

United States
Department of
Agriculture

Food and Nutrition Service

A Biosecurity Checklist for School Foodservice Programs

Developing a Biosecurity Management Plan







Dear School Foodservice Manager:

The U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), has prepared *A Biosecurity Checklist for School Foodservice Programs: Developing a Biosecurity Management Plan.* Its purpose is to help you protect the health of the children and adults in your school by strengthening the safety of your foodservice operation. While it is not mandatory, FNS encourages your school community to develop a team—to create a food biosecurity management plan that will help keep school meals free from intentional contamination and enable the foodservice to respond to threats or incidents of bioterrorism.

This booklet presents a wide array of guidelines and suggestions on how to:
1) form a school foodservice biosecurity management team, 2) use the checklist to prioritize measures to strengthen biosecurity inside and outside the primary foodservice area, and 3) create a school foodservice biosecurity management plan. Since each school community is unique, you and other school officials will decide which recommendations are possible and make sense for your school.

Keeping our Nation's food supply safe from terrorism requires a total team effort, with participation from Federal, State, and local governments working with our country's food and agriculture sectors. At the Federal level, FNS will work with the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), and other agencies to establish guidance for bolstering the biosecurity of food throughout its journey from farm to table—through transportation, storage, preparation, and service. We hope the guidelines and checklist in this booklet will help you establish a community team and a practical plan to increase food biosecurity in your school.

Working together, we can achieve our biosecurity goals and continue to foster good nutrition and improved health for America's children and families.

Child Nutrition Programs
Food and Nutrition Service, USDA

This document has been revised in response to a vulnerability assessment performed for the National School Lunch Program in accordance with the requirements of the Homeland Security Presidential Directive HSPD-9, which established a national policy to defend the agriculture and food system against terrorist attacks, major disasters, and other emergencies. The vulnerability assessment identified potential security concerns as well as mitigation strategies. Both types of information were used to update this document.

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Introduction

The objectives for this publication are to:

- 1. Introduce the need for securing foodservice operations from bioterrorism.
- 2. Provide a checklist of suggestions for improving the security of your foodservice operation, and
- 3. Assist you in developing a school foodservice biosecurity management plan.

What is "food biosecurity"?

In this manual, the term "food biosecurity" relates to the protection of food from bioterrorism. Bioterrorism is the intentional use of biological and chemical agents for the purpose of causing harm. Some government agencies are using the term "food security" instead of "food biosecurity." ¹

How does food biosecurity differ from food safety?

Both are about reducing the potential of causing serious illness and death. Food safety addresses ways to limit the presence of both naturally occurring food contaminates and those caused by cross contamination, and to prevent growth of organisms caused by time/temperature abuse. Food biosecurity addresses ways to limit the opportunity for someone to intentionally contaminate food for the purpose of causing harm or death. This publication discusses ways to help prevent food biosecurity failures.

What is a school foodservice biosecurity management plan?

In general, it is a way to prepare for the threat of bioterrorism to your foodservice operation. More specifically, it is a written document that spells out school policies and procedures that minimize the risk of intentional contamination of food and reduce the risk of illness or death in your school community. The plan should describe strategies for preventing threats and incidents of product tampering and food contamination. It also describes the appropriate response actions to be taken should an incident occur. By planning ahead, you

will help protect the lives and health of the children and adults in your school environment and be prepared to respond to an emergency.

Does FNS require each school to have a foodservice biosecurity management plan?

FNS does not require or mandate that schools have a foodservice biosecurity management plan. However, given the reality of the threat that bioterrorism presents in our country today, FNS strongly urges schools to take precautions against bioterrorism – either by developing a plan and implementing some or all of the suggestions provided in this publication or by implementing suggestions from other sources.

While this publication mainly focuses on school foodservice both directly and indirectly, it would be wise to prepare your school for bioterrorist threats not related to food. The resource section identifies several resources for general bioterrorism preparedness.

How can our school efficiently implement all the guidelines we have chosen to be in our biosecurity management plan?

Since you may not be able to implement all security measures at one time, use the priority ratings included in the checklist to help you decide which measures to focus on first. FNS recommends implementing the guidelines in phases or groups. You can continue working in phases until all the measures chosen to be part of your plan are addressed and implemented. You should give priority to critical production areas.

What is a critical production area? What types of security measures are important for these areas?

A critical production area is an element of a food production process that may be particularly sensitive to potential adulteration. Examples include bulk storage containers, blenders/mixers, or large batch process operations. Security measures for these areas include:

- (1) restricting access only to authorized staff;
- (2) performing staff background investigations; and
- (3) implementing operational controls, such as monitoring sensitive operations/equipment, or locking bulk storage containers.

¹FNS has historically used "food security" to relate to hunger and the amount of food that is available to our program participants. Rather than change the meaning of "food security" commonly used in FNS programs, FNS has elected to use the term "food biosecurity" in relation to protecting food from acts of bioterrorism.

How To Develop a Plan

The instructions and checklists of security measures in this publication are suggestions. You may choose to use the checklists differently than is instructed, to evaluate the suggestions in a different order, or to implement a suggestion in a way that best suits your needs. The forms provided on pages 34 through 37, once completed, are intended for inclusion into your school foodservice biosecurity management plan.

FNS would like to see each school develop and implement a school foodservice biosecurity management plan. Some school food authorities may choose to develop a general plan for all the schools in their district, however the plan should address the specific roles and responsibilities for each individual school.

Check to see if your school food authority/school district or Board of Education already has a biosecurity management plan or emergency preparedness plan in place. If so, you will need to know its requirements.

Schools that already have a biosecurity plan in place may choose to use this publication to evaluate their current plan and to identify ways to strengthen it.

The steps below are for schools that do not currently have a foodservice biosecurity management plan in place. Most of the security measures suggested in this checklist will require the cooperation and assistance of the school administration.



Step 1: Establish a school foodservice biosecurity management team.

Most schools already have a crisis management, emergency preparedness, school security, Food-Safe School, school safety, or school improvement team(s) and related action plan(s) in place. To reduce duplication of policies and procedures, one or more of these existing groups may decide to take on biosecurity responsibilities.

A food biosecurity management team should include both in-house members and external members:

In-house members:

- should have primary responsibility for developing and implementing the plan,
- may include, but are not limited to, the foodservice manager, principal, a professional with a science background (for some schools this would be a science teacher), custodian, school nurse, school security guard, and an interested parent.
- may also include members of other school teams such as crisis management, school security, Food-Safe School, school safety, or school improvement teams.

External members:

- may serve as advisors or consultants throughout the process,
- may include, but are not limited to, an environmental health specialist/sanitarian, health official, public health nurse, or epidemiologist associated with the local health department; a School Food Authority or State Child Nutrition Program representative; a local law enforcement official, a School Board official, and/or a team member from a neighboring school that already has a biosecurity management plan in place.

Once the team is established, choose a team leader and alternate team leader.

Step 2: Together as a team, go through all the checklists on pages 6 through 31 and rate the priority level of each measure.

The priority level of each security measure should be based on the usefulness or urgency of that measure for your school. As you evaluate the priority for each item write your rating — high, medium, low, or not applicable — in the space provided. Some rating examples follow:

High: An action that responds to an emergency has high priority, for example, maintaining an up-to-date emergency contact list of first responders is critical in an emergency and therefore should have a high level of priority. An action that prevents an act of bioterrorism, such as addressing critical production areas, should also have a high priority.

Medium or Low: An action that could prevent a dangerous situation that has less likelihood of occurring would be either a medium or low priority.

Not Applicable: There may be some security measures that do not apply to your school, for example, if your school does not have outside food storage, then prevention measures related to outside food storage would not apply to your operation.

Note: Use the comment space in the checklist to make notes about factors that may affect the implementation of each security measure such as resources available/needed, length of time needed for completion, cost, or other obstacles. You can also use the comment space to note if policy for that suggestion already exists and where it can be found.

Step 3: Add security measures unique to your school.

The prevention measures suggested in the checklist are the minimum components that should be addressed in a biosecurity management plan. You may have additional security needs for your school environment. On page 32 is a blank evaluation form where you can add security measures unique to your school. Don't forget to give your added security measures a priority rating too.

You may want to refer to other biosecurity guidelines from FSIS, FDA, and the World Health Organization for more ideas on how to strengthen the security at your school (see the Resources section beginning on page 38).

Step 4: Determine which security measures will be part of your plan.

Now that you have rated the priority for each security measure and have written thoughts about resources needed and/or possible obstacles, it will be clear what steps need to be included in your school foodservice biosecurity plan. All of the measures that are relevant to your school (high, medium, and low) should be included in your biosecurity plan.

Step 5: Assign tasks and develop a schedule of target dates for each.

Now that you have determined which security measures will be included in your plan, develop a schedule for implementing each one based on its priority rating.

You may want to divide your schedule into phases, for example phase one may be to establish emergency contacts, develop the emergency contact list, and address other communications security measures as appropriate; phase 2 may be to implement ten high-priority measures; and phase 3 may be to implement five more high priority measures and several medium-or low-priority measures.

Many of the suggestions require developing policy and procedures. **Policy** refers to *what* needs to be done and *when* it should be done, while **procedures** refer to *how* the requirements of the policy will be accomplished. Policy and procedures do not have to be complex — the main purpose of developing them is to think ahead. Write down what situations could happen and then write down what your response/ actions will be if that situation does happen.

Your plan development schedule should document both the responsibilities assigned to each team member and the target deadline for completing each measure. For items that require ongoing action, you may want to further break down the responsibilities and assign separate deadlines for each part; for example, one person may be assigned to write the policies, procedures, and monitoring schedule while another person may be assigned to implement the policies and procedures and to perform the scheduled checkups written by the first person.

No matter how you write your schedule/plan, make sure each team member understands what is required to complete the assigned tasks, when each task should be completed, and who will be responsible for implementing each task. Assigned to and deadline spaces are included in the checklists to assist you in developing your schedule.

If a task will be divided into parts, write down who will be responsible for each part. Some tasks involve ongoing action such as monitoring. For these types of tasks, the deadline recorded will be the deadline to begin implementing that task. On page 37 is a form to help develop a monitoring schedule for tracking items that require continuous action.

Step 6: Track your progress. As you address and implement security measures, check the *implemented* box.

Step 7: Maintain the school foodservice biosecurity management plan. See page 31 for ways to help keep your plan up to date.



Checklists: Security Measures to Include in a School Foodservice Biosecurity Management Plan

Most of the security measures suggested in the following categories will require the cooperation and assistance of the school administration.

Always consider your district's emergency preparedness plan including its general policies and procedures for handling school emergencies.

Establish a priority for addressing each of the following:

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	Communication	
	Handling a Crisis	
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A. Communication	Schedille
A1. Compile team member information. List the contact information for each team member and their responsibilities. Verify the information regularly and upon when needed. (See page 34 for sample information for	date Deadline:
A2. Establish a relationship with local authorities in relation to biosecurity. Local authorities that could be contacted include law enforcement officials, hazardous material (HAZMAT) representatives, environmental healt specialists/sanitarians, health officials, fire and rescue department representatives, or Federal food safety regulatory agency representatives (FDA or FSIS) and Homeland Security officials. The school food biosecurity management team should meet with representatives of these groups to discuss a partnership and how they call assist in the development of your plan, and under what types of crisis situations they would be involved.	Comments:
A3. Determine which agency or authority would serve a first responder(s) based on different crisis situations first responder represents the most important authority that needs to be involved with a certain type of emerge situation. There may be different first responders for different types of emergency situations. By completing suggestion A2, you will have a better understanding of authority to list as a first responder for different situation.	Deadline: Comments:
A4. Compile an emergency contact list of authorities. This list should include the names and phone numbers specific personnel from each agency or authority. (See pages 35 and 36 for emergency contact form).	
A5. Have on file the address and driving directions for getting to the local police and fire departments and o local first responders. In case other forms of communication are not working, you may need someone to drive, run, or bicycle to the nearest first responder to report an emergency.	ther Deadline:

Lovel of Prioris	A. Communication (continued)	Schedule	Implemented
	A6. Distribute the emergency contact list to appropriate school staff. If possible, distribute this information in several formats: post it in a secure yet prominent place, make it available in hard copies, wallet cards, and on an intranet system. Ask internal team members to program the numbers into their telephones. Use of cellular phones or other forms of communication may be necessary.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	A7. Verify and update emergency contact information often. Determine how often the contact information will be verified. It is suggested to do this a minimum of one time per month. Make sure dates of revisions are noted to prevent confusion.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	A8. Have procedures for communicating with students, parents, and with the media when necessary (for example, notices of incidents or a press release). Follow an established plan as designated by your school board. While already established, it is important to know the requirements and allowances of communicating with the media etc. prior to an emergency.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

B. Handling a Crisis	Schedule
B1. Evaluate the evacuation plan for your school. Review existing evacuation plans and make changes if necessary. Establish measures to prevent security breaches during an evacuation.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:
B2. Create a diagram showing entry points for emergency personnel. These entry points should be clearly marked on the building. Also, make blueprints of the building available to first responders.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:
B3. Develop procedures for tracking all food and ingredients from manufacturer to table. Keep detailed purchase and food production records. You can find guidance for keeping production records in the Menu Planner for Healthy School Meals and the HACCP for Child Nutrition Programs Building on the Basics manuals. (See Resources)	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:
B4. Develop procedures for recalling your products and for quickly identifying and isolating recalled products. In the event food is found to be unfit for consumption, all of that product must be located and removed from service. Designate an area for holding recalled food items. (This should be consistent with suggestion J10). Responding to a Food Recall manual can provide additional guidance. (See Resources)	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:
B5. Develop procedures for safely handling and disposing of contaminated products. Consult with knowledgeable local and State agencies. Do not dispose of products contaminated with chemical or biological agents without approval from health and law-enforcement officials. Authorities may require samples for evidence or further investigation. Use only approved solid waste haulers.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:
B6. Develop procedures for suspending the use of contaminated water. In addition to developing these procedures, see pages 25 and 26 for possible security measures for protecting your water and ice supply.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:

Lovel of Priorit	B. Handling a Crisis (continued)	Scheoline	Implemen
	B7. Develop procedures for providing safe and secure substitute meals, including procedures for feeding students at an alternate site(s). Consult with local health or food safety department, since these officials may have to approve changes in alternate site(s) for compliance with food safety regulations.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	B8. Develop procedures for notifying appropriate law enforcement and public health officials when your school receives a food biosecurity threat, as well as when a member of the school community observes or suspects product tampering. Developing a standard form will be useful to document the who, what, when, and where of the reported situation.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	B9. Develop procedures to follow if you suspect the airflow to be contaminated with biological or other contaminants. Contact your HAZMAT unit (or first responder) to determine what you should and should not do if you suspect contamination.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

70,007	C. Choosing Suppliers	Schedule	Impleme
	C1. Purchase all food ingredients, food products, packaging materials, and other foodservice supplies only from reputable suppliers who have appropriate permits or licenses as applicable. Priority consideration should be given to suppliers who furnish foods manufactured using food security plans and measures. Obtain a signed agreement that suppliers will comply with applicable policies and procedures of the school's food biosecurity management plan. Some questions you might ask to determine if a supplier is reputable: • Are you currently licensed and inspected by state and/or federal health authorities? (Request a copy of the Certificate of Inspection and license or permit as applicable). • Do you have references? (Request contact information for references). • Do you have a Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) plan in place? • Do you have a Crisis Management Plan in place? • Do you have a recall plan in place? • Can you provide letters of guarantee?	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	C2. Keep a list of phone numbers of suppliers and alternate suppliers (for situations when regular suppliers are unable to provide product) readily available. Notify staff of where the list will be kept.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	C3. Require all food suppliers, including central kitchens, to use tamper-proof packaging on foods they ship to your school. An example of a tamper-proof seal is a numbered seal on an intact food package with matching number on the shipping documents. If product is delivered with a broken seal, reject it.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	C4. Require suppliers to provide advance notification (by phone, e-mail, fax, or schedule of delivery) for all deliveries—especially off-hour deliveries. Suppliers should provide pertinent details about the shipment—for example, the name of the driver, estimated time of delivery, what and how much will be delivered. Determine in advance that unscheduled deliveries will be either rejected or held outside school premises until shipment can be verified and inspected.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Level of Priority	6/ (a a ptipus al)	Scheaule	^{Im} plementeq
	C5. Meet with local vendors to increase awareness about food security issues. For example, local vendors should agree to use tamper-evident packaging for fresh products,	Assigned to: Deadline:	
	such as lettuce or other produce. Vendors should know about transport security safeguards (e.g., use of same drivers/same routes, no unattended deliveries, reseal/relock delivery trucks) and personnel security measures (e.g., employee background investigations). (This should be consistent with suggestion M1.)	Comments:	
	C6. Consider use of foods processed using alternative technologies (e.g., irradiated meat, ultra-pasteurized milk) because they may be less vulnerable to adulteration by	Assigned to: Deadline:	
	certain contaminants.	Comments:	

D. Receiving/Inspection D1. Assure security measures are in place at loading Assigned to: docks to prevent unverified or unauthorized deliveries at any time. Dock doors should be closed and locked when Deadline: not in use. Restrict access to loading dock. Comments: Assigned to: D2. Assign an authorized person to verify and receive shipments both during business hours and after business hours. Set policy in advance to address an unattended Deadline: delivery – for example, do not move or open packages left Comments: on loading docks; if known, call the company and have them remove the package; if it is not evident where the package came from, call the police. D3. Verify deliveries against a roster of scheduled Assigned to: deliveries and approved suppliers. Deadline: Comments: D4. Set a policy that all delivery trucks on the premises Assigned to: be locked and sealed when not being loaded or unloaded. Deadline: Comments: D5. Set policy and procedures to investigate at the time Assigned to: of delivery shipping documents with suspicious changes at the time of delivery. Deadline: Comments: Assigned to: D6. Provide training on identifying packaging that is acceptable and not acceptable. Train all foodservice personnel and the biosecurity team members. Deadline: Comments: D7. Inspect the package condition of all ingredients Assigned to: (including commercial premixes), food service products, and hazardous chemicals prior to accepting shipment. Be Deadline: sure to look for signs of tampering and counterfeiting. Comments:

D. Receiving/Inspection (continued)	Scheaule	Imple
D8. Document package inspection results in a receiving log. Documentation for the receiving log should include company name, product name, expiration date, lot codes, the number of units delivered, where the product will be stored, who received the product, and date and time of receipt.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
D9. Establish policy and procedures to reject food and chemical packages that are not acceptable, cannot be verified against delivery roster, or contain unacceptable changes to shipping documents	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
D10. Set policy and procedures to notify the food biosecurity team leader immediately if product tampering is suspected in any of the deliveries.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

E. Sto	orage Areas	Schedule	Implant
E1. Secure access to	all food product, food ingredient, areas. For example, lock doors or	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
ingredient, and chem	tor access to all food product, food ical storage areas. Consider keeping ument who has entered the storage	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	in all storage facilities (including chicles) regularly, and keep a log of	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
and chemical – so yo	e inventories of all supplies – food ou can detect and investigate s to or withdrawals from stock.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Lovel of Priority	F. Storing Food	Schedule	Implemented
	F1. Store all leftover food items in tightly sealed (except during cooling), clearly labeled, and dated containers.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	F2. Establish policy and procedures to discard food or ingredients that are not properly sealed and labeled.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

G. Hazardous Chemicals G1. Follow manufacturer's instructions for use of Assigned to: hazardous chemicals. This includes amounts of chemicals to use, the use of personal protective equipment, proper Deadline: environmental conditions, and all other precautions listed. Comments: Assigned to: **G2.** Construct and vent hazardous chemical storage areas in accordance with national and local building, fire, health department, and/or Department of Environment codes. Deadline: Comments: G3. Store and secure hazardous chemicals outside of Assigned to: food preparation areas. Deadline: Comments: G4. Keep a daily inventory of hazardous chemicals and Assigned to: investigate all discrepancies immediately. Deadline: Comments: **G5. Obtain Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for** Assigned to: hazardous chemicals from your supplier and make them readily available to food service staff. Be prepared for Deadline: addressing human exposure or food contamination from hazardous chemicals. Comments: **G6.** Train employees to use chemicals properly to prevent Assigned to: accidental food contamination and human exposure. Deadline: Comments: **G7.** Protect the foodservice area by securing potential Assigned to: sources of contamination located in other parts of the **school building.** For example, ensure strict control over Deadline: access to cleaning chemicals used by custodians or to classroom laboratories that may contain reagents, Comments: hazardous materials, and microorganisms.

Level of Priority	G. Hazardous Chemicals (continued)	Scheame	Implemented
	G8. Monitor chemical use to prevent deliberate food contamination or human exposure.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	G9. In case of chemical exposure, keep roster of employee's emergency contacts and necessary medical information should family be unavailable. (This should be consistent with suggestion I6).	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

H. Foodservice Equipment	Schedule	Implemen
H1. Instruct employees to look for signs of wear, tear, and tampering before operating equipment.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
H2. Establish procedures to monitor the operation of foodservice equipment (such as steam-jacketed kettles, steamers, choppers, hot/cold storage systems, or mixers) to prevent someone from intentionally contaminating food during preparation. Particular attention should be paid to critical preparation steps where products are uniformly mixed using mixers or blenders or produced in large batches. Secure bulk storage containers, particularly those that hold fluid products where a contaminant can be easily added and mixed. (This should be consistent with suggestion J2.)	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
H3. Keep emergency supply of disposables for foodservice in case utensils, trays, etc. are contaminated, or in case items cannot be decontaminated.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

I. Foodservice Personnel Assigned to: I1. Maintain an updated daily or shift roster of foodservice personnel and distribute it to school and foodservice supervisors. Make the roster accessible to Deadline: staff only, not to outside visitors. Comments: Assigned to: I2. Use a system that ensures clear identification of foodservice personnel to their specific functions (for example, ID cards, colored aprons or hats). Particular Deadline: attention should be paid to personnel working in critical Comments: production areas such as near steam-jacketed kettles, bulk mixers, and dry ingredients. (This should be consistent with suggestion J2.) I3. Ask for and verify identification/credentials and have Assigned to: all visitors escorted. (This should be consistent with suggestion M6). Deadline: Comments: Assigned to: 14. Secure all access points into the foodservice facility with alarms, cameras, locks, fences, or other security Deadline: hardware that meet national and local fire and safety codes. Comments: 15. Establish procedures for dealing with an unauthorized Assigned to: person(s) in a restricted section of the foodservice area. Deadline: Comments: Assigned to: 16. Establish procedures for accessing personnel files. Emergency contact information, insurance information, and Deadline: hospital preferences must be kept secure and confidential. Comments:

Lovol of Prior	I. Foodservice Personnel (continued)	Schedille	Implemented
	17. Set and enforce policy that defines the personal items	Assigned to:	
	foodservice employees may and may not have in the food production or foodservice areas. The FDA Model Food Code limits personal items to a single, plain wedding band	Deadline:	
	and confirmed necessary medications that require refrigeration and are double-packaged and labeled. Provide a secure storage space outside of restricted foodservice areas for all other personal items. (See resources)	Comments:	

Lovel of Priority	J. Foodservice/ Food Preparation Areas	Scheaue	Impleme
J1. of ac se dia en a v	all foodservice areas as well as locations of specific etivities within the foodservice area. This should include elf-service bars and school stores if applicable. This agram will be useful in several ways: to visualize the attre setup and flow of the foodservice operation, and as visual aid for training purposes. You might begin your agram with a blueprint of the school.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
res pro mi sto sh sto	c. Determine which foodservice areas should be stricted. Particular attention should be paid to critical oduction areas where products are uniformly mixed (e.g., ixers/blenders) or produced in large batches (e.g., bulk orage containers for fluid products). Restricted areas would also include food storage areas and chemical orage rooms. Define who is allowed within restricted eas and when.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
pro em no pri	A. Mark the restricted foodservice areas and develop ocedures for controlling entry by non-foodservice inployees. This policy should address the access of all on-foodservice staff such as school administrators, incipals, teachers, maintenance staff, parents, students, and visitors. (This should be consistent with suggestion 66).	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
air	Restrict and control access to central controls for rflow, HVAC, water systems, electricity, and gas within odservice areas.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
ca	a. Alarm emergency exits and self-locking doors that an be opened only from the inside per local and state e and building codes.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
do	s. Secure (lock, seal, equip with a sensor device) all pors, windows, roof openings, vent openings, and outside frigeration/storage units at all times.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Level of Priority	J. Foodservice/ Food Preparation Areas (continued)	Schedule	Implem
	J7. Make sure at least one authorized employee is present in the foodservice area at all times when the area is not secure. With new employees, it may be advisable to have more than one person on duty at the same time.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	J8. Inspect ingredient packages prior to use for evidence of tampering. Examples of evidence are a broken seal (for unopened packages) or discoloration of food inside package (for leftover and resealed packages).	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	J9. Prohibit outside foods and medications in foodservice areas (for example, "personal" foods or food brought in for storage or reheating by students or employees). For safety reasons, provide an alternate storage place to secure personal foods and medications outside of foodservice areas. (This should be consistent with suggestion I7).	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	J10. Identify how and where to isolate suspected contaminated food or foodservice products. Designate an area for holding distressed food and food items held for testing. Be careful: do not disturb a possible "crime scene"—evidence may be destroyed. (This should be consistent with suggestion B4).	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	J11. Document where ingredients and foods are stored and prepared in the foodservice operation. If an ingredient or food is determined to be contaminated, you need to be able to trace where that item is, where that item was, and where it came from. Trace foods by keeping thorough production and inventory records that include the lot and/or code numbers from ingredient packaging that are used and where the finished product was stored or served. This may be accomplished with flow charts or logs and a HACCP plan. (See resources)	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Level of Priors.	J. Foodservice/ Food Preparation Areas (continued)	Schedule	^{Im} polemented
	J12. Do not allow the foodservice areas to be used for "special events" such as parent/teachers dinners or public events unless operated by the regular foodservice staff. Allowing the foodservice facility to be used by unknown and untrained people decreases the security of your foodservice operation.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	J13. Monitor all foodservice areas for signs of suspicious activity or unauthorized entry. This includes self-service areas such as buffets and salad bars, receiving, outside storage, and solid waste disposal.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Level of Priority	K. Outside the School Building	Schedule	Impleme
	K1. Create a diagram or map identifying foodservice- related areas that are outside the building – these areas include loading docks, parking lots, trash areas, outside food or chemical storage, or outside water supply. Post the diagram in appropriate locations in the school.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	K2. Ensure that there is enough outside lighting to allow detection of unusual activities.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	K3. Fence and secure air intakes (for example lock, seal, or equip with a sensor device) to prevent contaminants from entering the air distribution systems.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	K4. Locate parking areas for visitors or guests at a safe distance from the main facility. Clearly mark vehicles of authorized visitors, guests and employees (with placards or decals for example).	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	K5. Monitor school property including vehicles (both private and commercial), the air-intake system, loading docks, and school grounds. Develop procedures to determine what actions to take when anything suspicious is noted.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Lovel of Prioris	L. Water and Ice Supply (continued)	Schedule	Implemented
	L7. Test water and ice regularly to make sure it is safe to drink. Check with local department responsible for your drinking water, municipal water company, and/or local water authority for methods and assistance.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
	L8. Establish policy and procedures for notifying local officials responsible for drinking water and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) immediately if the public water supply might be unsafe to drink or use.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Level of Priority	M. General Security (continued)	Schedule	Implemented
	M7. Account for all keys provided to current employees.	Assigned to:	
		Deadline:	
		Comments:	
	M8. Account for all keys, uniform(s), and identification badges provided to former employees.	Assigned to:	
	saugee provided to fermior employees:	Deadline:	
		Comments:	

N. Handling Mail/Money	Schedule
N1. Set procedures to conduct mail-handling activity in separate room or facility, away from food production ar processing operations. Dangerous contaminants can be spread through handling packages. It is important to tak precautions when handling mail to minimize the risk that contaminated mail could contaminate the food or foodservice areas.	nd Deadline:
N2. Establish policy to direct all incoming mail (from to U.S. Postal Service or from private mail services such UPS, FedEx, etc.) to one central location. Restrict access to mail area.	as
N3. Train mail handlers to recognize and handle suspicious pieces of mail using U.S. Postal Service guidelines. Guidelines are available from the U.S. Postal Service and from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (See resources)	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:
N4. Be aware that the handling of money is a potential means of spreading dangerous contaminants – separat money transactions from the foodservice areas.	
N5. Set a policy for cashiers to always wash hands aft handling money and prior to preparing, serving, or handling foodservice equipment. Follow hand-washing method as directed in the FDA Model Food Code.	Deadline: Comments:

O. Training	Schedule	Implemen
O1. Train all employees about the food biosecurity management plan. It is important that all school employees understand the policies and procedures in the school's food biosecurity management plan so they will know how they can help strengthen security throughout the school.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
O2. Create policy and procedures on how and when to conduct drills. It is important to periodically conduct drills to practice the communication process and to simulate a foodservice crisis (for example recalling a product or serving emergency substitute meals) so that you can evaluate how the crisis response part of your plan is working and make improvements if necessary. Consult with your local health department and other appropriate agencies for assistance with drills.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
O3. Provide food safety and security training for foodservice personnel and local vendors. Train personnel to (1) prevent accidental contamination of food, (2) know what "adulteration" means and how to recognize it, and (3) recognize any sign of possible product tampering, deliberate and intentional product contamination, or other breach in the food security system. Emphasize that it is mandatory to report any signs of contamination, product tampering or breach in the food security system. Be ready to take immediate action so that potentially harmful food is not handled or served.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
O4. Develop policy and procedures on how employees should prepare and submit incident reports. Employees need to know how to bring situations or incidents to the attention of the school foodservice biosecurity management team.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	
O5. Train all new employees in food safety and the school's food biosecurity procedures before they start working, so they can recognize threats to security and respond to a crisis if necessary. Have employees sign a statement documenting what training was taken and when. Provide refresher training periodically.	Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:	

Lovel of Priority	P. Plan Maintenance	Scheoline	Implemented
	P1. Create a schedule for food biosecurity inspections to verify that key provisions of the plan are in place. A team "inspector" and staff member together should check	Assigned to:	
	"inspector" and staff member together should check outside and inside foodservice areas, food production areas, food storage, shipping and receiving areas, water and ice supply, mail handling, and personal/locker storage areas. The inspector should maintain a log with the date, time, name of staff person accompanying the inspector, outcome of the inspection, and recommendations for corrective action. Follow-up by recording in the log the corrective actions taken and when.	Deadline: Comments:	
	P2. Set a policy for continuously reviewing and updating the policies and procedures in the plan. Revise the plan as circumstances change and as you receive new	Assigned to: Deadline:	
	information.	Comments:	

Q. Security measures for Our Own School (Security measures we need to take that are not on the checklist) Assigned to: Deadline: Comments: Q2. Assigned to: Deadline: Comments: Q3. Assigned to: Deadline: Comments: Assigned to: Q4. Deadline: Comments: Q5. Assigned to: Deadline: Comments: Q6. Assigned to: Deadline: Comments:

Forms

School Foodservice Biosecurity Manager	ment Team Information
	ormation
Monitoring Schedule for Items Requiring	Follow-Up
School Food Biosecurity Management Team Information	
School Food Biosecurity International School Food Biosecurity Internat	
School name:	School Emergency Contact Information
Senoral district videoless: Date combined updated: 2. Years Instelled Orice priorie number: Orice priorie number: Cel number: Pager number: Team responsibilities: 7. Member Office phone number: Orice phone number:	If a biposcripty-regard emorgency occurs, contact your school principal and your food biomecanity management tham not havelage. Most again contact your school's first responder. Establish procedures for rest in our time principal in cases in will be the local policy department. Observables, which were contact to the following would be the first responder for your school — in many Observables or complext Applates: School name: School name: School Principal School Rouge:
Home phone number: Cell number: Team responsibilities:	Name:School Food Blascoutry Team Loader Phone number:Name:
S. Member Office priorie number: Once priorie number: Unities priorie number: Unite priorie number: Unite priorie number: Unite priorie number: Unite	Cell namber: Ploor number: Page number: Email: Fan number: Fan number: Fan number: Fan number: Salestifute School Official
Pager number: T. Member	Name: Alternate School Food Bissecurity Team Leader Name: Name: Name: Priore number: Priore number: Cell number: Cell number: Page number: Page number: Emai: Fax number: Fax
9, Member Office places number: Office places number: Hence places number: Cell number: Page number: Page number: Page number: Teym responsibilities:	Media Spokesperson School Foodervice District Director Name: Phose number: Phose number: Cell number: Cell number: Cell number: Cell number:
32 First Responder Emergency Contact Information	Empl: Pager number: Fax number
Date compiled/apdated: Local police Department Control	33
permet rating: Lees Health Department	Monitoring Schedule for Items that Require Follow-up Action Monitoring Schedule for Items tha
Efficie: Affords:	Monitoring Schedule for Items that Require re- Monitoring Schedule for Items that Require re- Task to monitor of rolloways
Local File Reportment Contact name: Proce number: Fin	
Call Iv: MAZMAT Unit Contact name: Priore number: Fast marbor: Fast	
Call #: Call #: Call #: Federal Food Safety Regulatory Agency (FDA or FSIS) Contact range: Phote number: For number: For number: Addition: Addition: Addition: Addition:	

School Food Biosecurity Management Team Information

School name:			
School district/address:			
Date compiled/updated:			
1. Team leader Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number: Team responsibilities:	Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number:		
3. Member Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number: Team responsibilities:	Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number:		
Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number: Team responsibilities:	Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number:		
7. Member Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number: Team responsibilities:	Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number:		
9. Member Office phone number: Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number: Team responsibilities:	Home phone number: Cell number: Pager number:		

School Emergency Contact Information

If a biosecurity-related emergency occurs, contact your **school principal** and your **food biosecurity management team leader** immediately, and then contact your school's first responder. Establish procedures for what to do if the principal is not available. Make sure the team knows which of the following would be the first responder for your school – in many cases it will be the local police department.

Date compiled/updated:		
School name:		
School address:		
School Principal	School Food Biosecurity Team Leader	
Name:	Name:	
Phone number:	Phone number:	
Cell number:	Cell number:	
Pager number:	Pager number:	
Email:	Email:	
Fax number:	Fax number:	
Substitute School Official	Alternate School Food Biosecurity Team Leader	
Name:	Name:	
Phone number:	Phone number:	
Cell number:	Cell number:	
Pager number:	Pager number:	
Email:	Email:	
Fax number:	Fax number:	
Media Spokesperson	School Foodservice District Director	
Name:	Name:	
Phone number:	Phone number:	
Cell number:	Cell number:	
Pager number:	Pager number:	
Email:	Email:	
Fay number:	Fax number:	

First Responder Emergency Contact Information

Local Health Department						
Local Health Department						
Contact name: Phone number: Fax number: Email: Address:						
				Call if:		
				Local/State Agency for Drinking Water		
Contact name:						
Phone number:						
Fax number:						
_ Email: _ Address:						
Address:						
Call if:						
Homeland Security Officer						
Contact name:						
Address:						
Call if:						
HODA O						
USDA Commodity/Food Distribution						
Phone number:						
Fax number:						
Auui 655						
Call if:						

Monitoring Schedule for Items that Require Follow-up Action

Check when completed			
Results of follow-up			
Who is responsible?			
How often will follow-up occur?			
When will follow-up begin?			
Task to monitor or follow-up			

Resources

Instructions, Step 2, Rating Priorities

FDA, Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN) Food Safety and Security: Operational Risk Management Systems Approach

This document is not available on-line

Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition

(CFSAN)

5100 Paint Branch Parkway (HFS-555)

College, Park MD 20740

Phone Number: 1-888-SAFEFOOD

General Accounting Office (GAO)

http://www.gao.gov

A Risk Management Approach Can Guide Preparedness Efforts

Report #: GAO-02-208T, October 31, 2001 http://www.gao.gov/new items/d02208t.pdf Address: General Accounting Office (GAO)

441 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20548 Phone Number: (202) 512-4800

A. Communication

American State Health Officials (ASTHO)

http://www.statepublichealth.org

State Public Health Hotline Numbers

http://www.statepublichealth.org/index.php? template=hotlines.php

Address: American State Health Officials (ASTHO)

1275 K Street NW Suite 800 Washington DC 20005 Phone Number: (202) 371-9090

Department of Homeland Security website

http://www.dhs.gov or http://www.ready.gov

State Contact List

http://www.whitehouse.gov/homeland/

contactmap.html

Address: The White House

The Department of Homeland Security

1600 Pennsylvania Ave. NW Washington DC 20500

Phone Number: (202) 456-1111

Federal Bureau of Investigation Field Offices

http://www.fbi.gov (click on "site map" towards bottom of the page, then click on "field offices")

Address: Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)

J. Edgar Hoover Building 935 Pennsylvania Ave. NW Washington DC 20535-0001

Phone Number: (202) 324-3000

National Food Service Management Institute (NFSMI)

http://www.nfsmi.org

Emergency Readiness Plan: A Guide for the School Foodservice Operation

http://www.nfsmi.org/Information/ e-readiness.html

Address: National Food Service Management

Institute (NFSMI)

University of Mississippi

P.O. Drawer 188

University, MS 38677-0188

Phone Number: 1-800-321-3054 or

(662) 915-7658

US Department of Agriculture (USDA)

Emergency Preparedness Personnel Directory

This information is not available on-line

Address: U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)

1400 Independence Ave. NW Washington DC 20250

Phone Number: (202) 720-3631

US Department of Education, Office of Safe and Drug Free Schools

http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSDFS

Practical Information on Crisis Planning: A Guide for Schools and Communities

http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSDFS/ emergencyplan/

Address: U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW

Washington, DC 20202

Phone Number: 1-800-USA-LEARN

(1-800-872-5327)

Address to order publication:

Education Publications Center, US

Department of Education

P.O. Box 1398

Jessup, MD 20794-1398

B. Handling A Crisis

American School Food Service Association (ASFSA)

http://www.asfsa.org

Food Safety in Schools: Communicating During Times of Crisis

http://www.asfsa.org/newsroom/nfsem/ fscrisis.asp

Address: American School Food Service Association

(ASFSA)

700 So Washington Street

Ste # 300

Alexandria, VA 22314-4287 Phone Number: 1-800-877- 8822 or

(703) 739-3900

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Reporting Problems to the FDA

http://www.fda.gov/opacom/backgrounders/ problem.html

Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

5600 Fisher's Lane Rockville, MD 20857

Phone Number: 1-888-INFO-FDA (1-888 463-6332)

Food Marketing Institute (FMI)

http://www.fmi.org

Extortion Threat Information Form

http://www.fmi.org/media/extortion_threat_

 $information_form.pdf$

Address: Food Marketing Institute (FMI)

655 15th Street NW Washington DC 20005 Phone Number: (202) 452-8444

Food Safety Training and Education Alliance (FSTEA)

http://www.fstea.org

Suspect Description Form

http://www.fstea.org/resources/security/ suspect_description_form.html Food Safety Training and Education Alliance (FSTEA)

(This information is only available on-line)

Georgia Dept. of Education

http://www.doe.k12.ga.us

Foodborne Illness Report Form

http://www.doe.k12.ga.us/_documents/ schools/nutrition/foodborneillnessform.pdf

Address: Georgia Dept. of Education

Help Desk

2054 Twin Towers East Atlanta, GA 30334

Phone Number: (404) 656-2800 or

1-800-311-3627 (GA) Fax Number: (404) 651-6867

National Food Service Management Institute (NFSMI)

http://www.nfsmi.org

Emergency Readiness Plan: A Guide for the School Foodservice Operation

http://www.nfsmi.org/Information/ e-readiness.html

Responding to a Food Recall

http://www.nfsmi.org/Education/Satellite/ss29/satinfo.htm#print

Manual: http://www.nfsmi.org/information/

recallmanual.pdf

Leader guide: http://www.nfsmi/recalllg.pdf Poster: http://www.nfsmi/recallposter.pdf Brochure: http://www.nfsmi/recallbrochure.pdf Address: National Food Service Management

Institute (NFSMI)

University of Mississippi

P.O. Drawer 188

University, MS 38677-0188 Phone Number: 1-800-321-3054 or

(662) 915-7658

US Department of Education, Office of Safe and Drug Free Schools

http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSDFS

Practical Information on Crisis Planning: A Guide for Schools and Communities

http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSDFS/ emergencyplan/

Address: U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202

Phone Number: 1-800-USA-LEARN (1-800-872-5327)

Address to order publication:

Education Publications Center, US

Department of Education

P.O. Box 1398

Jessup, MD 20794-1398

C. Choosing Suppliers

National Restaurant Association (NRA)

http://www.restaurant.org

Selecting Suppliers

http://www.restaurant.org/nfsem/images/pdfs/we ek1 activity.pdf

Address: NRA Educational Foundation's

International Food Safety Council 1200 17th Street NW

Washington DC 20036 Phone Number: (202) 331-5900

D. Receiving/Inspection

FDA, Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN) Incoming Food Materials Inspection Report and Inspecting Incoming Food Materials

Neither of these documents are available on-line.

Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition

(CFSAN)

5100 Paint Branch Parkway (HFS-555)

College, Park MD 20740

Phone Number: 1-888-SAFEFOOD (1-888-723-3366)

National Restaurant Association (NRA)

http://www.restaurant.org

Receiving Guidelines

http://www.restaurant.org/nfsem/images/pdfs/We ek2_Activity.pdf

Address: NRA Educational Foundation's

International Food Safety Council

1200 17th Street NW Washington DC 20036

Phone Number: (202) 331-5900

Purdue University

http://www.cfs.purdue.edu

Receiving and Storage Checklist

http://www.cfs.purdue.edu/RHIT/foodsafety/ Checklists_HACCP/SampleChecklist_Receiving& Storage.PDF

Address: Purdue University

Department of Hospitality & Tourism

Management Stone Hall W. Lafayette, IN 47907 Phone Number: 765-494-4600

E. Storage Areas

No recommended resources.

F. Storing Food

No recommended resources.

G. Hazardous Chemicals

Interactive Learning Paradigm Incorporated (ILPI) Where to find Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) on the Internet

http://www.ilpi.com/msds/

Address: Interactive Learning Paradigm

Incorporated (ILPI) 4905 Wayne Blvd.

Lexington, KY 40513-1469

Phone Number: 859-396-5218 Email address: infor@ilip.com

H. Foodservice Equipment

No recommended resources.

I. Foodservice Personnel

FDA, Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN)

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov

FDA Model Food Code report number PB

2022100819

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/foodcode.html Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition

(CFSAN)

5100 Paint Branch Parkway (HFS-555)

College, Park MD 20740

Phone Number: 1-888-SAFEFOOD (1-888-723-3366)

or to purchase the FDA Model Food Code, contact the National Technical Information Service (NTIS)

Address: NTIS

5285 Port Royal Drive Springfield, VA 22161

Phone Number: (703) 605-6000

J. Foodservice/Food Preparation Areas

National Food Service Management Institute (NFSMI)

HACCP for Child Nutrition Programs Building on the Basics

http://www.olemiss.edu/depts/nfsmi

Address: National Food Service Management

Institute (NFSMI)

University of Mississippi

P.O. Drawer 188

University, MS 38677-0188

Phone Number: 1-800-321-3054 or

(662) 915-7658

K. Outside the School Building

No recommended resources.

L. Water and Ice Supply

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

http://www.fema.gov

Emergency Food and Water Supplies

http://www.fema.gov/library/emfdwtr.shtm

Address: Federal Emergency Management Agency

(FEMA)

500 C Street SW

Washington DC 20006

Phone Number: (202) 639-3520

American Red Cross

http://www.redcross.org

Food and Water in an Emergency brochure

http://www.redcross.org/disaster/safety/

foodwtr.pdf

Address: American Red Cross

National Headquarters

431 18th Street NW

Washington DC 20006

Phone Number: (202) 639-3520

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

http://www.epa.gov

Address: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Ariel Rios Building

1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW

Mail Code: 3213A Washington DC 20460

Phone Number: (202) 260-2090

M. General Security

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

http://www.fda.gov

bioterrorism website

http://www.fda.gov/oc/opacom/hottopics/

bioterrorism.html

Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

5600 Fisher's Lane Rockville, MD 20857

Phone Number: 1-888-INFO-FDA (1-888 463-6332)

FDA, Center for Food Safety and Nutrition (CFSAN)

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov

food safety and terrorism website

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/fsterr.html

Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition

(CFSAN)

5100 Paint Branch Parkway (HFS-555)

College, Park MD 20740

Phone Number: 1-888-SAFEFOOD (1-888-723-3366)

Montgomery County's Emergency Management Office

http://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/

Public Health and Emergency Preparedness

http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-srv/health/ specials/preparedness/guides/montgomery.pdf

Address: Montgomery County's Emergency

Management Office 101 Monroe Street Rockville, MD 20850

Phone Number: (240) 777-2300

N. Handling Mail/Money

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) http://www.bt.cdc.gov/

Information and Guidance for Safe Handling of Mail

http://www.bt.cdc.gov/ (search for "suspicious packages" or "handling mail")

Address: Centers for Disease Control and

Prevention (CDC) 1600 Clifton Road Atlanta, GA 30333

Phone Number: (404) 639-3311

FDA, Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN)

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov

FDA Model Food Code report number PB 2022100819

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/foodcode.html
Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition
(CFSAN)

5100 Paint Branch Parkway (HFS-555)

College, Park MD 20740

Phone Number: 1-888-SAFEFOOD (1-888-723-3366)

or to purchase the FDA Model Food Code, contact the National Technical Information Service (NTIS)

Address: NTIS

5285 Port Royal Drive Springfield, VA 22161 Phone Number: (703) 605-6000

United States Postal Service (USPS)

http://www.usps.com

U.S. Postal Guidelines

http://www.usps.com/news/2001/press/serviceu pdates.htm

Mail handling Poster

http://www.usps.com/news/

2001/press/mailsecurity/postcard.htm Address: United States Postal Service (USPS)

475 L' Enfant Plaza SW Washington DC 20260

Phone Number: 1-800-ASK-USPS (1-800-275-8777)

O. Training

FDA, Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN)

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov

FDA Model Food Code report number PB 2022100819

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/foodcode.html

Managing Food Safety: A Guide for the Voluntary Use of HACCP Principles for Operators of Food Service and Retail Establishments

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/hret-toc.html Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN)

5100 Paint Branch Parkway (HFS-555) College, Park MD 20740

Phone Number: 1-888-SAFEFOOD (1-888-723-3366)

or to purchase the FDA Model Food Code, contact the National Technical Information Service (NTIS)

Address: NTIS

5285 Port Royal Drive Springfield, VA 22161 Phone Number: (703) 605-6000

National Food Service Management Institute (NFSMI)

http://www.nfsmi.org

Emergency Readiness Plan: A Guide for the School Foodservice Operation

http://www.nfsmi.org/Information/e-readiness.html HACCP for Child Nutrition Programs Building on the Basics

http://www.olemiss.edu/depts/nfsmi

Menu Planner for Healthy School Meals FNS-303

http://www.olemiss.edu/depts/nfsmi

Responding to a Food Recall (see Appendix)

Manual: http://www.nfsmi.org/information/

recallmanual.pdf

Leader guide: http://www.nfsmi/recalllg.pdf Poster: http://www.nfsmi/recallposter.pdf Brochure: http://www.nfsmi/recallbrochure.pdf Address: National Food Service Management

> Institute (NFSMI) University of Mississippi

P.O. Drawer 188

University, MS 38677-0188

Phone Number: 1-800-321-3054 or

(662) 915-7658

US Department of Education, Office of Safe and Drug Free Schools

http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSDFS

Practical Information on Crisis Planning: A Guide for Schools and Communities

http://www.ed.gov/offices/ OSDFS/emergencyplan/

Address: U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202

Phone Number: 1-800-USA-LEARN

(1-800-872-5327)

Address to order publication:

Education Publications Center, US

Department of Education

P.O. Box 1398

Jessup, MD 20794-1398

P. Plan Maintenance

No recommended resources.

Q. Other Biosecurity Guidelines

FDA, Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition (CFSAN)

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov

Guidance for Industry Food Producers, Processors, and Transporters: Food Security Preventive Measures Guidance, March 21, 2003 (final guidance)

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/secguid6.html

Guidance for Industry Importers and Filers: Food Security Preventive Measures Guidance, March

21, 2003 (final guidance)

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/secguid7.html

Address: Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Center for Safety and Applied Nutrition

CFSAN)

5100 Paint Branch Parkway (HFS-555)

College, Park MD 20740

Phone Number: 1-888-SAFEFOOD (1-888-723-3366)

USDA, Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS)

http://www.fsis.usda.gov

Security Guidelines for Food Processors

http://www.fsis.usda.gov/oa/topics/securityguide.

Address: USDA, Food Safety and Inspection Service

(FSIS)

Washington DC 20250 Phone Number: (202) 720-9113

World Health Organization (WHO)

http://www.who.int

Terrorist Threats to Foods: Guidance for Strengthening Prevention and Response Systems

http://www.who.int/fsf/Documents/terrorism_and_ food_en.pdf

Address: World Health Organization (WHO)

Regional Office Food Safety Department

525 23rd Street NW Washington DC 20037

Phone Number: (202) 974-3000

USDA, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS)

http://www.fns.usda.gov

Biosecurity Guidelines for School Foodservice

Address: USDA, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS)

Child Nutrition Division 3101 Park Center Drive Alexandria, VA 23032

Phone Number: (703) 305-2590

Acknowledgment goes to the following groups, listed in alphabetical order, for providing guidance and comments for the development of this publication:

American School Food Service Association
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
Food and Drug Administration, Center for Food Safety and Nutrition
National Agricultural Library
National Environmental Health Association
National School Boards Association
Office of Food Protection, Rhode Island
Registered Environmental Health Specialist, New Jersey
U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service
U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service

FNS-364

Food and Nutrition Service U.S. Department of Agriculture

October 2003 Slightly revised March 2004

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