

Highlights of the North Carolina Public School Budget

February 2005

Information Analysis
Division of School Business
North Carolina Department of Public Instruction

Highlights of the N.C. Public School Budget

Funding public education in North Carolina is a complex and integrated process. This booklet presents charts and tables which describe how state and federal funds are distributed to North Carolina's Public Schools. It also reviews the growth in average daily membership (ADM), school personnel, and the effect of Charter Schools.

The State funds schools with three basic types of allotments.

Position Allotments:

The State allots positions to a local school system for a specific purpose. The local school system pays whatever is required to hire certified teachers and other educators, based on the State Salary Schedule, without being limited to a specific dollar amount. Each local school system will have a different average salary based on the certified personnel's experience and education. Examples of position allotments are:

- Teachers - School Building Administration.

- Instructional Support Personnel

Dollar Allotments:

Local school systems can hire employees or purchase goods for a specific purpose, but the local school system must operate within the allotted dollar amount. Examples of dollar allotments are:

- Teacher Assistants - Textbooks

- Central Office Administration - Classroom Materials/Supplies/Equip.

Categorical Allotments:

Local school systems may use this funding to purchase all services necessary to address the needs of a specific population or service. The local school system must operate within the allotted funds. These funds may be used to hire personnel such as teachers, teacher assistants, and instructional support personnel or to provide a service such as transportation, staff development, or to purchase supplies and materials. Examples of categorical funding are:

- At Risk Student Services - Children with Disabilities

- Noninstructional Support Pers. - Transportation

For additional information, please contact:

Information Analysis and Reporting

Division of School Business

Public Schools of North Carolina

Education Building, 301 N. Wilmington Street

Raleigh, North Carolina 27601-2825

Telephone: (919) 807-3700

Quick Facts

Students:

Allotted '04-05 1,370,253 Allotted '05-06 1,397,372

Number of Schools:

Regular 2,189 Charter 97 LEAs: 115

State Funding:

2004-05 \$6.52 billion

Federal Funding

excl. child nutrition:

\$724 million

Education Percent of

General Fund:

40.96%

Estimated Average Teacher
Compensation: \$43,313

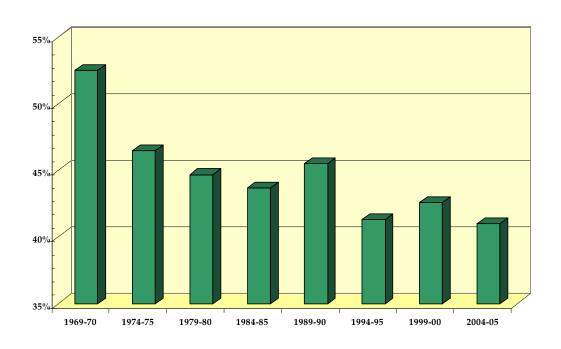
Number of Teachers FY2005

90,657

Percent of the General Fund Public Schools Appropriations

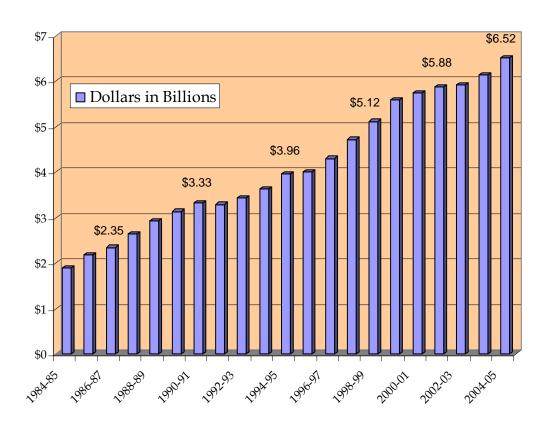
Although the total appropriations for Public Schools continue to increase, Public Schools are receiving less of the General Fund appropriations.

Since 1970, the Public School's share of the General Fund has decreased by 11.5%. If our Public Schools were still funded at the same percentage as in FY 1969-70, we would have an additional \$1.8 billion for our students.



Total State Public Schools Funding1984-85 to 2004-05

Funding has continually increased since 1984-85, from \$1.89 billion in 1984-85 to \$6.52 billion in 2004-05, a 246% increase.



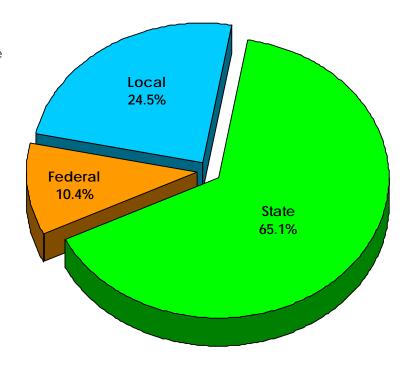
Source of Expenditures Child Nutrition Included FY 2003-04

NC ranks 5th in the Nation and 1st in the South for the highest percentage of funds from State revenue. The national average is 50%.

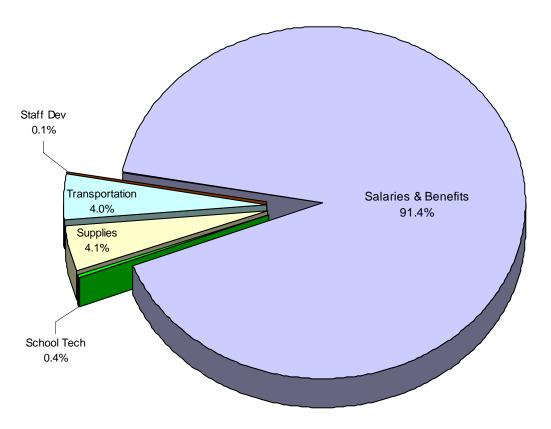
Most other state school systems are primarily funded by locally driven initiatives such as property taxes and local bond issues.

Child Nutrition Excluded

State: 69% Federal: 8% Local: 23%



How State Funds Were Expended FY 2003-04

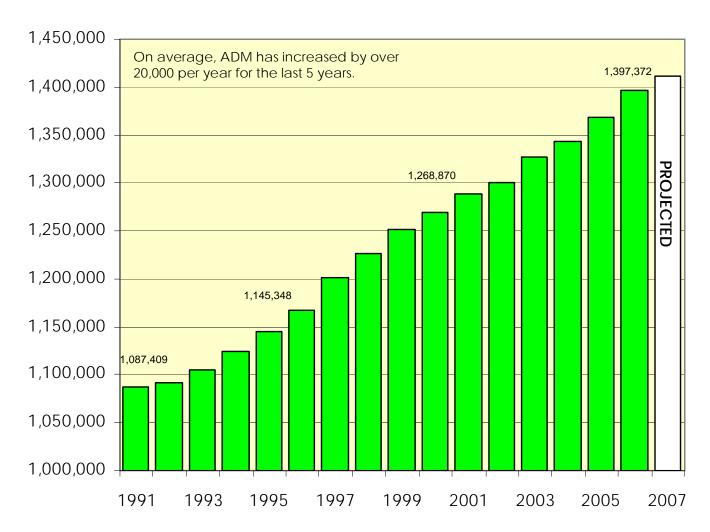


Of the \$6.19 billion State Public School Fund for FY2003-04, all but 8.6% was used for salaries and benefits.

Funds for Transportation and Staff Development may also be used for salaries and benefits if an ABC financial transfer is enacted. Only 4.5% of the entire budget, therefore, could **NOT** be used for salaries and benefits.

Average Daily Membership

1991-2007



Average Daily Membership for each school month is based on the sum of the days in membership for all students in individual LEAs, divided by the number of days in the school month. To be included in ADM, a student must have a class schedule that is at least 1/2 of the school's instructional day.

Allotted Average Daily Membership (ADM) is based on the higher of:

- (a) Actual ADM from the prior year, or
- (b) Projected ADM of the current year.

Allotted ADM

FY 2004-05

LEA Name	ADM
Alamance County	21,753
Alexander County	5,689
Alleghany County	1,509
Anson County	4,403
Ashe County	3,212
Avery County	2,325
Beaufort County	7,243
Bertie County	3,404
Bladen County	5,787
Brunswick County	10,857
Buncombe County	24,895
Asheville City	3,871
Burke County	14,555
Cabarrus County	22,706
Kannapolis City	4,673
Caldwell County	13,016
Camden County	1,762
Carteret County	8,272
Caswell County	3,413
Catawba County	16,673
Hickory City	4,547
Newton-Conover	2,924
Chatham County	7,318
Cherokee County	3,684
Edenton/Chowan	2,506
Clay County	1,277
Cleveland County	17,609
Columbus County	7,006
Whiteville City	2,707
Craven County	14,556
Cumberland County	53,326
Currituck County	3,862
Dare County	4,865
Davidson County	19,518
Lexington City	3,162
Thomasville City	2,666
Davie County	6,208
Duplin County	8,802
Durham County	30,810

LEA Name	ADM
Edgecombe County	7,591
Forsyth County	48,154
Franklin County	7,877
Gaston County	31,035
Gates County	1,969
Graham County	1,230
Granville County	8,768
Greene County	3,222
Guilford County	66,691
Halifax County	5,428
Roanoke Rapids City	2,999
Weldon City	1,078
Harnett County	16,917
Haywood County	7,980
Henderson County	12,493
Hertford County	3,606
Hoke County	6,593
Hyde County	670
Iredell-Statesville	19,647
Mooresville City	4,421
Jackson County	3,615
Johnston County	26,292
Jones County	1,386
Lee County	9,127
Lenoir County	10,211
Lincoln County	11,480
Macon County	4,162
Madison County	2,600
Martin County	4,480
Mcdowell County	6,542
Mecklenburg County	117,773
Mitchell County	2,331
Montgomery County	4,502
Moore County	12,011
Nash-Rocky Mount	18,214
New Hanover County	22,484
Northampton County	3,254
Onslow County	21,862
Orange County	6,632

LEA Name	ADM
Chapel Hill-Carrboro	10,933
Pamlico County	1,734
Pasquotank County	5,902
	7,083
Pender County	1,727
Perquimans County	5,791
Person County	21,551
Pitt County Polk County	2,416
Randolph County	18,224
Asheboro City	4,524
Richmond County	8,270
Robeson County	24,134
Rockingham County	14,668
Rowan-Salisbury	20,833
Rutherford County	9,942
Sampson County	8,222
Clinton City	2,895
Scotland County	6,891
Stalkes County	9,868
Stokes County	7,408
Surry County	8,688
Elkin City	1,255
Mount Airy City	1,867
Swain County	1,844
Transylvania County	3,775
Tyrrell County	644
Union County	28,088
Vance County	8,157
Wake County	112,828
Warren County	3,110
Washington County	2,155
Watauga County	4,672
Wayne County	19,374
Wilkes County	10,063
Wilson County	12,591
Yadkin County	6,089
Yancey County	2,555
Charter Schools - Public	24,784
Total	1,370,253

N.C. Elementary and Secondary Education

FY 2004-05 Appropriated Funds (Note 1)

I. State Aid - Local Education Agencies	Positions		Funds	% of Total
General Administration				
Central Office Administration		\$	101,434,583	1.56%
Instructional Personnel and Related Services				
Classroom Teachers	64,706.00	\$	2,451,499,103	
Teacher Assistants			377,866,513	
Instructional Support	6,983.50		297,554,429	
School Building Administration	4,051.60		233,433,692	
Classroom Materials/Instructional Supplies/Equipment			65,569,689	
Textbooks			81,126,220	
Annual Leave			25,852,075	
Mentor Pay			8,100,140	
High Priority - extended contract days	54.76		2,074,399	
Continually Low-performing - including extended contract days	13.72		519,735	
ABC Incentive Awards			108,000,000	
Estimated Matching Benefits (Note 2)			661,916,553	
Subtotal		\$	4,313,512,548	66.17%
Support				
Noninstructional Support Personnel		\$	309,077,459	4.74%
Categorical Programs				
Academically & Intellectually Gifted			50,739,625	
At Risk Student Services/Alternative Schools			186,280,082	
Children with Special Needs			548,067,517	
Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Funding			16,000,000	
Driver Education			31,939,945	
Improving Student Accountability			34,846,211	
Intervention/Assistance Teams			2,864,985	
Limited English Proficiency			38,643,103	
Low Wealth Supplemental Funding			109,382,460	
School Technology			5,000,000	
Small County Supplemental Funding			37,489,844	
Staff Development			12,000,905	
Transportation			283,265,988	
Vocational Education	6,161.58		319,319,561	
Subtotal	0,101.50	\$	1,675,840,226	- 25.71%
LEA Discretionary Reduction		Ψ	(71,951,248)	
		_		-
Subtotal State Aid - Local Education Agencies		\$	6,327,913,568	97.06%
II. Miscellaneous		\$	6,000,000	
ADM Contingency Reserve Contracts-Finance Officer Staff Development		Φ	6,000,000 64,560	
·				
Financial Literacy Pilot			73,000	
School Food Pilot Project			25,000	
High School Workforce Project			1,991,699	
NBPTS			3,274,500	
Personnel Services (Longevity, Short Term Disability, Worker's Comp, Unemploy	ment, etc)		108,402,928	
Sale of Equipment-Surplus			7,000	
School Breakfast			1,900,000	
School Bus Replacement			37,239,912	
Testing			9,005,844	
Textbooks - Freight			217,837	
Tort Claims (Department of Justice)			3,774,000	
UERS			19,580,874	_
Subtotal		\$	191,557,154	2.94%
Grand Total		\$	6,519,470,722	

DPI Budget State appropriation for FY 2004-05 totaled \$32,679,258. (See Note 1)

DPI number of Positions as of 7/1/04 is 497.25 (State - 303.14, Federal - 134.93, Receipts - 59.18)

Note 1: Based on the Certified Budget per the 307 Report <u>plus</u> budget adjustments for legislated salary increases, benefit adjustments and carryover funds established for the Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Fund per BD 606s through 11/19/04.

Note 2: Includes funds for Social Security, Retirement, and Hospitalization for position/month of employment allotments for Classroom Teachers, Instructional Support and School Building Administration. Benefits for other LEA staff are included in the dollar allotments, such as Central Office Administration and Vocational Education.

Initial Allotment Formulas

FY 2004-05

Administration	
Category Basis of Allotment	
Central Office Administration	FY 2004-05 Initial Allotment is 5.19% (rounded) higher than FY 2003-04 Initial Allotment.

Instructional Personnel and Support Services				
Category	Basis of Allotment	Allotted Salary		
Classroom Teachers				
Grades Kindergarten - 3	1 per 18 in ADM. (LEA Class Size Avg. is 21)			
Grades 4 - 6	1 per 22 in ADM. (LEA Class Size Avg. is 26)			
Grades 7 - 8	1 per 21 in ADM. (LEA Class Size Avg. is 26)			
Grade 9	1 per 24.5 in ADM. (LEA Class Size Avg. is 26)			
Grades 10 - 12	1 per 26.64 in ADM. (LEA Class Size Avg. is 29)	LEA Average		
Math/Science/Computer Teachers	1 per county or based on subagreements.			
Teacher Assistants	\$ 886.33 (rounded) per K-3 ADM.	N/A		
Instructional Support	1 per 200.10 in ADM.	LEA Average		
School Building Administration				
Principals	1 per school with at least 100 ADM or at least 7 state paid teachers.	LEA Average		
Assistant Principals	1 month per 76.12 in ADM.	LEA Average		
Vocational Education - MOE	Base of 50 Months of Employment per LEA with remainder distributed	LEA Average		
(LIMITED FLEXIBILITY- Salary Increase)	based on ADM in grades 8-12.			
ABC Incentive Award	Not included in the Initial Allotments. Test results were announced on August 5, 2004			
at the State Board Meeting. Allotments were processed by August 11, 2004.		04.		
Classroom Materials/Instructional \$47.44 per ADM plus \$2.69 per ADM in grades 8 and 9 for PSAT Testing.				

Employee Benefits		
Category	Basis of Allotment	
Hospitalization	\$3,432 per position per year.	
Retirement	5.815% of total salaries.	
Social Security	7.65% of total salaries.	

\$58.30 per ADM in grades K-12.

Supplies/Equipment

Textbooks

Statewide Average Salaries for FY 2004-05 (Benefits are not included)		
Category	Basis of Allotment	
Teachers	\$38,248	
Principals (MOE)	\$5,558	
Assistant Principals (MOE)	\$4,718	
Vocational Education (MOE)	\$4,023	
Instructional Support	\$42,953	
Note: Dollars for 2004-05 position/month allotments are based on your LEA's average salary including benefits, rather than		

Note: Dollars for 2004-05 position/month allotments are based on your LEA's average salary including benefits, rather than the statewide average salary. They are still position/month allotments and you must stay within the positions/months allotted, not

	Support
Category	Basis of Allotment
	7

Initial Allotment Formulas

FY 2004-05

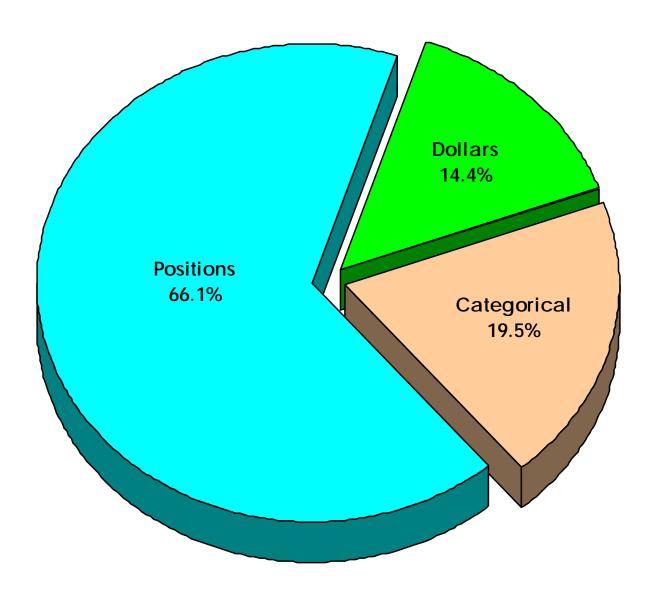
Categorical Programs		
Category	Basis of Allotment	
Academically or Intellectually Gifted Students	\$926.57 per child for 4% of ADM.	
At-Risk Student Services Each LEA receives the dollar equivalent of one resource officer (\$37,838) p Of the remaining funds, 50% is distributed based on ADM (\$61.56 per ADM distributed based on number of poor children, per the federal Title 1 Low Inc poverty data (\$396.30 per poor child). Each LEA receives a minimum of the equivalent of two teachers and two instructional support personnel (\$197,95 new formula is fully implemented and the hold harmless no longer applies.		
Children with Disabilities	-	
School Aged	\$2,838.39 per funded headcount. Headcount is comprised of the lesser of the April 1	
	handicapped headcount or 12.5% of the allotted ADM.	
Preschool	Base of \$46,830 per LEA; remainder distributed based on April 1 headcount of ages 3, 4, and PreK- 5, (\$2,256.79) per child.	
Group Homes	Approved applications.	
Developmental Day Care (3-20)	To be allotted in Revision	
Community Residential Centers To be allotted in Revision		
Driver Education	\$245.55 (rounded) per 9th grade ADM. Includes private, charter, and federal schools.	
Improving Student Accountability	\$300.00 per student who scored at level 1 and 2 on either reading or mathematics	
	end-of-grade tests in grades 3-8.	
Limited English Proficiency	Base of a teacher asst. (\$23,258); remainder based 50% on number of funded LEP students (\$290.63) and 50% on an LEA's concentration of LEP students (\$4,311.83).	
Low Wealth Supplemental Funding	See the Allotment Policy Manual for formula.	
School Technology	\$3.65 per ADM.	
Small County Supplemental Funding	See the Allotment Policy Manual for formula.	
Staff Development	\$750 per LEA, then 25% of total is allotted equally (base) and 75% allotted based on ADM	
Transportation	Based on an efficiency rated formula and local operating plans.	
	The initial allotment is 80% of planning.	
Voc Ed-Program Support	\$10,000 per LEA with remainder distributed based on ADM in grades 8-12 (\$32.21).	

Categories which cannot be adjusted in FY 2004-05 through an ABC transfer.

	iot be adjusted in 1 1 2004-05 till odgir all ABO transier.
Category	Reason for Restriction
ABC Incentive Award	Legislation
At Risk Student Services/Alternative Sch.	Legislation; Funds may be transferred into At Risk Student Services/Alternative Schools
Central Office Administration	Legislation; Funds may be transferred out of Central Office Administration
Children with Disabilities	Legislation; Funds may be transferred into Children with Disabilities
Driver Education	Highway Funds
Improving Student Accountability	Legislation; Funds may be transferred into Improving Student Accountability
Intervention/Assistance Teams	Legislation
Limited English Proficiency	Legislation
Low Wealth Supplemental Funding	Legislation
School Technology	Special Interest-Bearing Account
Small County Supplemental Funding	Legislation
Willie M.	Legislation

Types of State Funding

What State Money Is Available To Local Education Agencies?



66.1% of the State funds are allocated as guaranteed certified positions.

Therefore, a LEA receives a position (or month of employment) and the state pays for the salary and benefits or the position, regardless of where the individual falls on a salary schedule.

So... a state paid teacher with 5 yrs experience costs the same to an LEA as a state paid teacher with 25 yrs experience, they both = 1 position.



The E-Rate Program:

- Governed by the FCC
- Administered by the Schools & Libraries Universal Service Support Mechanism
- Provides 20%-90% discounts to schools & libraries for Telecommunications, Internet Access and Internal Connections.

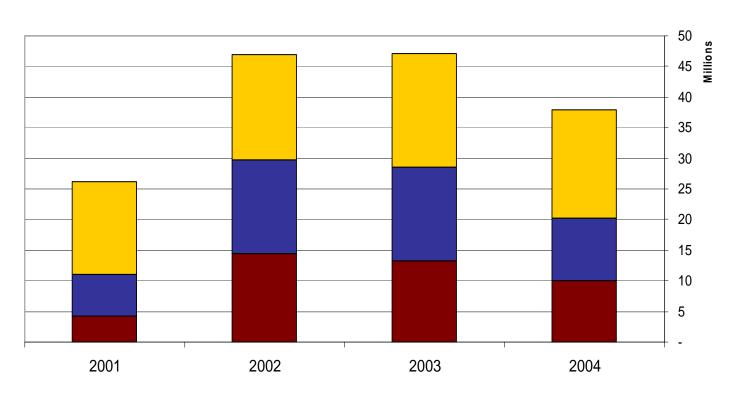
Services Include:

Telephone service, Cell phone service, Voice mail service, WANs, Firewalls, Internet access, Cabling/Wiring, Routers/Switches/Hubs

More Information:

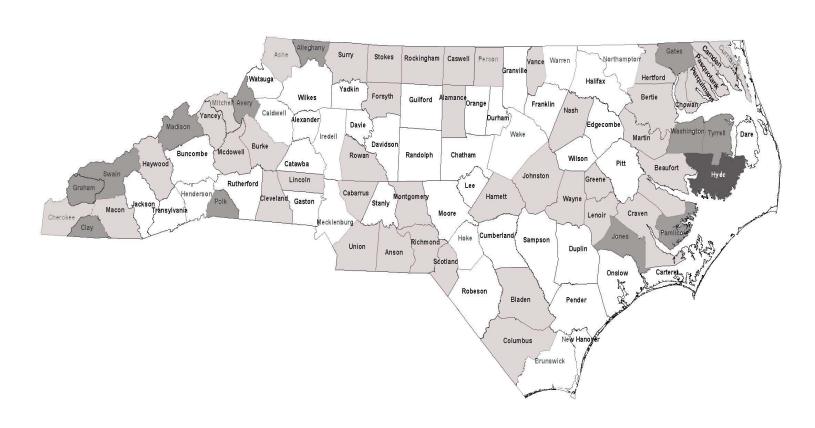
- DPI Website http://www.ncpublicschools.org/erate/
- Schools & Libraries Division http://www.sl.universalservice.org/

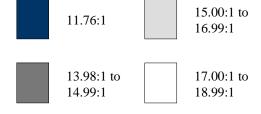
E-Rate Funds Committed to Schools & Libraries in NC



■ INTERNAL CONNECTIONS ■ INTERNET ACCESS ■ TELCOMM SERVICES

Student/Teacher Ratio By County 2003-04





Student/Teacher Ratio	# of Counties
11.76:1	1
13.98:1 to 14.99:1	12
15.00:1 to 16.99:1	43
17.00:1 to 18.99:1	44

Funding North Carolina's Public School Children

Based on FY 2004-2005 State Funding Levels

Students in Kindergarten through 3rd Grade

		Student	lĺ	Student	Student	Student
		Example 1		Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
Funding for Different Students		\$5,856.97] [\$9,619.43	\$8,874.26	\$5,052.42
Every Student (note)	\$4,715.50	Х		Х	Х	Х
Student from a Low Income Family	\$396.30	Х		Х	Х	
Special Learning Issues (IEP's)	\$2,838.39			Х	Х	
Small County	\$591.26	Х		Х		
Not performing at grade level	\$300.00			Х	Х	
Low Wealth County	\$153.91	Х		Х		
Limited English Proficiency	\$624.07			Х	Х	
Intellectually and Academically Gifted	\$336.92					Х
Vocational Education	\$0.00					

Every Student includes: Teachers (total divided by ADM; not by grade span allotment), teacher assistants (K-3), instructional support, some at-risk (ADM portion), textbooks, classroom materials/supplies, school technology, transportation, and administrative & support categories (\$982.71) which includes central office administration, school building administration, incentive awards, noninstructional support personnel, driver education, assistance teams, staff development, school safety officer, annual leave, longevity, mentor pay, and school bus purchases.

Students in Grade 4 through 8

		Student Example 1	Student Example 2	Student Example 3	Student Example 4
Funding for Different Students		\$4,970.64	\$8,733.10	\$7,987.93	\$4,166.09
Every Student (note)	\$3,829.17	Х	Х	Х	Х
Student from a Low Income Family	\$396.30	Х	Х	X	
Special Learning Issues (IEP's)	\$2,838.39		X	Х	
Small County	\$591.26	Х	Х		
Not performing at grade level	\$300.00		X	Х	
Low Wealth County	\$153.91	Х	X		
Limited English Proficiency	\$62 <i>4.07</i>		Х	Х	
Intellectually and Academically Gifted	\$336.92				Х
Vocational Education	\$0.00				

Every Student includes: Teachers (total divided by ADM; not by grade span allotment), instructional support, some at-risk (ADM portion), textbooks, classroom materials/supplies, school technology, transportation, and administrative & support categories (\$982.71) which includes central office administration, school building administration, incentive awards, noninstructional support personnel, driver education, assistance teams, staff development, school safety officer, annual leave, longevity, mentor pay, and school bus purchases.

Students in Grade 9 through 12

		Student	Student	Student	Student
		Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
Funding for Different Students		\$4,973.33	\$9,069.87	\$7,690.62	\$4,168.78
Every Student (note)	\$3,831.86	X	х	Х	Х
Student from a Low Income Family	\$396.30	X	Х	Х	
Special Learning Issues (IEP's)	\$2,838.39		Х	Х	
Small County	\$591.26	X	Х		
Not performing at grade level	\$0.00		X	X	
Low Wealth County	\$153.91	X	х		
Limited English Proficiency	\$62 <i>4.07</i>		X	X	
Intellectually and Academically Gifted	\$336.92				X
Vocational Education	\$634.08		Х		

Every Student includes: Teachers (total divided by ADM; not by grade span allotment), instructional support, some at-risk (ADM portion), textbooks, classroom materials/supplies (PSAT test in 9-12), school technology, transportation, and administrative & support categories (\$982.71) which includes central office administration, school building administration, incentive awards, noninstructional support personnel, driver education, assistance teams, staff development, school safety officer, annual leave, longevity, mentor pay, and school bus purchases.

Funding North Carolina's Public School Children

Based on FY 2004-05 Federal Funding Levels

Students in Kindergarten through 3rd Grade

		Student	Student	Student	Student
		Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
Funding for Different Students	Federal	\$1,425.49	\$4,114.11	\$4,114.11	\$59.66
Every Student (note)	\$59.66	Х	Х	Х	Х
Student from a Low Income Family	\$1,365.83	Х	X	X	
Special Learning Issues (IEP's)	\$2,142.19		Χ	Χ	
Limited English Proficiency	\$546.43		X	Χ	
Vocational Education	\$0.00				

Students in Grade 4 through 8

		Student	Student	Student	Student
		Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
Funding for Different Students	Federal	\$1,425.49	\$3,254.04	\$3,254.04	\$59.66
Every Student (note)	\$59.66	Х	Х	Х	Х
Student from a Low Income Family	\$1,365.83	Х	Х	Х	
Special Learning Issues (IEP's)	\$1,282.12		Х	Х	
Limited English Proficiency	\$546.43		Х	Х	
Vocational Education	\$0.00				

Students in Grade 9 through 12

		Student Example 1	Student Example 2	Student Example 3	Student Example 4
Funding for Different Students	Federal	\$1,425.49	\$3,287.53	\$3,254.04	\$59.66
Every Student (note)	\$59.66	Х	Х	Х	Х
Student from a Low Income Family	\$1,365.83	Х	Х	Х	
Special Learning Issues (IEP's)	\$1,282.12		Х	Х	
Limited English Proficiency	\$546.43		Х	Х	
Vocational Education	\$33.49		Х		

Federal Funding Level:

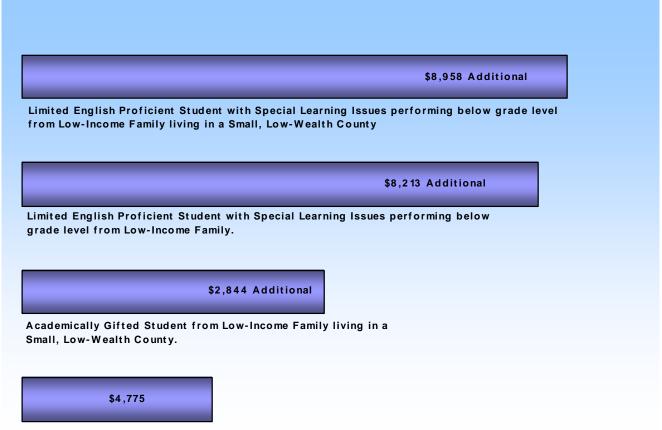
Funding includes federal formula grants only.

Every Student includes: Funds from IDEA VI Caoacity Building, Safe and Drug Free Schools, Title V Innovative Education Program, Improving Teacher Quality, and Education Technology.

Special Learning Issues includes: IDEA VI B Preschool Handicapped, IDEA VI B School Age Handicapped, and IDEA VI B Capacity Building.

Vocational Education includes: Funds from Vocational Education Program Support and Abstinence Until Marriage.

Example of Student Funding Grades K-3 (State&Federal)



Student in grade K-3 with no additional needs.

Difficulties in Comparing Dollars per ADM

- Huge variance in the size of LEAs. ADM ranges from systems with an ADM of 644 to an ADM of 117,773.
- Certain fixed costs in LEAs such central office operations
- Younger Teachers versus Older Teachers (experience levels)
- Fixed Salary Schedules

Teacher Comparison

- Ex: Teacher in Wake with 5 years experience, versus Hyde with 20 years experience.
 - Cost per ADM for Hyde is greater.
 - Both schools have a teacher.

Teacher Allotment Ratios and Allotted Positions FY 2004-05

2004-05 Grade Spans	Teacher Allotment Ratio	Class-Size Average Ratio for the LEA	Individual Class-Size Maximum	Positions Allotted in 2004-05
K-2	1:18	1:21	1:24	17,933.5
3	1:18	1:21	1:24	5,687.5
4-6	1:22	1:26	1:29	14,155.5
7-8	1:21	1:26	1:29	10,304.0
9	1:24.5	1:26	1:29	5,040.5
10-12	1:26.64	1:29	1:32	10,118.5

The total number of positions allotted by grade span is 63,239.5. An additional 100 positions were allotted for Math/Science/Computer teachers, and an additional 94 were allotted for High Priority schools, bringing the total allotted positions to 63,433.5.

Positions and Salaries

FY 2004-05

Fiscal Year 2004-05						
Personnel Type	Salary Range	Average Salary	Allotted Positions			
Superintendent (12 months)	\$50,244 - \$119,868	N/A	N/A			
Assoc/Asst Supt/Dir Supervisors/Coord (12 months)	\$35,184 - \$90,024	N/A	N/A			
Principals (12 months)	\$44,472 - \$98,976	\$66,696				
Assistant Principals (10 months)	\$32,480 - \$58,510	\$47,180				
Teachers (10 months)	\$25,420 - \$58,810	\$38,248				
Instructional Support (10 months)	\$25,420 - \$58,810	\$42,953				
Vocational Education (10 months)	\$25,420 - \$58,810	\$40,230				

 Non Certified Employees - Monthly Salary

 Teacher Asistants
 \$1,510.58 - \$2,574.91
 \$17,473
 N/A

 Clerical
 \$1,534.33 - \$3,400.96
 \$25,708
 N/A

 Custodian
 \$1,413.11 - \$3,016.59
 \$17,085
 N/A

The average salary amounts do **not** include matching benefits

social security – 7.65%, retirement – 5.815% hospitalization - \$3,432

Public School Full-Time Personnel FY2004-05

Certified Personnel:	State	Federal	Local	Total
Central Office Admin.	1,024	137	445	1,606
Principals	2,152	2	46	2,200
Assistant Principals	1,770	2	865	2,637
Teachers	78,424	6,108	6,125	90,657
Instructional Support	9,112	975	2,159	12,246
Total Certified Personnel	92,482	7,224	9,640	109,346

Noncertified Personnel:

Teacher Assistants	21,142	4,151	3,035	28,328
Technicians	288	93	820	1,201
Clerical, Secretarial	5,842	336	3,752	9,930
Other Noncertified	12,291	3,297	10,216	25,804
Total Noncertified Personnel	39,563	7,877	17,823	65,263

Total Personnel:	132,045	15,101	27,463	174,609
Percent of Total:	75.6%	8.6%	15.7%	100.0%

Teachers, Teacher Assistants, and Instructional Support Personnel make up 75.2% of all personnel.

School Building Administrators (Principals & Assistant Principals) make up 2.8% of all personnel.

Central office Administrators make up 0.9% of all personnel.

Other Nonprofessionals (Clerical, Technicians, Service Workers, etc...) make up the remaining 21.2% of personnel.

Instructional Support FY2004-05

Instructional Support	FUL	Average		
Area	STATE	FEDERAL	LOCAL	State Salary
Media Services	2,153.11	0.19	94.64	\$ 4,267
Social Work	568.73	31.63	117.22	\$ 3,962
Guidance	3,155.24	36.78	163.22	\$ 4,127
Health Certified	232.51	7.12	115.64	\$ 4,271
Psychologists	572.95	86.16	25.13	\$ 4,594
Speech Language	895.08	337.16	76.83	\$ 4,345
Career Development	223.50	4.18	2.65	\$ 4,417
Special Population	104.12	9.99	0.44	\$ 4,370
Pupil Support	238.99	116.95	132.18	\$ 4,218
VoCats	76.80	1.50	1.00	\$ 4,363
Technology Services	8.50	-	24.87	\$ 3,802
Community Services	-	-	43.72	\$ -
Total FTEs	8,229.53	631.66	797.5	-

Compensation Increases

Teachers and State Employees

Since 1991-92

The yearly percentage increase in salary accumulates to:

- Teachers 78.4%
- State Employees 32.5% *
- Consumer Price Index 41.6%

	State		Consumer
Fiscal Year	Employees	Teachers	Price Index
1991-92	0.0%	0.0%	3.2%
1992-93	0.0% a.	2.0%	3.1%
1993-94	2.0%	5.0%	2.6%
1994-95	4.0% b.	7.0% c.	2.9%
1995-96	2.0%	2.0%	2.7%
1996-97	4.5%	5.5%	2.8%
1997-98	4.0%	7.5% d.	1.8%
1998-99	3.0% b.	7.5% d.	1.7%
1999-00	3.0% b.	7.5% d.	2.9%
2000-01	4.2% e.	6.5% d.	3.4%
2001-02	0.0% f.	2.86%	1.8%
2002-03	0.0% g.	1.84%	2.2%
2003-04	0.0% h.	1.81%	2.2%
2004-05	2.5% i.	2.5%	1.9% j.

Notes:

- * Flat rate amounts are not included in the percentage accumulation total.
- a. An across-the-board flat rate of \$43.5 per month was provided for all employees.
- b. Plus a one-time bonus of 1% to each permanent employee (0.5% bonus in 1999-2000).
- c. Salary increases for teachers ranged from 5% for teachers with 3 years or less experience or at the 30 year maximum, to 7% for teachers with over 3 years experience. Principals and Assistant Principals received a 9% increase. School bus drivers received an 8% increase.
- d. Teachers received varying increases depending on their years of experience.
- e. Plus a one-time bonus of \$500 to each permanent employee.
- f. An across-the-board flat rate of \$52.08 per month was provided for all employees.
- g. Full-time State Employees received an additional 10 days vacation.
- h. Full-time State Employees received an additional 10 days vacation plus a one-time bonus of \$550.
- i. State Employees received the greater of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or two and one-half percent (2.5%).
- j. Through September 2004.

Average Teacher Compensation

FY2004-05

Category
Base Salary
New Teacher Orientation
Extended Contract
Tutor
Longevity Pay
Supplementary Pay
ABC and Retention Bonus
Workshop Participant
Annual Leave Pay
Mentor Pay
Other Assignments
Total
State Agency Teachers
Grand Total

	2	004-05	2	003-04	20	04-05 vs	2003-04
,	Jar	nuary Est.		Final	(Chg	%Chg
(1)	\$	37,388	\$	37,096	\$	292	0.79%
(2)		16		15		1	6.67%
(2)		19		19		-	0.00%
(2)		202		207		(5)	-2.42%
(2)		969		980		(11)	-1.12%
(3)		2,860		2,707		153	5.65%
(4)		949		1,309		(360)	-27.50%
(2)		19		16		3	18.75%
(2)		343		346		(3)	-0.87%
(2)		111		108		3	2.78%
(2)		362		333		29	8.71%
	\$	43,238	\$	43,136	\$	102	0.24%
(5)		75		75		-	0.00%
	\$	43,313	\$	43,211	\$	102	0.24%

NOTES:

- 1) Base salary percentage increase calculated based on 6th pay period payroll data.
- 2) Supplementary pay is based on FY04-05 survey data.
- 3) ABC bonuses are based on YTD expenditure data.
- 4) Additional pay per Office of State Budget, and Management for state agency teachers such as those provided by Office of Juvenile Justice and DHHS.

North Carolina vs National Average

Comparison of Average Teacher Compensation



National Board (NBPTS) History

Fiscal	NBPTS	Years	NBPTS	Avg Certified
Year	Teachers	Experience	Pay (12%)	Salary incl.12%
2002	3,352	16.03	\$472.76	\$4,413.34
2003	4,775	16.30	\$474.71	\$4,429.35
2004	6,002	16.40	\$475.76	\$4,437.48
2005	7,399	16.60	\$480.61	\$4,485.65

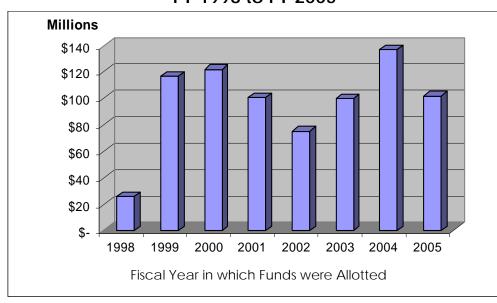
Note: NBPTS pay differential originated on July 1, 1997. Teachers who receive a National Boards for Professional Teaching Standards certification may be eligible for a 12% pay differential.

Retired Teachers Exempt from the Cap

Fiscal Year	Retired Teachers	Avg Years Experience	Avg Certified Salary ⁽¹⁾
2002	490	31.44	\$4,675.94
2003	616	31.79	\$4,691.90
2004	915	32.16	\$4,694.49
2005	1,435	32.21	\$4,766.90

- Certified salary does not include ABC bonus, longevity, or supplements.
- Legislation to allow for teachers to return to teaching exempt from an income cap effective July 1,1999.
- LEAs are required to contribute 11.7% of the salaries to the retirement system.

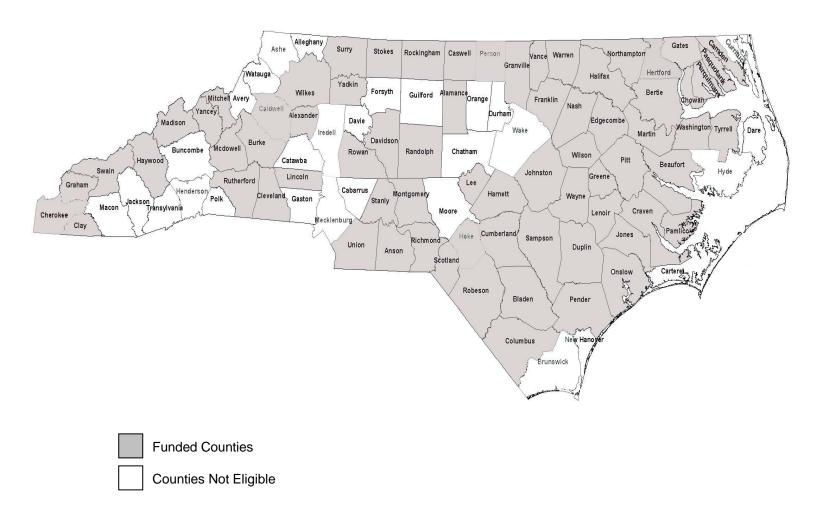
ABC Incentive Award History FY 1998 to FY 2005



Awards of up to \$1,500 plus benefits for certified personnel and up to \$500 plus benefits for teacher assistants are allocated to schools that attain high growth. Awards of up to \$750 plus benefits for certified personnel and up to \$375 plus benefits for teacher assistants are allocated to schools that attain expected growth. Allocation is based on the number of state and local personnel in grades Pre-K through 12 assigned to eligible schools.

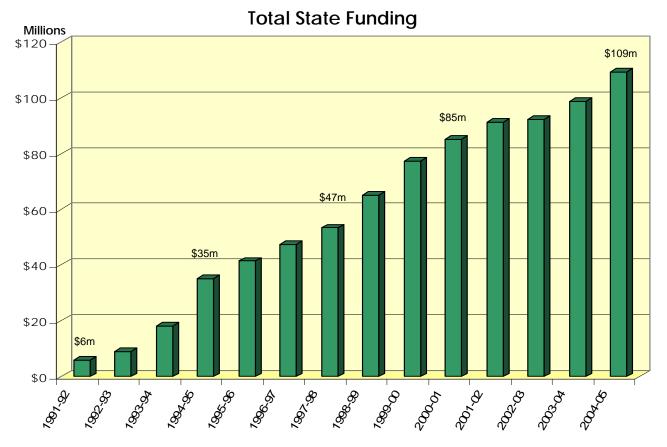
Low Wealth Supplemental Funding

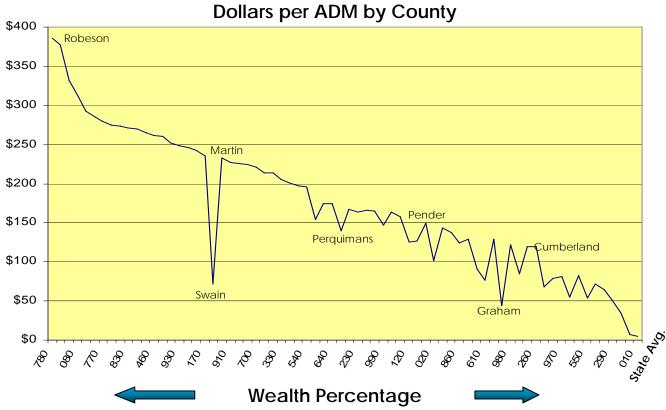
FY 2004-05 Counties



North Carolina provides supplemental funding to systems whose ability to generate local revenue per student is below the state average. Some of the factors used to determine eligibility are county adjusted property tax base, square miles in the county, and per capita income. There are 70 "Low Wealth" counties (80 LEAs) in 2004-05. Since the formula is not fully funded, LEAs eligible have funding pro-rated based on funds available. In 2004-05, the amount needed to fully fund the formula was \$175,449,962 (without adjusting for effort). This is \$66,067,502 more than the appropriated amount of \$109,382,460.

Low Wealth Supplemental Funding





Note: The low dollars per ADM for Swain County is a result of the county's low "effort". Swain County's effective tax rate was below the State average effective tax rate and Swain County's local appropriation per student was 30.4% of what the county could contribute based on the county's wealth and an average state effort, therefore; Swain County was eligible for 30.4% of their appropriation (based on funds available).

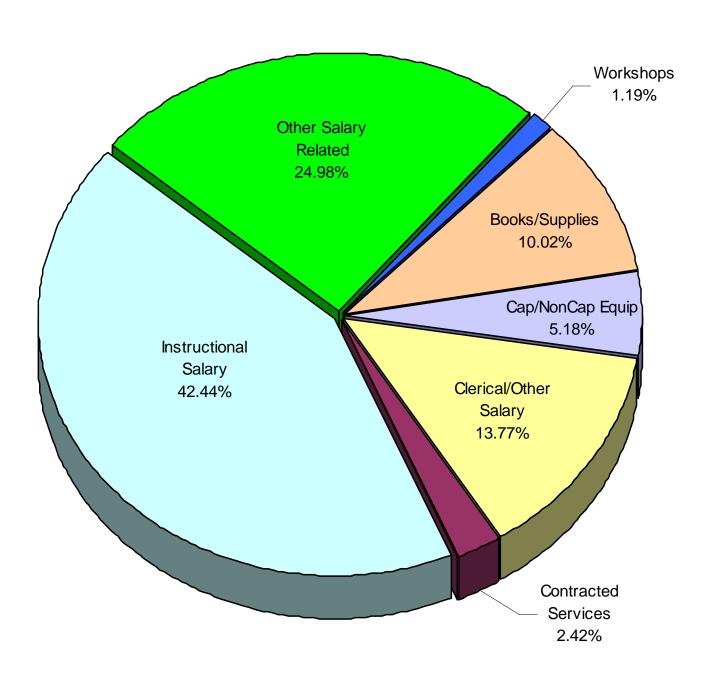
Low Wealth Eligible Counties

FY 2004-05

Robeson County 54.40% \$ 385.24 Hoke County 55.32% \$ 377.47 Gates County 60.75% \$ 331.59 Bertie County 63.14% \$ 311.41 Greene County 65.37% \$ 292.57 Washington County 66.22% \$ 285.38 Richmond County 66.97% \$ 279.05 Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 72.03% 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance Coun		% of State	Dollars
Hoke County 55.32% \$ 377.47 Gates County 60.75% \$ 331.59 Bertie County 63.14% \$ 311.41 Greene County 65.37% \$ 292.57 Washington County 66.22% \$ 285.38 Richmond County 66.97% \$ 279.05 Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance Coun	Eligible County	Avg	Per Child
Gates County 60.75% \$ 331.59 Bertie County 63.14% \$ 311.41 Greene County 65.37% \$ 292.57 Washington County 66.22% \$ 285.38 Richmond County 66.97% \$ 279.05 Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granv	Robeson County	54.40%	\$ 385.24
Bertie County 63.14% \$ 311.41 Greene County 65.37% \$ 292.57 Washington County 66.22% \$ 285.38 Richmond County 66.97% \$ 279.05 Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.69% \$ 225.06 Pasquot	Hoke County	55.32%	\$ 377.47
Greene County 65.37% \$ 292.57 Washington County 66.22% \$ 285.38 Richmond County 66.97% \$ 279.05 Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.90% \$ 225.06 Pasqu	Gates County	60.75%	\$ 331.59
Washington County 66.22% \$ 285.38 Richmond County 66.97% \$ 279.05 Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 74.68% \$ 213.91	Bertie County	63.14%	\$ 311.41
Richmond County 66.97% \$ 279.05 Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.68% \$ 213.32 Edgeco	Greene County	65.37%	\$ 292.57
Sampson County 67.55% \$ 274.14 Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow	Washington County	66.22%	\$ 285.38
Halifax County 67.59% \$ 273.81 Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir C	Richmond County	66.97%	\$ 279.05
Scotland County 67.87% \$ 271.44 Anson County 68.12% 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County<	Sampson County	67.55%	\$ 274.14
Anson County 68.12% \$ 269.33 Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stok	Halifax County	67.59%	\$ 273.81
Columbus County 68.69% \$ 264.52 Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stok	Scotland County	67.87%	\$ 271.44
Hertford County 68.98% \$ 262.07 Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rock	Anson County	68.12%	\$ 269.33
Duplin County 69.23% \$ 259.96 Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Columbus County	68.69%	\$ 264.52
Bladen County 70.24% \$ 251.42 Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Hertford County	68.98%	\$ 262.07
Warren County 70.66% \$ 247.87 Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Duplin County	69.23%	\$ 259.96
Harnett County 70.88% \$ 246.01 Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Bladen County	70.24%	\$ 251.42
Northampton County 71.25% \$ 242.89 Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Warren County	70.66%	\$ 247.87
Caswell County 71.32% \$ 235.39 Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Harnett County	70.88%	\$ 246.01
Swain County 72.03% \$ 71.83 Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Northampton County	71.25%	\$ 242.89
Martin County 72.38% \$ 233.34 Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Caswell County	71.32%	\$ 235.39
Vance County 73.11% \$ 227.17 Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Swain County	72.03%	\$ 71.83
Granville County 73.22% \$ 226.24 Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Martin County	72.38%	\$ 233.34
Camden County 73.36% \$ 225.06 Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Vance County	73.11%	\$ 227.17
Pasquotank County 73.90% \$ 220.50 Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Granville County	73.22%	\$ 226.24
Tyrrell County 74.68% \$ 213.91 Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Camden County	73.36%	\$ 225.06
Jones County 74.75% \$ 213.32 Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Pasquotank County	73.90%	\$ 220.50
Edgecombe County 75.65% \$ 205.72 Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Tyrrell County	74.68%	\$ 213.91
Wayne County 76.21% \$ 200.99 Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Jones County	74.75%	\$ 213.32
Onslow County 76.74% \$ 196.51 Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Edgecombe County	75.65%	\$ 205.72
Lenoir County 76.88% \$ 195.33 McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Wayne County	76.21%	\$ 200.99
McDowell County 77.63% \$ 153.65 Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Onslow County	76.74%	\$ 196.51
Stokes County 78.40% \$ 174.45 Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Lenoir County	76.88%	\$ 195.33
Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	McDowell County	77.63%	\$ 153.65
Nash-Rocky Mount 79.39% \$ 174.12	Stokes County	78.40%	\$ 174.45
	Perquimans County	79.76%	\$ 140.05

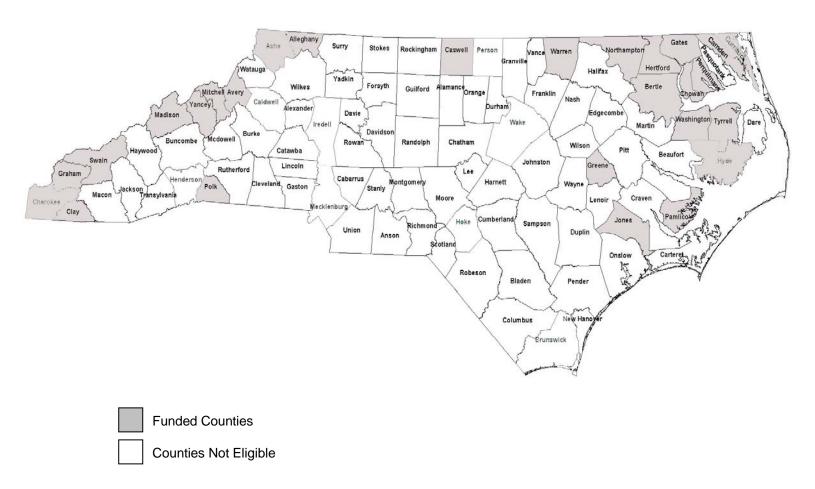
Rutherford County Cleveland County Chowan County Stanly County Yadkin County Rockingham County	80.01% 80.10% 80.32% 80.49% 80.58% 80.69% 81.35%	Per Child \$ 166.73 \$ 163.08 \$ 166.26 \$ 164.83 \$ 146.34 \$ 163.14
Cleveland County Chowan County Stanly County Yadkin County	80.10% 80.32% 80.49% 80.58% 80.69%	\$ 163.08 \$ 166.26 \$ 164.83 \$ 146.34
Chowan County Stanly County Yadkin County	80.32% 80.49% 80.58% 80.69%	\$ 166.26 \$ 164.83 \$ 146.34
Stanly County Yadkin County	80.49% 80.58% 80.69%	\$ 164.83 \$ 146.34
Yadkin County	80.58% 80.69%	\$ 146.34
	80.69%	
Rockingham County		\$ 163.14
	81.35%	
Montgomery County		\$ 157.56
Burke County	81.41%	\$ 125.64
Caldwell County	82.07%	\$ 127.09
Pender County	82.37%	\$ 148.94
Alexander County	82.48%	\$ 101.54
Franklin County	83.00%	\$ 143.62
Johnston County	83.72%	\$ 137.54
Beaufort County	84.24%	\$ 129.42
Surry County	84.24%	\$ 124.76
Randolph County	84.24%	\$ 90.54
Mitchell County	84.56%	\$ 76.96
Pamlico County	84.72%	\$ 129.09
Graham County	85.48%	\$ 44.04
Wilson County	85.63%	\$ 121.40
Cherokee County	85.78%	\$ 84.81
Pitt County	85.91%	\$ 119.04
Cumberland County	85.92%	\$ 118.95
Madison County	86.67%	\$ 68.24
Craven County	87.71%	\$ 79.12
Wilkes County	88.51%	\$ 80.67
Yancey County	90.17%	\$ 54.81
Lee County	90.26%	\$ 82.29
Lincoln County	91.51%	\$ 53.65
Person County	91.54%	\$ 71.48
Rowan-Salisbury	92.39%	\$ 64.29
Davidson County	92.56%	\$ 51.67
Union County	94.75%	\$ 34.86
Haywood County	99.11%	\$ 7.52
Alamance County	99.30%	\$ 4.78

How Low Wealth Funds Were Expended FY 2003-04



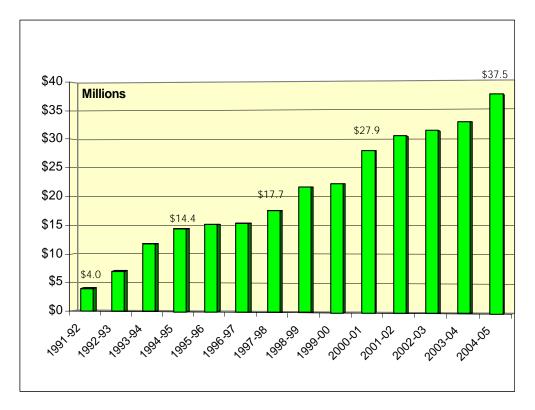
Small County Supplemental Funding

FY 2004-05 Counties



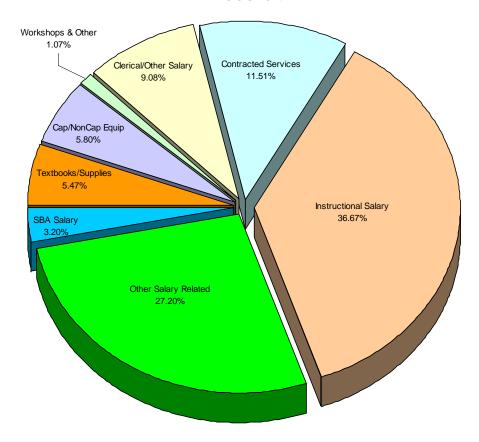
North Carolina provides supplemental funding to those county school systems with average daily membership (ADM) less than 3,239, or to county school systems with ADM between 3,239 and 4,080 whose county adjusted property tax base per student is below the state adjusted property tax base per student. In 2004-05, 27 County LEAs received small county supplemental funding. City LEAs are not eligible to receive funding.

Small County Supplemental Funding



In FY2004-05, eligible counties received between \$1.18 and \$1.53 million in Small County Supplemental funding. The per ADM dollars were between \$321(Cherokee) and \$2,377 (Tyrrell).

How Small County Funds Were Expended FY 2003-04



Capital Outlay for School Facilities

Fiscal				
Year	State Funds	Federal Funds	Local Funds	Totals
1995-96	\$ 13,446,202	\$ 92,012	\$ 518,058,988	\$ 531,597,202
1996-97	43,853,339	383,545	565,670,606	609,907,490
1997-98	240,704,605	215,489	526,754,170	767,674,264
1998-99	554,588,979	1,291,004	561,394,095	1,117,274,078
1999-00	518,506,820	8,272,720	627,673,264	1,154,452,804
2000-01	371,109,242	-	789,866,134	1,160,975,376
2001-02	170,257,261	517,911	842,184,297	1,012,959,469
2002-03	41,949,345	9,697,902	782,630,041	834,277,288

Total \$ 1,954,415,793 \$ 20,470,583 \$ 5,214,231,595 \$ 7,189,117,971 27.19% 0.28% 72.53%

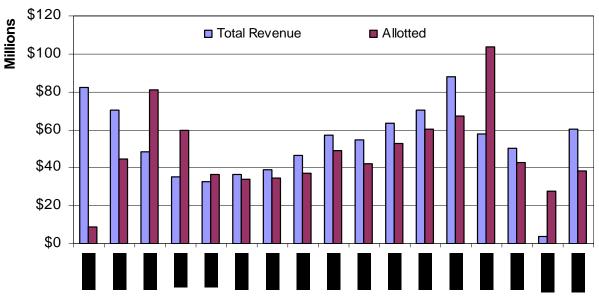
State Funding

Historically, the state of North Carolina has provided funding for salaries and operations to the local school systems and the local units have been responsible for providing facilities. The state had a School Facilities Appropriation in 1949 and has passed state school bonds in 1949, 1953, 1963, 1973, and 1996. Currently, North Carolina provides school construction aid to LEAs through the following programs:

1. Public School Building Capital Fund(PSBCF) (ADM Fund)

1987-present - Uses part of the corporate income tax revenues to provide counties with an allotment based on average daily membership. LEAs may accrue their allotments until they are ready to use them for a specific project, at which time they must match (1/3) the amount from the state. The fund is currently about \$60 million per year and is projected to increase to \$90 million per year by 2011-12. The fund was frozen by the Legislature for 2002-03 because of state budget shortfalls. A total of \$820,540,136 has been allotted since 1987; the current fund balance to be allotted is \$74,832,629.

PSBCF - FY Totals Revenue & Allotments



Capital Outlay for School Facilities Cont.

2. Critical School Facility Needs Fund

1987 - 2004 - \$95.5 million the first year (1988), then \$10 million per year from the corporate income tax awarded as grants to LEAs with the most limited ability to pay to address critical building needs. Expires in 2004 after which the funds will be included in the ADM Fund. Sixty school systems received a total of \$259 million in grants from this fund.

The \$1.8 Billion N. C. Public School Building Bond Act of 1996

1997-present - Allotments to each school system were set based on four criteria: average daily membership, high growth, low wealth, and small counties. At this time, \$1.77 billion has been drawn by LEAs; the balance of \$29.9 million will be expended by the end of 2004-05.

Fiscal Year	Funds Disbursed	Average/ Month	
1996-97	\$ 16,495,706	\$ 5,498,569	3 months
1997-98	193,612,309	16,134,359	
1998-99	496,558,433	41,379,869	
1999-00	509,541,818	42,461,818	
2000-01	328,473,892	27,372,824	
2001-02	163,519,543	13,626,629	
2002-03	42,245,492	3,520,458	
2003-04	25,324,449	2,110,371	

Total \$ 1,775,771,642 \$ 20,411,168

Bond Fund \$ 1,805,663,642 Balance \$ 29,892,000

In addition to direct state aid, the state earmarks sales tax revenues for facilities improvements. State law allows counties to levy two one-half cent additions to the state sales tax (1983, 1986), 30 percent and 60 percent respectively goes to schools. The revenues are distributed to counties on a per capita basis and may be used for public school capital outlay or to retire indebtedness incurred by the county for these purposes. In many cases, this has allowed counties to fund local bond issues without raising property taxes.

There is no state capital funding for charter school facilities.

Federal Funding

There is no recurring federal funding for public school facilities. Federal funds have included FEMA emergency relief (hurricane) funds. Two federal programs have provided school renovation funds.

1. School Renovation, IDEA, and Technology Grants

A one-time program that provided competitive grants to schools for emergency renovations - \$16.4 million, IDEA (program accessibility) - \$2.72 million, and Technology - \$2.72 million. Grants were awarded in 2002 and required to be completed by September 30, 2003. These grants were available to charter schools and seven charter schools received grants.

2. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZABs)

A zero-interest bond program (IRS code) that requires a 10% match from a local business partner. QZABs authority issued to North Carolina - 1998 - \$9,115,000, 1999 - \$8,851,000, 2000 - \$11,281,000, 2001 - \$11,961,000, 2002 - \$10,903,000, 2003 - \$11,607,000. Legislation is pending in Congress to extend the program through 2004.

Charter Schools

1998-2005

The General Assembly passed legislation in 1996 which created Charter Schools in North Carolina. A Charter School in North Carolina is a public school operated by a group of parents, teachers, and/or community members as a semi-autonomous school of choice within a school district, operating under a "charter" with the State Board of Education. The final approval on all charters will be granted by the State Board of Education. Charter Schools are designed to give significant autonomy to individual schools and in turn to hold these schools accountable for results.

In 2004-05, North Carolina has 97 operating Charter Schools. In accordance with the Charter School legislation, a maximum of 100 Charter Schools can be approved. Charter Schools receive funding based on the average per pupil allocation in the local education agency from which the student came.

Year	Approved	Opened	Closed	Relinq w/o Opening	Total in Operation	Allotted ADM	% of Total ADM	Total State Funds Allotted
1997-98	34	34	1	0	33	4,106	0.3%	\$ 16,559,947
1998-99	31	26	3	0	56	5,572	0.4%	\$ 32,143,691
1999-00	28	23	4	4	75	10,257	0.8%	\$ 50,104,210
2000-01	17	15	4	3	86	14,230	1.1%	\$ 64,213,491
2001-02	9	8	3	2	91	19,492	1.5%	\$ 77,177,902
2002-03	3	5	3	1	93	19,832	1.5%	\$ 87,233,744
2003-04	2	2	2	0	93	21,578	1.6%	\$ 94,286,726
2004-05	4	4	0	0	97	24,784	1.8%	\$ 110,888,050
	128	117	20	10				

Flexibility of Charter Schools

Charter schools are provided both financial and educational flexibility

Financial

- Funds allotted in one dollar allotment.
- Not required to:
 - pay personnel using the state salary schedules or salary ranges,
 - ⇒ participate in the State Employees Retirement System or State Major Medical Plan,
 - ⇒ purchase on state contract or participate in e-procurement,
 - ⇒ provide transportation to students.

Educational

- Not held to:
 - ⇒ class size maximums,
 - ⇒ 1,000 instructional hours requirement (only required to have 180 instructional days),
 - ⇒ Licensing standards of teachers (required to have 75% of the teachers licensed in grades K-5 and 50% in 6-12).

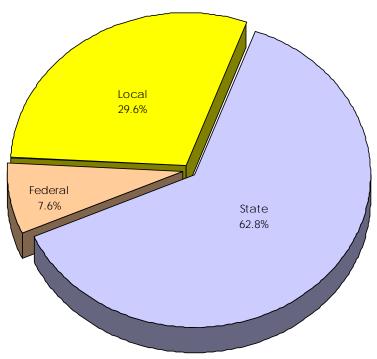
Charter School Expenditures

FY 2003-04

State funds are allotted based on the number of students in ADM at the Charter School. State funds may be used for any purpose other than purchasing a building.

Most federal funds are targeted towards a specific population such as Low Income Children or Handicapped Children.

Local funds are given to Charter Schools based on the local current expense appropriation in the county in which the student resides. Local funds may be used for any purpose.





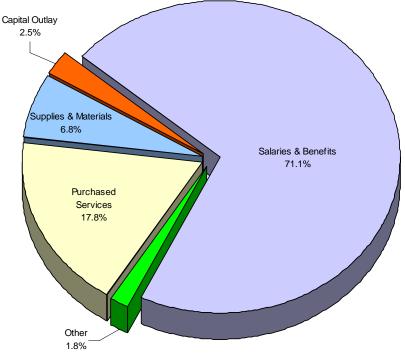
Insurance,

Membership Dues,

And Debt Services.

Purchased Services include:

Contracted Services, Utilities, Transportation, Printing, Telephone, and Mailing.



Funded ADM and Projected State Funding FY2004-05

			FY 04/05	
		Funded	Projected State	Funding
CS#	Charter School Name	ADM	Funding	Per ADM
01A	Lakeside Charter School	56	\$ 265,470	\$ 4,741
01B	River Mill	360	1,474,224	4,095
01C	Clover Garden School	367	1,538,880	4,193
01D	New Century School (previously 68B)	88	420,599	4,780
06A	Grandfather Academy	40	264,602	6,615
06B	Crossnore Academy	73	470,260	6,442
07A	Washington Montessori	227	1,120,959	4,938
10A	Charter Day School	512	2,269,693	4,433
11A	Evergreen Community Charter	364	1,716,787	4,716
11B	ArtSpace Charter School	246	1,137,580	4,624
11K	Francine Delany School	145	704,479	4,858
12A	New Dimensions	77	384,628	4,995
13A	Carolina International School	320	1,291,180	4,035
16A	Cape Lookout Marine HS	117	575,136	4,916
16B	The Tiller School	176	811,757	4,612
18B	Visions Charter School (prev. Englemann)	70	339,931	4,856
19A	Chatham Charter	276	1,238,803	4,488
19B	The Woods Charter Sch.	198	892,301	4,507
20A	Learning Center	78	515,328	6,607
26B	Alpha Academy	94	381,950	4,063
32A	Maureen Joy	230	1,042,324	4,532
32B	Healthy Start Academy	303	1,316,000	4,343
32C	Carter Community	104	488,848	4,700
32D	Kestrel Heights School	160	772,623	4,829
32G	Omuteko Gwamaziima	90	424,686	4,719
32H	Research Triangle Charter Academy	676	2,955,805	4,372
32J	Ann Atwater	89	410,419	4,611
32K	Central Park School for Children	154	676,759	4,395
34B	Quality Education Academy	182	794,739	4,367
34C	Downtown Middle School	334	1,559,654	4,670
34D	Carter G. Woodson	348	1,541,633	4,430
34E	East Winston Primary	71	314,273	4,426
34F	Forsyth Academy	558	2,414,406	4,327

Note: Funding as of November 2nd, 2004.

Funded ADM and Projected State Funding FY2004-05

			FY 04/05	
		Funded	Projected State	Funding
CS#	Charter School Name	ADM	Funding	Per ADM
34G	Arts-Based Elementary	221	\$ 1,019,516	\$ 4,613
35A	A Child's Garden	216	1,095,032	5,070
36A	Highland Kindergarten	118	557,673	4,726
36B	Piedmont Community	546	2,307,998	4,227
41A	Imani Institute	139	600,192	4,318
41B	Greensboro Charter Academy	724	3,066,576	4,236
41C	Guilford Preparatory Academy (Guilford Charter School)	274	1,156,540	4,221
41D	Phoenix Academy	324	1,364,654	4,212
45A	The Mountain Community School	159	744,017	4,679
49A	American Renaissance	304	1,282,625	4,219
49B	American Renaissance Middle School	176	777,847	4,420
49D	Success Institute	92	461,446	5,016
50A	Summit Charter	178	830,291	4,665
53A	Provisions Academy	65	321,489	4,946
54A	Children's Village Academy	103	562,815	5,464
54B	Kinston Charter Academy	286	1,291,111	4,514
55A	Lincoln Charter School	514	2,202,096	4,284
60A	Community Charter School	88	399,782	4,543
60B	Sugar Creek Charter School	520	2,286,921	4,398
60C	Kennedy Charter Public	80	396,312	4,954
60D	Lake Norman Charter Sch.	629	2,600,235	4,134
60F	Metrolina Regional Scholars' Academy	132	536,109	4,061
60G	Queen's Grant	612	2,550,794	4,168
60H	Crossroads Charter High	214	930,690	4,349
60I	Children's Community School	296	1,252,181	4,230
63A	The Academy of Moore County	56	270,584	4,832
63B	STARS	145	628,476	4,334
64A	Rocky Mount Charter Public School	897	4,091,862	4,562
65A	Cape Fear Center for Inquiry	328	1,523,141	4,644
66A	Gaston College Preparatory	257	1,370,419	5,332
68A	Orange Charter School	180	843,074	4,684
68N	PACE Academy	73	335,728	4,599
69A	Arapahoe Charter School	343	2,086,181	6,082

Note: Funding as of November 2nd, 2004.

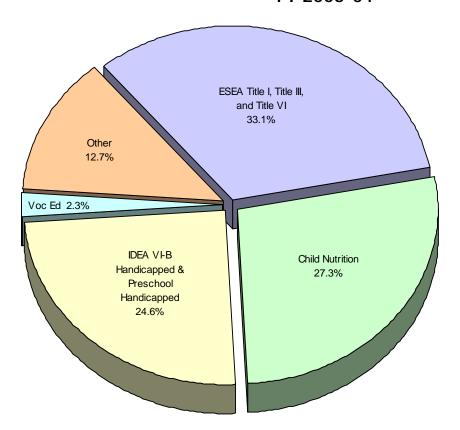
Funded ADM and Projected State Funding FY2004-05

		Funded	FY 04/05 Projected State Funding		
CS#	Charter School Name	ADM	Funding	Per ADM	
73A	Bethel Hill	318	\$ 1,361,150	\$ 4,280	
78A	CIS Academy	111	540,593	4,870	
79A	Bethany Community Middle School	104	507,787	4,883	
80A	Rowan Academy Charter School	60	239,102	3,985	
81A	Thomas Jefferson Classical Academy	365	1,633,576	4,476	
83A	Laurinburg Charter School	78	358,420	4,595	
83B	The Laurinburg Homework Center	92	422,752	4,595	
84B	Gray Stone Day School	200	851,196	4,256	
86A	Millennium Charter Academy	232	1,028,651	4,434	
87A	Mountain Discovery	118	701,527	5,945	
88A	Brevard Academy	195	976,906	5,010	
90A	Union Academy	595	2,544,842	4,277	
91A	Vance Charter School	340	1,526,362	4,489	
92B	Exploris Middle School	181	784,521	4,334	
92C	John Baker HS	51	306,012	6,000	
92D	Magellan Charter	328	1,368,456	4,172	
92E	Sterling Montessori	491	2,055,063	4,185	
92F	Franklin Academy	869	3,548,355	4,083	
92G	East Wake Academy	618	2,578,268	4,172	
921	SPARC Academy	201	837,346	4,166	
92K	Raleigh Charter High School	496	2,067,044	4,167	
92L	Torchlight Academy	143	620,845	4,342	
92M	PreEminent Charter School	553	2,354,908	4,258	
92N	Quest Academy	126	527,082	4,183	
92P	Community Partners Charter High	111	558,990	5,036	
92Q	Hope Elementary School	106	466,594	4,402	
92R	Casa Esperanza	191	831,502	4,353	
93A	Haliwa-Saponi Tribal	149	776,413	5,211	
96C	Dillard Academy	83	439,029	5,290	
97D	Bridges	150	752,136	5,014	
98A	Sallie B. Howard School	657	3,051,499	4,645	
	TOTALS	24,784	\$ 110,888,050	\$ 4,474	

Note: Funding as of November 2nd, 2004.

Federal Funds Funding Our Public Schools

Federal Funds Received FY 2003-04



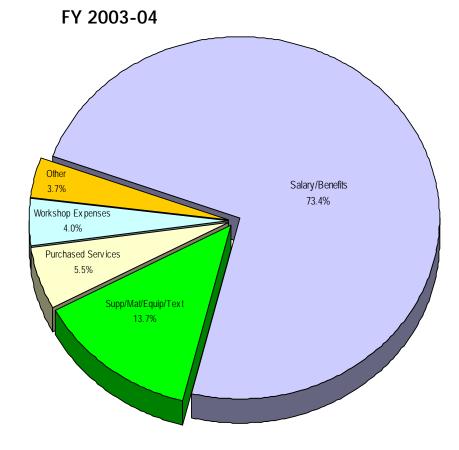
Most federal funds are targeted towards a specific population such as Low Income Children or Handicapped Children.

These funds must be used for the purposes allotted and cannot be transferred.

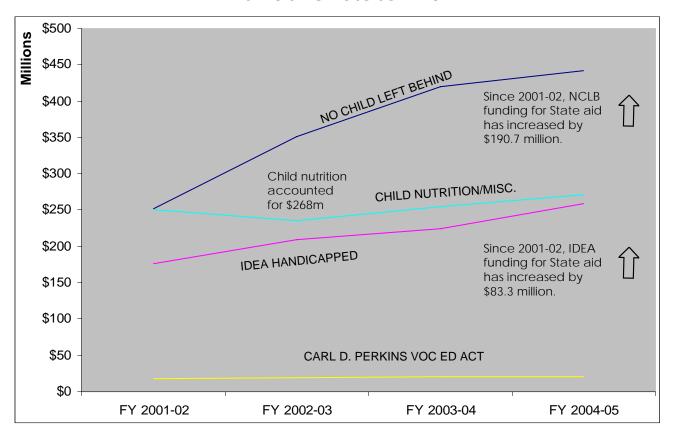
Federal Fund Expenditures

In 2003-04, 8.3% of total personnel were paid from federal funds. This equates to 6,459 teachers and instructional support, 117 central office administrators, 1 principal and 5 assistant principals, 3,622 teacher assistants, and 3,827 other non-certified personnel.

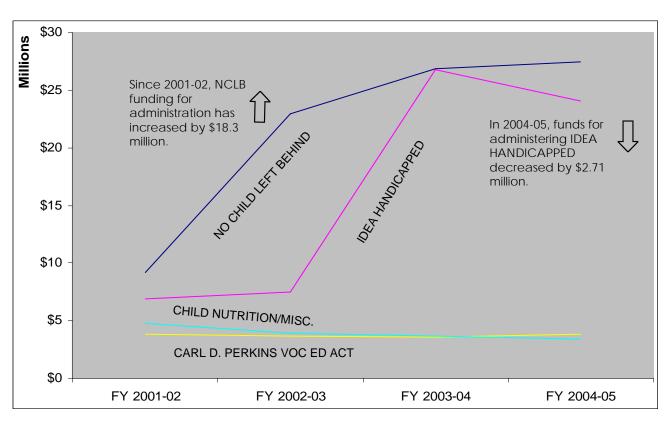
Other includes Utilities, Insurance, Transportation Costs, and Indirect Costs.



Funds for State Aid



Funds for Administration of Grants



N.C. ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION FEDERAL GRANT AWARDS

Federal Grants (Note):

Abstinence Education Program	\$ 281,479
* Advanced Placement Fee	164,444
Byrd Honors Scholarships	1,110,000
Child Nutrition Program - as of October 2004	269,674,969
* 21st Century Community Learning Centers	21,295,324
* Comp School Reform	1,910,182
* Education Technology State Grants	13,673,066
* Homeless Children and Youth	987,727
IDEA VI-B Handicapped	248,393,062
IDEA VI-B Preschool Handicapped	10,569,350
* Improving Teacher Quality	61,186,333
* English Language Acquisition	8,439,597
Learn and Serve America	405,181
* Math & Science Partnership	3,506,263
* Public Chartered Schools	6,270,000
Refugee Children	144,000
* Rural Low Income	4,104,775
* Safe and Drug Free Schools	7,615,798
* Title I - Basic Grant	257,693,805
* Title I - School Improvement	10,307,753
* Title I - Even Start	4,555,783
* Title I - Reading First	20,930,392
* Title I - Migrant Education	6,939,285
* Title I - Neglected and Delinquent Children	851,424
* Title I - Comprehensive School Reform	4,989,574
* Title V - Innovative Programs	6,743,191
Vocational Education Basic Grant	19,326,003
Vocational Education Tech Prep	 1,879,759
Total	\$ 993,948,519

^{*} No Child Left Behind funds are comprised of these individual grants.

Note: The 2004-05 federal grant awards received as of December 31, 2004. Does not include administrative amounts.

N.C.ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION FEDERAL GRANTS 2003-04

	Grant	Project	Grant Type	
	<u>Term</u>	<u>Period</u>	See Note	Brief Description
21st Century Community Learning Centers	27 months	12 months	State App./Comp	Funds to provide quality, accessible, after-school, weekend, or summer programs for children, youth, and their families.
Abstinence Education Program	12 months	Varies	Direct	Funds to provide abstinence education, mentoring, counseling, and adult supervision to promote abstinence from sexual activity out-of-wedlock.
Advanced Placement Fee	12 months	N/A	State Application	Funds to reimburse part or all of the cost of AP test fees for low income students.
Child Nutrition Programs	12 months	12 months	State Plan	Funding for School Lunch, Special Milk, and School Breakfast.
Common Core Data	27 months	N/A	Direct	Funds to support travel and other activities of the Statistical Research Section.
Community Services	27 months	N/A	State Application	Funds to carry out programs under which students expelled or suspended from school are required to perform community service.
Comprehensive School Reform Demonstration	27 months	27 months	State App./Comp	Provide tools and strategies to schools to become successful in helping all students reach high academic standards
Education Technology State Grants	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct/ Comp	Funds to support the integration of educational technology into classrooms to improve teaching and learning.
Foreign Language Assistance	12 months	N/A	State Application	Funding at the State level to help LEAs develop foreign language assessments.
HIV/Healthful Living	12 months	N/A	State Application	Funds to train teachers on integrating HIV education into school health education.
Homeless Children and Youth	27 months	27 months	State App./Comp	Funds to help LEAs meet the special educational needs of homeless children.
IDEA Title VI-B Handicapped	27 months	27 months	State Plan/Direct	Special education programs for handicapped children ages 3 to 21.
IDEA Title VI-B Preschool Handicapped	27 months	27 months	State Plan/Direct	Special education programs for handicapped children ages 3 to 5.
IDEA Title VI-C Deaf/Blind	12 months	N/A	State Plan	State Admin To coordinate programs for children to age 22 that are both deaf and blind. Some funds are contracted.
Language Acquisition	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Funds to assist school districts in teaching english to limited english proficient students and in helping these students meet the same state standards required of all other students.
Learn and Serve America	12 months	12 months	State App./Comp	Funds for personnel training and service-learning programs to increase youth involvement in community issues and activities.
Math & Science Partnership	27 months	27 months	State App./Comp	Funds to improve the academic achievement of students in mathematics and science through projects that support partnerships of organizations representing preschool through higher education.
NAEP State Coordinator	12 months	N/A	Direct	Funds to support a position which will serve as a liaison between the state education agency and the National Center for Education Statistics.
Public Chartered Schools	12 months	N/A	State App./Comp	Funds for startup of Charter Schools.
Refugee Children	12 months	12 months	State Application	Funds to assist LEAs directly impacted by the sudden influx of refugee children who often have special needs.

N.C.ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION FEDERAL GRANTS 2003-04

	Grant	Project	Grant Type	
	<u>Term</u>	<u>Period</u>	See Note	Brief Description
Robert C. Byrd	12 months	N/A	State Plan	State Admin To promote excellence and provide scholarships to high school seniors.
Rural Low Income School	27 months	27 months	State App./Comp	Funds to address the unique needs of rural school districts that frequently lack the resources needed to compete effectively for federal competitive grants, and receive formula grant allocations in amounts too small to be effective in meeting their intended purposes.
Safe and Drug-Free Schools	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Funds to prevent violence and to implement prevention, early identification, and intervention drug programs.
Special Education - State Improvement Grant	27 months	N/A	State Application	Helps states address such critical issues as teacher shortages and need for highly qualified personnel.
Standards, Assessment, and Accountability	27 months	N/A	State Application	Funds to assist with establishing a state system of standards and assessment.
Star Schools	12 months	N/A	State Application	Fund production and telecast of satellite programming for schools across the country.
Teacher Quality Grants	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Funds to prepare, train, and recruit high quality teachers. Also allows LEAs to reduce class size.
Title I - Basic Grant	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Supplemental funds to provide special help to educationally deprived children, ages 5 to 17 from low income families.
Title I - Comp School Reform	27 months	27 months	State App./Comp	Funds to provide schools with additional tools and effective strategies to become successful in helping all students reach high academic standards.
Title I - Concentration	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Supplemental funds for LEAs with high concentrations of low income children.
Title I - Even Start	27 months	12 months	State App./Comp	Supplemental funds to improve educational opportunities for children and adults through unified, family-centered education and parenting programs.
Title I - Migrant Education	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Funds to meet the educational needs of migratory children.
Title I - Neglected and Delinquent	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Funds for neglected and delinquent children under 21 in state institutions or attending community day programs.
Title I - Reading First	27 months	27 months	State App./Comp	Funds to help States & LEAs utilize scientifically-based reading research to implement comprehensive reading instruction for children in grades K - 3.
Title I - School Improvement	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Additional assistance to schools identified for school improvement, corrective action, and restructing.
Title V - Innovative Education	27 months	27 months	State App./Direct	Funds for targeted assistance programs to enhance student performance.
Troops To Teachers	27 months	N/A	State Application	Funds to attract retired military personnel to a second career as public school teachers.
Virtual Teaching & Learning	12 months	N/A	State Application	Telecommunications partnership that will design programming that can be developed to enhance instruction and training in consultation with professionals who are experts in the subject matter.
Vocational Education	27 months	12 months	State Plan/Direct	Funds to expand, improve, and develop quality programs to enhance future workforce skills.
Vocational Education - Tech Prep	27 months	12 months	State Plan/Comp	To guide students in a course of study leading from high school preparation to the associate degree from local community colleges.

Note: The State Board's flexibility with federal grants is directly related to the Grant Type:

Minimum flexibility. Funds are appropriated by the Federal Government and allocations are based on federal formula. Based on applications for funding filed directly from the Department and/or Governor. Based on specific federal grant criteria. The State Board approves the State Plan. The State Board approves the application and selection processes.