Students write a
		nation		The Lost Generation	one-paragraph
			Examples of the types		conclusion of the
		Support and opposition	of sacrifices	Post Traumatic Stress	different contributions
		to war can both unite and	Americans made	Disorder	and sacrifices among
		divide the people of a	during times of war		the two groups.
		nation and lead to	5	Mental health among veterans	5 1
		differing levels of		5	Students analyze an
		contributions and		Veterans Affairs	article written about the
		sacrifice		Administration	World War II homefront
					sacrifice to eat
		The contributions and		War rations	"meatless meals" on
		sacrifices that groups			Tuesdays. The
		and individuals make		Manhattan Project	students analyze the
		during times of war may			article for the type of
		lead to the demand for		Victory gardens	sacrifices made by the
		civic inclusion and equal			following groups and
		and civil rights		Meatless	how they felt about the
				Tuesdays/Wheatless	"meatless Tuesdays"
				Wednesdays	war effort sacrifice:
					hotel/restaurant
				Office of Price Administration	owners, delicatessen,

				(OPA) POW/MIA/KIA organizations Vietnam War protests Daniel Ellsberg	meat factory workers, Catholics, and kosher butchers.
				onal interests and global interde	pendence
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	on, national interests, global Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.2.1 Explain	Students must be	A nation's desire to	Examples of	Embargoes	Students read various
how economic, social, and political interests	able to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of	increase its spheres of influence can have a direct influence on	economic, social, and political factors that affected foreign policy	Tariffs	primary sources containing opposing ideas to American
have influenced the direction of	how economic, social, and political	foreign policy decisions	in United States'	XYZ Affair	involvement in the French Revolution (e.g.,
American foreign policy	interests have impacted American	The goals and actions of a nation interacting with	Examples of United	Louisiana Purchase	Jefferson and Hamilton). After
	foreign policy.	other nations may be driven by economic,	States' foriegn policies	Neutrality Acts	discussing Washington's declaration of neutrality,
		social, or political interests		Reasons for entering wars	students answer the
				Manifest Destiny	following question in a short paragraph: <i>What</i>
				Great White Fleet	social, political, and economic factors seem
				Monroe Doctrine	to motivate President Washington's decision?
				Roosevelt Corollary	Washington's accision:
					Students read various
				Good Neighbor Policy	primary source documents about the
				Dollar Diplomacy	decision to engage in World War I. Students
				Marshall Plan	complete a 3-2-1

Bush Doctrine		World War I, 2 economic interests the influenced the UnitedImperialismStates' involvement in World War I, and 1 social interest that influenced the UnitedUnited Fruit CompanySocial interest that influenced the UnitedMoral diplomacyStates' involvement in World War I.League of NationsUnited NationsUnited NationsTeller and Platt amendments1898 Treaty of Paris (Acquisition of Puerto Rico)BrinkmanshipTruman DoctrineContainmentDomino theoryMutually Assured Destruction DetenteBush DoctrineEusenbert
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Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.2.2 Critique	Students must be	Leaders often determine	Examples of American	Louisiana Purchase	After introducing the
the extent to	able to	the extent to which a	foreign policy goals		provisions of Jay's
which American	demonstrate they	nation will interact		Embargoes	Treaty, the teacher asks
interaction with	understand what	internationally to achieve	Examples of American		students to predict
other nations has	the goals of	the goals of both its	foreign policy	Monroe Doctrine	American reactions to
achieved national	specific American	foreign and domestic	interaction		the treaty. Students
and global	foreign policies are	policies		Manifest Destiny	then are assigned to
economic, social,	as well as measure		Tools of diplomacy		work in small groups to
and political	how well America	The degree to which a	(including force) that	Spanish American War	analyze a source
goals	did in achieving	nation commits to	have been used to help		demonstrating
	those goals.	international cooperative	the United States	World War I neutrality	American reactions to
		efforts can play an	achieve economic,		the treaty. Students
		important role in helping	social, and political	Wilson's 14 Points	contribute to a class
		to achieve both national	goals		"+/-" chart to assess the
		and international goals		League of Nations	extent to which the
					treaty achieved
		The achievement of a		North Atlantic Treaty	American economic,
		nation's goals can be the		Organization	social, and political
		direct result of the level			goals.
		of engagement it has		United Nations Security	-
		with other nations		Council	Students use a
					teacher-created rating
				Cuban Missile Crisis	scale and set of criteria
					to evaluate the success
				Berlin Wall	of American foreign
					policy during the Cold
				Lend-Lease Act	War. The responses
					should focus on the
				Berlin Airlift	social, political, and
					economic goals of the
				Vietnam	United States. Students
					conclude the activity by
				Suez Canal Crisis	writing a paragraph
					giving President
				Bay of Pigs	Eisenhower a final

				North Korea United Nations Declaration of Human Rights Persian Gulf War/ Operation Desert Storm North American Free Trade Agreement War on Terror Panama Canal Trans-Pacific Partnership Iran Nuclear Agreement Paris Climate Agreement	rating of effectiveness with support/ justification based on the rating scale.
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.2.3	Students must be	While a nation's foreign	Examples of foreign	Louisiana Purchase	After studying the
Distinguish the	able to decide	policy decisions are	policy efforts that had		Roosevelt Corollary,
extent to which	which American	designed to help advance	additional benefits for	Embargo Act of 1807	students analyze the
American foriegn	foreign policies	its domestic goals, those	certain groups	Manua Destuine	impact of imperialism.
policy has advanced the	significantly benefited or did not	decisions may create varying levels of social,	Examples of how	Monroe Doctrine	Students distinguish groups that benefited
interests of	benefit various	political, or economic	American foreign	Manifest Destiny	from this policy.
historically	groups in American	obstacles for different	policies benefited or		Students write a 1-2
privileged groups	society.	groups within a nation	did not benefit various	Chinese Exclusion Act	paragraph response to
over the interests			groups		the question: Which
of historically		Foreign policy decisions		Gentlemen's Agreement 1907	groups benefited the
marginalized		designed to promote			most? To what extent
groups		human rights and		World War I neutrality vs.	did the Roosevelt

		discourage aggression may play a role in advancing the interests of some groups within a nation over others		intervention Wilson's 14 Points Alien & Sedition Act Good Neighbor Policy Containment Domino theory Suez Canal Crisis "Wet-Foot, Dry-Foot" Policy Cuban economic embargo Gulf of Tonkin resolution Immigration Act of 1965 Immigration reform	Corollary advance the interest of certain groups? Students then complete a writing assignment assessing the influence of opposition on President Clinton's speech about the remarks on the signing of NAFTA and how he addresses the arguments made by those who opposed the law. Students identify the two most influential parts of President Clinton's speech.
		points in American history in tory, Perspective, Causation	· ·	usation, and change	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.3.1 Deconstruct	Students must be able to demonstrate	Significant historical turning points can have	Turning points are significant events or	Bill of Rights	Students read about the Bill of Rights and what
various turning points in terms of	they can determine causes of various	multiple causes	ideas where the world or a portion of the	Stamp Act	led to its creation. Students then complete
multiple causation	turning points and how some of those	Though there can be multiple causes of	world is significantly changed as a result of	Louisiana Purchase	a writing assignment assessing the multiple
	causes had a bigger effect on that	significant historical turning points, some can	the event or idea	Second Great Awakening	causes for the creation of the Bill of Rights.
	turning point than	play larger roles in the	Certain people, events,	Marbury v. Madison	

	others.	turning point than others	or ideas can play a role in triggering some turning points How to determine which of several causes played the most significant role in causing a turning point Various points of view underlying historical turning points	Cotton gin Nat Turner's Rebellion Monroe Doctrine Trail of Tears Seneca Falls Mexican-American War Civil War Emancipation Proclamation Transcontinental Railroad Gold Rush Chinese Exclusion Act Wounded Knee Plessy v. Ferguson Great Depression 19th amendment World War I Scopes TrialScopes trial Harlem Renaissance New Deal	Students analyze 2-3 teacher-selected political cartoons about a specific turning point in American history. In analyzing the cartoons, students identify varying perspectives presented by the cartoonists.
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				Pearl Harbor D-Day Korematsu v. United States Atomic Bomb Marshall Plan Brown v. Board of Education Civil Rights Movements Civil Rights Act of 1964	
				Vietnam War Watergate	
				9/11	
				Tea Party Movement	
				Great Recession	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.3.2 Use	Students must be	Historical empathy can	How to use	Bill of Rights	After studying the
historical	able to	help understand the	contextualization to		Proclamation of 1763,
empathy and	demonstrate that	motives, emotions,	understand a historical	Stamp Act	students use historical
contextualization	they not only	decisions, and actions of	event		empathy and
to deconstruct	understand	people from the past		Louisiana Purchase	contextualization to
multiple	historical empathy and	Contextualization can	Various turning points	Second Creat Awakaning	write two brief journal
perspectives of individuals and	contextualization,	help provide a frame of	in American history from the perspectives	Second Great Awakening	entries illustrating different perspectives
groups within	but they can apply	reference for	of various people and	Cotton gin	on the Proclamation of
various turning	both to determine a	understanding the	groups		1763. Students choose
various turning			l groups		

points	point of view of individuals and groups involved in a historical turning point.	interaction of people, places, and events of the past Turning points can be understood from different perspectives using historical empathy and contextualization	How the various people and groups that were involved in or affected by a turning point had varying motives for their participation How turning points have had varying effects on different groups and people	Marbury v. Madison Monroe Doctrine Nat Turner's Rebellion Trail of Tears Seneca Falls Mexican-American War Civil War Emancipation Proclamation Transcontinental Railroad Gold Rush Chinese Exclusion Act Wounded Knee Plessy v. Ferguson 19th amendment World War I Scopes Trial Korematsu v. U.S Atomic Bomb	2 of the following positions: poor farmer in western Virginia; rum manufacturer in Providence, RI; fur trapper in Kentucky region; British member of Parliament; and member of the Ottawa tribe living west of Appalachia. After studying the impact of the Great Depression on Americans through an exploration of the lives of hobos, those living in Hoovervilles, and the Okies migrating west during the Dust Bowl, students use historical empathy and contextualization to write a poem or create a piece of art with an accompanying explanation for two of the three groups.

				Brown v. Board of Education Civil Rights Movements	
				Civil Rights Act of 1964	
				Vietnam War	
				Watergate	
				New Deal	
				9/11	
				Tea Party Movement	
Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.3.3 Critique	Students must be	Economic, social,	Examples of historical	Taxation with representation	Students analyze
the extent to	able to evaluate	cultural, geographic, and	narratives		primary sources related
which economic,	how much or how	political factors can		Monroe Doctrine	to the 3/5 compromise.
social, cultural,	little economics,	change the direction of a	Examples of turning		Students write a 1-2
geographic, and	society, culture,	nation's history	points	States rights	paragraph response
political factors	geography, or				answering the question:
of various turning	politics have played	The narrative of a story	Economic, social,	Cotton gin	To what extent was the
points changed the American	a role in shifting the historical narrative	may be influenced by an individual or collective	cultural, geographic,	The end of the plantation	3/5 Compromise a
historical	of American		and political factors	The end of the plantation	significant event in
narrative	history.	perspective of a turning point	that lead to turning points	economy	American history in terms of changing the
				Slavery	American historical
			Various ways		narrative?
			economic, social,	Jim Crow	indition in the second s
			cultural, geographic,		Students analyze
			and political factors	Easy credit	primary sources related
			help determine		to the dropping of the
			narratives in American	Buying on margin	atomic bombs in Japan.
			history		Students write 1-2

	Speculation	paragraphs describing
		the extent to which
	Assembly lines	political, social, cultural, geographic, or
	Mass productio	n economic factors
	7	influenced America's
	Zimmerman No	te decision to drop the bombs. Students must
	Stock Market C	rash use information from
	Scopes Trial	the sources as evidence of their assessment.
	Scopes mai	of their assessment.
	Great Depressio	n
	New Deal	
	Atomic Bomb	
	Death of Emme	tt Till
	Cold War	
	Civil Rights Mov	rements
	Integration of so	chools
	Federal Aid High 1956	nway Act of
	Watergate	
	Rock N' Roll	
	Нір Нор	
	Computer revol	ution
	9/11	

Objective	Mastery of the Objective	Students Will Understand	Students Will Know	Tea Party Example Topics	Examples of Formative Assessment
AH.H.3.4 Compare how competing historical narratives of various turning points portray individuals and groups including marginalized people	Students must be able to compare written, visual, or oral historical narratives from contrasting sources and the picture they paint of the same turning point. The historical narratives need to include voices of marginalized groups involved or affected by the turning point as well.	Historical narratives may tell conflicting stories about what happened in a turning point Comparing competing claims may help corroborate a historical narrative Historical narratives surrounding turning points in a nation's history may or may not accurately portray the roles of marginalized groups in those events	A historical narrative is a way to relate history in a form that resembles a story Historical narratives reflect the biases of those who write them Historical narratives reflect perspectives of those who write them Various perspectives of a turning point	Teachers should select competing narratives concerning a single turning point in history for the following: American Revolution Constitution Trail of Tears Civil War Emancipation Proclamation Reconstruction League of Nations Scopes Trial New Deal Atomic Bomb Cold War Civil Rights Movements Suffrage Movement Integration of Public Facilities Vietnam War Pentagon Papers Fall of Berlin Wall Impeachments Space Race Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission	Students complete a Jigsaw activity with various perspectives on the Vietnam War. Students then create a Venn Diagram comparing perspectives on whether the United States should have participated in the Vietnam War. Perspectives should include how groups with similar viewpoints were portrayed based on their opposition to or support of the Vietnam War. Students complete a Jigsaw activity with various perspectives on the Emancipation Proclamation. Students then write a paragraph comparing perspectives that include how the following groups were portrayed in the narratives about Emancipation Proclamation: Lincoln,