## Preface

This consolidated report includes the Annual Report on School Crime and Violence, the Annual Study of Suspensions and Expulsions (including Alternative Learning Program Enrollments), new required reporting on the uses of corporal punishment, and the Annual Report on Dropout Events and Rate. This report plus additional data tables may be found online at http://dpi.state.nc.us/research/discipline/reports/ and http://dpi.state.nc.us/research/dropout/reports/.

The requirement to report annually on dropout events and rates, suspensions and expulsions, uses of corporal punishment, and alternative learning program enrollments is G.S. 115C-12(27). The requirement to report annually on school crime and violence is G.S. 115C-12(21). These General Statutes may be found in Appendix I.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONSOLIDATED FINDINGS
Introduction ..... 1
General Findings ..... 2
SCHOOL CRIME AND VIOLENCE
Introduction ..... 7
General Findings ..... 9
Figures and Tables ..... 11
SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS
Introduction ..... 23
General Findings ..... 25
Section 1. Short-Term Suspensions ..... 26
Section 2. Long-Term Suspensions ..... 34
Section 3. Multiple Suspensions ..... 43
Section 4. Expulsions ..... 46
Section 5. Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA and Charter ..... 50
USES OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT
Introduction ..... 99
General Findings ..... 100
ALTERNATIVE LEARNING PROGRAM PLACEMENTS
Introduction ..... 107
General Findings ..... 109
DROPOUT EVENTS AND RATES
Introduction ..... 113
General Findings ..... 114
Trends and Categorical Data ..... 115
Appendix - LEA Dropout Data ..... 124
APPENDICES
I. General Statutes ..... 139
II. SBE Policies ..... 140
III. Reportable Offenses ..... 143

## FIGURES AND TABLES

## SCHOOL CRIME \& VIOLENCE

FIGURES
Figure C1. Number of Schools with Selected Ranges of Reported Act Totals ..... 13
Figure C2. Five-Year Trend in Number of Reported Acts Receiving the Highest Total Occurrences ..... 14
TABLES
Table C1. 2010-11 Reported Statewide Acts by School Levels ..... 15
Tables C2, C3. Two Year Comparison of Acts by School Levels ..... 16
Table C4. Number of Grade 9-13 Acts and Rates for Each LEA, 2010-11 ..... 17
SUSPENSIONS \& EXPULSIONS
FIGURES
Figure S1. Number of Short-Term Suspensions by Gender ..... 27
Figure S2. Number of Short-Term Suspensions by Race/Ethnicity ..... 28
Figure S3. Short-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity ..... 29
Figure S4. Male Short-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity ..... 30
Figure S5. Female Short-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity ..... 31
Figure S6. Number of Short-Term Suspensions by Grade Level ..... 32
Figure S7. Short-Term Suspensions by Largest Categories of Exceptional Children (EC) Status ..... 33
Figure S8. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Gender ..... 35
Figure S9. Long-Term Suspension Rates by Gender ..... 36
Figure S10. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Race/Ethnicity ..... 37
Figure S11. Rates of Long-Term Suspension by Race/Ethnicity, LTS per 100,000 ..... 38
Figure S12. Male Long-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity ..... 39
Figure S13. Female Long-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity ..... 40
Figure S14. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Grade Level ..... 41
Figure S15. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Special Education Status ..... 42
Figure S16. Number of Students with Multiple Short-Term Suspensions Summing to more than 10 Days ..... 43
Figure S17. Duration of Multiple Short-Term Suspensions Given to Students ..... 44
Figure S18. Number of Students with Multiple Long-Term Suspensions ..... 45
Figure S19. Number of Expulsions by Gender ..... 46
Figure S20. Number of Expulsions by Race/Ethnicity ..... 47
Figure S21. Number of Expulsions by Grade Level ..... 48
TABLES
Table S1. Expulsions of Students Receiving Special Education Services ..... 49
Table S2. Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race/Ethnicity ..... 54
Table S3. Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race/Ethnicity ..... 87
Table S4. Grade 9-13 Short-Term Suspensions and Suspension Rates ..... 97
USES OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT
TABLES
Table P1. Uses of Corporal Punishment by LEA ..... 101
Table P2. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Race/Ethnicity ..... 102
Table P3. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Grade Level ..... 102
Table P4. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Student's Primary Disability ..... 103
Table P5. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Offense Type ..... 103
ALTERNATIVE LEARNING PROGRAM (ALP) PLACEMENTS

## FIGURES

Figure A1. ALP Placements by Gender............................................................................... 109
Figure A2. ALP Placements by Race/Ethnicity................................................................... 110
Figure A3. ALP Placements by Grade Level....................................................................... 110

## DROPOUT EVENT COUNTS AND RATES

## FIGURES

Figure D1. High school dropouts and dropout rates from 2001-2002 to 2010-2011............ 115
Figure D2. Frequency distribution of 2009-10 and 2010-11 dropouts by grade ................. 116
Figure D3. Frequency distribution of 2009-10 and 2010-11 dropouts by age ..................... 116
Figure D4. Proportions of high school dropout reason codes reported ................................ 119
Figure D5. 2010-2011 high school dropout rates by race/ethnicity...................................... 120
Figure D6. High School Dropout rates among race/ethnic groups, 2007-08 to 2010-11 ..... 121
Figure D7. High School Dropout rates among race/ethnic/gender groups for 2010-11 ....... 122
Figure D8. High School Dropout rates for race/ethnic/gender groups, 2007-08 to 2010-11123

## TABLES

Table D1. High school dropout reason codes reported in 2010-11........................................ 117
Table D2. Changes in proportions of high school dropout reason codes reported ............... 118
Table D3. Change in high school dropout counts by race/ethnicity ................................... 120
Table D4. High school dropout counts and rates, 2009-10 and 2010-11 .............................. 125
Table D5. High school dropout counts and rates, 2006-07 to 2010-11 ................................ 129
Table D6. 2010-2011 high school dropout events by LEA, gender and race/ethnicity ........ 133

## CONSOLIDATED REPORT, 2010-11

## Introduction

The decision to generate a consolidated report on school crime, suspensions, and dropouts was grounded in the idea of a relationship between these factors and the hope of new insights that might be gained by analyzing and reporting these data together. Problems in schools can negatively impact a number of measurable outcomes, including crime, suspension, and dropout rates. In the same way, improvements in school operations can lower crime and suspension rates and make it more likely that children will remain in school. Schools and school districts that do well in one of the areas featured in this report will often also excel in another. In highlighting these high performers we hope that the programs and policies that contribute to success will be emulated by others.

The relationship between the factors of crime, suspensions, and dropouts has been confirmed by correlating the annual rates from the North Carolina Local Education Agencies (LEAs). Small, but significant, positive correlations have been found for the relationships between crime and short-term suspension, between crime and dropout, and between short-term suspension and dropout. The correlations are not large, and the existence of a correlation does not mean that one factor leads to another. However, we can say that the factors are associated with one another.

Sometimes correlations occur not because one factor causes another, but because an underlying factor causes both. Underlying factors could include demographics such as socioeconomic status or school factors such as management strategies.

Data analysis is an important tool in school management. However, care must be taken to consider all possible interpretations of the numbers, since some factors occur together and not all factors are easily measurable. For example, researchers in the area of dropout prevention have documented a relationship between out-of-school suspensions and dropping out, but there is also a relationship between behavior problems and dropping out. Therefore, it can be difficult to determine how much impact on the dropout rate can be attributed to student attitudes and behavior and how much can be attributed to the suspensions themselves.

This Consolidated Report should be viewed as a starting point to begin to untangle a number of interrelated school outcomes through annually repeated data summaries. Over time, we hope to reveal a clearer view of these outcomes, their interrelationships, and other underlying factors.

## CONSOLIDATED REPORT, 2010-11

## General Findings

The number of acts of crime and violence by high school students increased $0.4 \%$ from 2009-10 to 2010-11, however the rate of acts reported (per 1000 students) decreased 0.3\%.

Reportable acts were most frequently committed by students who were $9^{\text {th }}$ graders and male. Among ethnic groups in high school, Pacific Islanders had the highest crime rate, followed by black students, and American Indian students.

LEAs reporting zero grade 9-13 reportable acts were Camden County, Graham County, Pamlico County, Perquimans County and Tyrrell County. Of the LEAs with more than zero, those with the lowest rates of grade $9-13$ reportable acts were Polk County, Washington County, Cherokee County, Clay County, and Elkin City.

LEAs with the highest rates of grade 9-13 reportable acts were Hyde County, Swain County, Forsyth County, Haywood County, Beaufort County, Transylvania County, Buncombe County, Robeson County, Jones County, and Watauga County.

LEAs reporting the largest 3-year decreases in rates of grade 9-12 reportable acts were Pamlico County, Perquimans County, Graham County, Camden County, and Polk County.

LEAs with the largest 3-year increases in rates of grade 9-13 reportable acts were: Hyde County, Macon County, Scotland County, Richmond County, and Yadkin County. However, Richmond County, and Yadkin County had rates below the state average.

The most frequently reported reportable acts in high school were 1) possession of a controlled substance in violation of the law, 2) possession of a weapon excluding firearms and powerful explosives, and 3) possession of an alcoholic beverage.

There were 129,817 grade $9-13$ short-term suspensions reported statewide in 2010-11, a decrease of $1.4 \%$ from the 2009-10 total of 131,607 .

One of seven North Carolina high school students receives at least one out-of-school short-term suspension each year. Many students receive only one suspension each year, but a number of students receive multiple short-term suspensions. High school students who received short-term suspensions in 2010-11 averaged about two suspensions each. The average total duration of short-term suspensions for high school students who received at least one suspension was 6.00 days. The average duration of a single shortterm suspension was 2.88 days. The grade $9-12$ short-term suspension rate was 3.00 suspensions per ten students.

Ninth grade students received the largest number of short-term suspensions. The rate of short term suspensions for male students was 2.6 times higher than for females. Black students received the highest rate of short-term suspensions followed by American Indians. Short-term suspension rates decreased in 2009-10 for all groups except Asian and multiracial students.

The number of long-term suspensions (11 or more days) for all students continued to decline--from 3,368 to 2,621 --as many LEAs focused on reductions. Average school days per suspension decreased from 62.6 to 51.4 school days. High school students received 1,801 long-term suspensions, a $10.7 \%$ decrease from 2009-10.

LEAs reporting the lowest rates of grade 9-12 short-term suspensions were Lexington City, Chapel Hill-Carrboro, Mount Airy City, Clay County, Granville County, Graham County, Polk County, Camden County, Wilkes County, and Mitchell County.

LEAs with the highest rates of grade 9-12 short-term suspensions were Northampton County, Greene County, Weldon City, Anson County, Martin County, Robeson County, Nash-Rocky Mount, Whiteville City, Beaufort County, and Lenoir County.

LEAs reporting the largest 3-year percentage decreases in rates of grade 9-12 short-term suspensions were Lexington City, Granville County, Macon County, Pamlico County, and Madison County.

LEAs with the largest 3-year percentage increases in rates of grade 9-12 short-term suspensions were Yancey County, Clay County, Mount Airy City, Richmond County, and Whiteville City. Of these with large percentage increases, Yancey County, Clay County, and Mount Airy City had 2010-11 rates that were below the state average.

The number of expulsions fell from 88 in 2009-10 to 69 in 2010-11. High school students received 43 of these expulsions.

Alternative schools and programs (ALPs) reported 14,093 student placements in 2010-11, an increase of $16.5 \%$ from 2009-10. There were 12,943 individual students placed in ALPs during the 2010-11 school year.

High schools in North Carolina reported 15,342 dropouts in 2010-11. The grade 9-13 dropout rate in 2010-11 was $3.43 \%$, down from the $3.75 \%$ reported for 2009-10. The decrease in dropout rate was $8.5 \%$.

There were decreases in $63.5 \%$ ( 73 of 115) of the LEAs.
The 15,342 dropouts recorded in grades $9-13$ represented an $8.7 \%$ decrease from the count of 16,804 recorded in 2009-10.

LEAs reporting the lowest high school dropout rates were Chapel Hill-Carrboro, Pamlico County, Hyde County, Dare County, Clay County, Whiteville City, Randolph County, Union County, Jackson County, and Craven County.

LEAs with the largest high school dropout rates were Swain County, Lexington City, Thomasville City, Edenton/Chowan, Vance County, Person County, Kannapolis City, Scotland County, Bladen County and Granville County.

LEAs reporting the largest 3-year decreases in high school dropout rates were Jackson County, Pamlico County, Randolph County, Whiteville City, and Madison County.

LEAs with the largest 3-year increases in high school dropout rates were Newton Conover City, Scotland County, Edenton/Chowan, Elkin City, and Lexington City. Despite the large increase, the rate for Elkin City was still below the state average.

The consolidated reporting of safety, discipline, and dropout data permits an overview of high performing school districts in these areas. Clay County was the only LEA on all three of the "top ten" lists of lowest high school rates of crime, short-term suspensions and dropouts.

Five school systems were in two of the three "top ten" lists of superior performance in achieving low rates in these categories. These LEAs were:

- Camden County
- Chapel Hill-Carrboro
- Graham County
- Pamlico County
- Polk County

Pamlico County was the only LEA on all three of the "top ten" lists of largest 3-year decreases in high school rates of crime, short-term suspensions and dropouts.

Three LEAs were on two of the three "top ten" lists for 3-year decreases in high school rates of crime, short-term suspensions, and dropouts for grades 9-12. They are:

- Madison County
- Camden County
- Jackson County

There were 891 uses of corporal punishment statewide in 2010-11. Corporal punishment was used at least once by 17 LEAs in 2010-11. Charter schools and the remaining 98 LEAs did not use corporal punishment.

# School Crime and Violence 

2010-11



## SCHOOL CRIME AND VIOLENCE, 2010-11

## Introduction

In 1993, the General Assembly passed the Safe Schools Act requiring Local Educational Agencies (LEAs) to report specified acts of crime and violence to the State Board of Education (SBE). General Statute 115C-288(g) describes the school principal's responsibility "to report certain acts to law enforcement" and lists a number of acts to be reported. The SBE later expanded on the list of acts to be reported to law enforcement.

GS 115C-12(21) requires the SBE "to compile an annual report on acts of violence in the public schools." The SBE has defined 16 criminal acts that are to be included in its annual report. Nine of the 16--plus Robbery Without a Weapon--are considered dangerous and violent.

The ten dangerous and violent acts are:

- Homicide
- Assault resulting in serious bodily injury
- Assault involving the use of a weapon
- Rape
- Sexual offense
- Sexual assault
- Kidnapping
- Robbery with a dangerous weapon
- Robbery without a dangerous weapon
- Taking indecent liberties with a minor

Schools that report five or more of these acts per thousand students in two consecutive years and where "conditions that contributed to the commission of those offenses are likely to continue into another school year" are deemed Persistently Dangerous Schools (SBE Policy SS-A-006).

The other seven acts included in this report are:

- Assault on school personnel
- Bomb threat
- Burning of a school building
- Possession of alcoholic beverage
- Possession of controlled substance in violation of law
- Possession of a firearm or powerful explosive
- Possession of a weapon

Superintendents, principals, teachers, and other school and central office personnel are to be commended for their collaboration and willingness to implement reporting systems and strategies resulting in the production of this report.

## Data Collection and Reporting

The data used in this annual report were largely collected in the NC WISE Discipline Module. Schools initially entered their data in the NC WISE system, with the data being pulled into a state discipline dataset at year's end. A few LEAs used third-party software conforming to state specifications and these data were also compiled into the state discipline dataset.

Data consolidation and verification procedures were handled by DPI with assistance from the Technical Outreach to Public Schools (TOPS) at NC State University. The Program Monitoring and Support Division of NCDPI authored the General Findings and compiled the report.

## SCHOOL CRIME AND VIOLENCE, 2010-11

## General Findings

The number of "reportable acts" of crime and violence in grades K-12 increased slightly in 2010-11, but the rate declined slightly from 2009-10. There was essentially no change in the overall rate. The table below shows the total acts and rate for each of the last five years using final Average Daily Membership (ADM) as the denominator.

| Reporting Year | Total Acts | Acts Per 1000 Students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2006-07$ | 11,013 | 7.77 |
| $2007-08$ | 11,276 | 7.85 |
| $2008-09$ | 11,116 | 7.59 |
| $2009-10$ | 11,608 | 7.97 |
| $2010-11$ | 11,657 | 7.95 |

The changes in the numbers of each of the offenses reported from 2009-10 to 2010-11 are shown in the table below. 'Robbery without a Weapon' is no longer considered a reportable act for the purposes of the overall crime rate.

| Acts | Number of Acts <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | Number of Acts <br> $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Possession of a Controlled Substance in Violation of Law | 4,934 | 5,172 |
| Possession of a Weapon | 3,954 | 3,674 |
| Assault on School Personnel | 1,156 | 965 |
| Possession of Alcoholic Beverage | 1,068 | 1,118 |
| Sexual Assault not including Rape or Sexual Offense | 164 | 136 |
| Bomb Threat | 78 | 77 |
| Possession of a Firearm or Powerful Explosive | 75 | 78 |
| Sexual Offense | 69 | 61 |
| Assault Involving Use of a Weapon | 64 | 88 |
| Assault Resulting in Serious Injury | 61 | 150 |
| Burning of a School Building | 22 | 27 |
| Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon | 5 | 3 |
| Kidnapping | 5 | 1 |
| Rape | 1 | 3 |
| Taking Indecent Liberties with a Minor | 1 | 3 |
| Death By Other Than Natural Causes | 0 | - |
| Robbery without a Dangerous Weapon | 11,657 | 11,608 |
| TOTAL |  | 52 |

The following categories experienced increases from 2009-10 to 2010-11 (numerical increase and percent increase in parentheses):

- Assault on school personnel not resulting in serious injury (191, 19.8\%)
- Possession of a weapon excluding firearms and powerful explosives (280, 7.6\%)
- Sexual assault not involving rape or sexual offense (28, 20.6\%)
- Sexual offense (8, 13.1\%)
- Kidnapping (5, 500.0\%)
- Robbery with a dangerous weapon (2, 66.7\%)
- Bomb threat (1, 0.1\%)

The number of acts in these categories decreased from 2009-10 to 2010-11 (numerical decrease and percent decrease in parentheses):

- Possession of controlled substance in violation of law (238, 4.6\%)
- Assault resulting in serious injury ( $89,59.3 \%$ )
- Possession of an alcoholic beverage (50, 4.5\%)
- Assault involving the use of a weapon ( $24,27.3 \%$ )
- Burning of a school building (5, 18.5\%)
- Possession of a Firearm or Powerful Explosive (3, 3.8\%)
- Rape (2, 66.7\%)
- Taking indecent liberties with a minor (2, 66.7\%)

Elementary, middle, and high schools differ in the types of acts most frequently reported. Acts most frequently reported in elementary school were 1) possession of a weapon excluding firearms, 2) assault on school personnel, and 3) possession of a controlled substance. In middle school the order was 1) possession of a weapon excluding firearms, 2) possession of a controlled substance, and 3) possession of an alcoholic beverage; while in high school the order was 1) Possession of a controlled substance, 2) possession of a weapon excluding firearms, and 3) possession of an alcoholic beverage.

Crime rates for high school students decreased, as seen below. The number of acts of crime and violence by high school students decreased $6.0 \%$ from 2009-10 to 2010-11. The rate of acts reported decreased $10.4 \%$ to 14.23 acts per 1000 students in membership.

| Reporting Year | Total Acts | Acts Per 1000 Students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2005-06$ | 5,996 | 15.08 |
| $2006-07$ | 6,343 | 15.57 |
| $2007-08$ | 6,418 | 15.57 |
| $2008-09$ | 6,428 | 15.70 |
| $2009-10$ | 6,524 | 15.89 |
| $2010-11$ | 6,132 | 14.23 |

School Crime and Violence
2010-11

Figures and Tables

Figure C1. Numbers of Schools with Selected Ranges of Reported Act Totals


Figure C2. Five-Year Trend in Number of Reported Acts Receiving the Highest Total Occurrences


Table C1. Reported Statewide Acts by School Levels

| SPECIFIED ACTS | TOTAL NUMBEROF ACTS | TOTAL NO. OF ACTS BY SCHOOL LEVEL |  |  |  |  |  | NO. OF OFFENDERS |  | NO. OF VICTIMS ${ }^{\ddagger}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PK-5 | ELEM/MID* | G6-8 | MID/HIGH** | G9-12 | OTHER ${ }^{\dagger}$ | REGULAR <br> STUDENTS | EXCEPTIONAL STUDENTS | STUDENTS | STAFF |
| Possession of a Controlled Substance in Violation of Law | 4,934 | 46 | 68 | 1052 | 216 | 3,478 | 74 | 3,154 | 893 | 0 | 0 |
| Possession of a Weapon | 3,954 | 1093 | 176 | 1,234 | 75 | 1,340 | 36 | 2,312 | 907 | 0 | 0 |
| Possession of Alcoholic Beverage | 1068 | 12 | 29 | 287 | 32 | 690 | 18 | 675 | 145 | 0 | 0 |
| Assault on School Personnel | 1156 | 410 | 52 | 276 | 46 | 275 | 97 | 351 | 441 | 0 | 490 |
| Assault Resulting in Serious Injury | 61 | 7 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 32 | 2 | 34 | 13 | 21 | 4 |
| Sexual Assault not including Rape or Sexual Offense | 164 | 23 | 3 | 77 | 3 | 56 | 2 | 94 | 44 | 70 | 4 |
| Assault Involving Use of a Weapon | 64 | 8 | 1 | 27 | 8 | 17 | 3 | 29 | 16 | 35 | 5 |
| Possession of a Firearm or Powerful Explosive | 75 | 7 | 3 | 24 | 2 | 38 | 1 | 50 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Bomb Threat | 78 | 7 | 2 | 22 | 9 | 38 | 0 | 43 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Sexual Offense | 69 | 13 | 6 | 14 | 2 | 29 | 5 | 35 | 23 | 15 | 2 |
| Burning of a School Building | 22 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Taking Indecent Liberties with a Minor | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kidnapping | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Death By Other Than Natural Causes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 11,657 | 1,630 | 340 | 3,038 | 398 | $\mathbf{6 , 0 1 2}$ | 239 | 6,803 | 2,516 | 170 | 505 |

This table shows the total reported statewide offenses/acts by school level and is ranked by the total number of occurrences of specified acts.

* A combination elementary/middle school must include some or all of the grade levels defined as elementary (PK-5) and middle (6-8).
** A combination middle/high school must include some or all of the grade levels defined as middle (6-8) and high school (9-12).
${ }^{\dagger}$ Other includes ungraded schools, special education schools, and schools with grades that cross more than one level (e.g. K-12).
${ }^{\dagger}$ Specified acts may have multiple victims per incident.

Table C2. 2010-11 Reported Statewide Acts by School Levels

| SPECIFIED ACTS | total no. OF ACTS | TOTAL NO. OF ACTS BYSCHOOL LEVEL |  |  |  |  |  | NO. OF OFFENDERS |  | NO. OF VICTIMS ${ }^{\ddagger}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PK-5 | ELEM/MID* | G6-8 | MID/HIGH** | G9-12 | OTHER ${ }^{+}$ | REGULAR <br> STUDENTS | EXCEPTIONAL <br> STUDENTS | STUDENTS | STAFF |
| Possession of a Controlled Substance in Violation of Law | 4,934 | 46 | 68 | 1052 | 216 | 3,478 | 74 | 3,154 | 893 | 0 | 0 |
| Possession of a Weapon | 3,954 | 1093 | 176 | 1,234 | 75 | 1,340 | 36 | 2,312 | 907 | 0 | 0 |
| Possession of Alcoholic Beverage | 1068 | 12 | 29 | 287 | 32 | 690 | 18 | 675 | 145 | 0 | 0 |
| Assault on School Personnel | 1156 | 410 | 52 | 276 | 46 | 275 | 97 | 351 | 441 | 0 | 490 |
| Assault Resulting in Serious Injury | 61 | 7 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 32 | 2 | 34 | 13 | 21 | 4 |
| Sexual Assault not including Rape or Sexual Offense | 164 | 23 | 3 | 77 | 3 | 56 | 2 | 94 | 44 | 70 | 4 |
| Assault Involving Use of a Weapon | 64 | 8 | 1 | 27 | 8 | 17 | 3 | 29 | 16 | 35 | 5 |
| Possession of a Firearm or Powerful Explosive | 75 | 7 | 3 | 24 | 2 | 38 | 1 | 50 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Bomb Threat | 78 | 7 | 2 | 22 | 9 | 38 | 0 | 43 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Sexual Offense | 69 | 13 | 6 | 14 | 2 | 29 | 5 | 35 | 23 | 15 | 2 |
| Burning of a School Building | 22 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Taking Indecent Liberties with a Minor | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kidnapping | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Death By Other Than Natural Causes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 11,657 | 1,630 | 340 | 3,038 | 398 | 6,012 | 239 | 6,803 | 2,516 | 170 | 505 |

Table C3. 2009-10 Reported Statewide Acts by School Levels

| SPECIFIED ACTS | total no. of ACTS | TOTAL NO. OF ACTS BY SCHOOL LEVEL |  |  |  |  |  | NO. OF OFFENDERS |  | NO. OF VICTIMS ${ }^{\ddagger}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PK-5 | ELEM/MID* | G6-8 | MID/HIGH** | G9-12 | OTHER ${ }^{\dagger}$ | REGULAR <br> STUDENTS | EXCEPTIONAL STUDENTS | Students | STAFF |
| Possession of a Controlled Substance in Violation of Law | 5,172 | 39 | 55 | 997 | 259 | 3,735 | 87 | 3,801 | 1252 | 0 | 0 |
| Possession of a Weapon | 3,674 | 936 | 127 | 1,147 | 91 | 1,335 | 38 | 2,480 | 1120 | 0 | 0 |
| Possession of Alcoholic Beverage | 1118 | 24 | 31 | 297 | 30 | 724 | 12 | 834 | 271 | 0 | 0 |
| Assault on School Personnel | 965 | 329 | 63 | 221 | 29 | 275 | 48 | 442 | 496 | 0 | 483 |
| Assault Resulting in Serious Injury | 150 | 10 | 1 | 38 | 3 | 85 | 13 | 99 | 41 | 81 | 8 |
| Sexual Assault not including Rape or Sexual Offense | 136 | 14 | 2 | 94 | 2 | 23 | 1 | 90 | 41 | 60 | 0 |
| Assault Involving Use of a Weapon | 88 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 3 | 41 | 0 | 65 | 21 | 47 | 0 |
| Possession of a Firearm or Powerful Explosive | 78 | 11 | 2 | 20 | 1 | 44 | 0 | 58 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Bomb Threat | 77 | 4 | 2 | 33 | 6 | 32 | 0 | 36 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| Sexual Offense | 61 | 7 | 4 | 14 | 5 | 31 | 0 | 31 | 28 | 17 | 0 |
| Robbery without a Dangerous Weapon | 52 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 37 | 1 | 36 | 12 | 38 | 0 |
| Burning of a School Building | 27 | 2 | 0 | 17 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 19 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |  | 0 |
| Taking Indecent Liberties with a Minor | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kidnapping | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Death By Other Than Natural Causes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 11,608 | 1,394 | 289 | 2,914 | 438 | 6,373 | 200 | 7,995 | 3,320 | 246 | 491 |

Table C4. Number of Grade 9-13 Acts and Rates for Each LEA, 2010-11.

| LEA\# | LEA Name | ADM, Grades 9-13 | Reportable Acts | Reportable Act Rate (per 1000 students) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | ALAMANCE-BURLINGTON | 6,536 | 96 | 14.69 |
| 20 | ALEXANDER COUNTY | 1,678 | 25 | 14.90 |
| 30 | ALLEGHANY COUNTY | 429 | 9 | 20.98 |
| 40 | ANSON COUNTY | 1,204 | 17 | 14.12 |
| 50 | ASHE COUNTY | 897 | 10 | 11.15 |
| 60 | AVERY COUNTY | 635 | 4 | 6.30 |
| 70 | BEAUFORT COUNTY | 1,885 | 51 | 27.06 |
| 80 | BERTIE COUNTY | 889 | 9 | 10.12 |
| 90 | BLADEN COUNTY | 1,534 | 13 | 8.47 |
| 100 | BRUNSWICK COUNTY | 3,646 | 79 | 21.67 |
| 110 | BUNCOMBE COUNTY | 7,758 | 192 | 24.75 |
| 111 | ASHEVILLE CITY | 1,166 | 26 | 22.30 |
| 120 | BURKE COUNTY | 4,302 | 37 | 8.60 |
| 130 | CABARRUS COUNTY | 8,355 | 94 | 11.25 |
| 132 | KANNAPOLIS CITY | 1,355 | 15 | 11.07 |
| 140 | CALDWELL COUNTY | 3,891 | 47 | 12.08 |
| 150 | CAMDEN COUNTY | 570 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 160 | CARTERET COUNTY | 2,538 | 33 | 13.00 |
| 170 | CASWELL COUNTY | 835 | 12 | 14.37 |
| 180 | CATAWBA COUNTY | 5,328 | 83 | 15.58 |
| 181 | HICKORY CITY | 1,114 | 18 | 16.16 |
| 182 | NEWTON-CONOVER | 881 | 12 | 13.62 |
| 190 | CHATHAM COUNTY | 2,193 | 24 | 10.94 |
| 200 | CHEROKEE COUNTY | 1,100 | 2 | 1.82 |
| 210 | EDENTON/CHOWAN | 705 | 11 | 15.60 |
| 220 | CLAY COUNTY | 381 | 1 | 2.62 |
| 230 | CLEVELAND COUNTY | 4,930 | 105 | 21.30 |
| 240 | COLUMBUS COUNTY | 1,955 | 15 | 7.67 |
| 241 | WHITEVILLE CITY | 1,203 | 4 | 3.33 |
| 250 | CRAVEN COUNTY | 4,210 | 41 | 9.74 |
| 260 | CUMBERLAND COUNTY | 17,133 | 243 | 14.18 |
| 270 | CURRITUCK COUNTY | 1,197 | 25 | 20.89 |
| 280 | DARE COUNTY | 1,583 | 28 | 17.69 |
| 290 | DAVIDSON COUNTY | 6,014 | 84 | 13.97 |
| 291 | LEXINGTON CITY | 772 | 5 | 6.48 |
| 292 | THOMASVILLE CITY | 1,262 | 8 | 6.34 |
| 300 | DAVIE COUNTY | 1,894 | 18 | 9.50 |
| 310 | DUPLIN COUNTY | 2,508 | 9 | 3.59 |
| 320 | DURHAM COUNTY | 11,809 | 153 | 12.96 |

Table C4. Number of Grade 9-13 Acts and Rates for Each LEA, 2010-11.

| LEA\# | LEA Name | ADM, Grades 9-13 | Reportable Acts | Reportable Act Rate (per 1000 students) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 330 | EDGECOMBE COUNTY | 2,131 | 14 | 6.57 |
| 340 | FORSYTH COUNTY | 15,994 | 390 | 24.38 |
| 350 | FRANKLIN COUNTY | 2,443 | 41 | 16.78 |
| 360 | GASTON COUNTY | 9,427 | 93 | 9.87 |
| 370 | GATES COUNTY | 581 | 2 | 3.44 |
| 380 | GRAHAM COUNTY | 354 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 390 | GRANVILLE COUNTY | 2,595 | 32 | 12.33 |
| 400 | GREENE COUNTY | 1,708 | 12 | 7.03 |
| 410 | GUILFORD COUNTY | 22,413 | 284 | 12.67 |
| 420 | HALIFAX COUNTY | 1,140 | 12 | 10.53 |
| 421 | ROANOKE RAPIDS CITY | 830 | 17 | 20.48 |
| 422 | WELDON CITY | 385 | 3 | 7.79 |
| 430 | HARNETT COUNTY | 5,560 | 129 | 23.20 |
| 440 | HAYWOOD COUNTY | 2,301 | 61 | 26.51 |
| 450 | HENDERSON COUNTY | 3,874 | 26 | 6.71 |
| 460 | HERTFORD COUNTY | 952 | 7 | 7.35 |
| 470 | HOKE COUNTY | 1,981 | 18 | 9.09 |
| 480 | HYDE COUNTY | 142 | 6 | 42.25 |
| 490 | IREDELL-STATESVILLE | 7,099 | 74 | 10.42 |
| 491 | MOORESVILLE CITY | 1,549 | 7 | 4.52 |
| 500 | JACKSON COUNTY | 1,068 | 6 | 5.62 |
| 510 | JOHNSTON COUNTY | 9,130 | 122 | 13.36 |
| 520 | JONES COUNTY | 335 | 8 | 23.88 |
| 530 | LEE COUNTY | 2,806 | 24 | 8.55 |
| 540 | LENOIR COUNTY | 2,949 | 15 | 5.09 |
| 550 | LINCOLN COUNTY | 3,671 | 69 | 18.80 |
| 560 | MACON COUNTY | 1,506 | 28 | 18.59 |
| 570 | MADISON COUNTY | 751 | 9 | 11.98 |
| 580 | MARTIN COUNTY | 1,039 | 6 | 5.77 |
| 590 | MCDOWELL COUNTY | 2,820 | 19 | 6.74 |
| 600 | MECKLENBURG COUNTY | 37,957 | 641 | 16.89 |
| 610 | MITCHELL COUNTY | 624 | 8 | 12.82 |
| 620 | MONTGOMERY COUNTY | 1,206 | 20 | 16.58 |
| 630 | MOORE COUNTY | 3,821 | 75 | 19.63 |
| 640 | NASH-ROCKY MOUNT | 5,112 | 65 | 12.72 |
| 650 | NEW HANOVER COUNTY | 7,005 | 105 | 14.99 |
| 660 | NORTHAMPTON COUNTY | 762 | 8 | 10.50 |
| 670 | ONSLOW COUNTY | 6,312 | 69 | 10.93 |
| 680 | ORANGE COUNTY | 2,172 | 33 | 15.19 |

Table C4. Number of Grade 9-13 Acts and Rates for Each LEA, 2010-11.

| LEA\# | LEA Name | ADM, Grades 9-13 | Reportable Acts | Reportable Act Rate (per 1000 students) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 681 | CHAPEL HILL-CARRBORO | 3,607 | 29 | 8.04 |
| 690 | PAMLICO COUNTY | 508 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 700 | PASQUOTANK COUNTY | 1,739 | 7 | 4.03 |
| 710 | PENDER COUNTY | 2,499 | 15 | 6.00 |
| 720 | PERQUIMANS COUNTY | 521 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 730 | PERSON COUNTY | 1,497 | 21 | 14.03 |
| 740 | PITT COUNTY | 6,799 | 97 | 14.27 |
| 750 | POLK COUNTY | 705 | 1 | 1.42 |
| 760 | RANDOLPH COUNTY | 5,361 | 83 | 15.48 |
| 761 | ASHEBORO CITY | 1,228 | 11 | 8.96 |
| 770 | RICHMOND COUNTY | 2,967 | 25 | 8.43 |
| 780 | ROBESON COUNTY | 6,531 | 160 | 24.50 |
| 790 | ROCKINGHAM COUNTY | 4,110 | 71 | 17.27 |
| 800 | ROWAN-SALISBURY | 6,008 | 33 | 5.49 |
| 810 | RUTHERFORD COUNTY | 2,729 | 47 | 17.22 |
| 820 | SAMPSON COUNTY | 2,110 | 32 | 15.17 |
| 821 | CLINTON CITY | 753 | 6 | 7.97 |
| 830 | SCOTLAND COUNTY | 1,818 | 33 | 18.15 |
| 840 | STANLY COUNTY | 2,720 | 47 | 17.28 |
| 850 | STOKES COUNTY | 2,219 | 37 | 16.67 |
| 860 | SURRY COUNTY | 2,496 | 36 | 14.42 |
| 861 | ELKIN CITY | 373 | 1 | 2.68 |
| 862 | MOUNT AIRY CITY | 505 | 7 | 13.86 |
| 870 | SWAIN COUNTY | 583 | 16 | 27.44 |
| 880 | TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY | 1,389 | 28 | 20.16 |
| 890 | TYRRELL COUNTY | 150 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 900 | UNION COUNTY | 11,196 | 209 | 18.67 |
| 910 | VANCE COUNTY | 2,082 | 24 | 11.53 |
| 920 | WAKE COUNTY | 45,437 | 579 | 12.74 |
| 930 | WARREN COUNTY | 772 | 13 | 16.84 |
| 940 | WASHINGTON COUNTY | 639 | 1 | 1.56 |
| 950 | WATAUGA COUNTY | 1,381 | 32 | 23.17 |
| 960 | WAYNE COUNTY | 5,829 | 76 | 13.04 |
| 970 | WILKES COUNTY | 2,807 | 36 | 12.83 |
| 980 | WILSON COUNTY | 3,396 | 38 | 11.19 |
| 990 | YADKIN COUNTY | 1,847 | 21 | 11.37 |
| 995 | YANCEY COUNTY | 707 | 8 | 11.32 |
|  | Total, Grades 9-13 (excludes charter schools) | 430,798 | 6,096 | 14.15 |

# Suspensions and Expulsions 

## 2010-11



## SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS, 2010-11

## Introduction

The Annual Study of Suspensions and Expulsions was designed to address the requirements regarding suspension data in G.S. 115C-12(27). The data contained in this 2010-11 Consolidated Report were gathered from traditional and charter public schools as well as alternative schools/programs via the NC WISE discipline module and files from third-party software in the specified state data format.

Until 2007-08, the Suspensions and Expulsions report had separate findings for charter schools and the regular LEAs-unlike the Annual Report of School Crime and Violence and the Annual Report of Dropout Events and Rates. For consistency in reporting, the practice of segregating these data has now been discontinued.

## Definitions of Suspension and Expulsion

Lesser offenses committed by students are often dealt with using in-school suspensions or shortterm suspensions last up to ten days. Principals usually make decisions about whether to suspend a student in-school or short-term out-of-school and about the duration of suspensions. In-school suspensions are usually served in an in-school suspension classroom. When a school does not have an in-school suspension program or when offenses are more serious or chronic, they may be dealt with through short-term, out-of-school suspensions.

More serious offenses are usually dealt with using long-term suspensions as a consequence. Long-term suspensions last from eleven days up to the remainder of the school year. When a student is suspended long-term, the student may not return to their regular program in their home school for the duration of the suspension. Districts may allow long-term suspended students to attend an alternative learning program (ALP) or alternative school during their long-term suspension or may assign them to alternative placements in lieu of suspensions. For reporting purposes, students are not considered suspended while attending an ALP or alternative school.

Certain very serious offenses may result in the student not being allowed to enroll in any school or program for the remainder of the school year or being suspended for an entire calendar year (365-day suspension). Usually superintendents and/or local boards of education, upon recommendation of principals, make decisions on a case-by-case basis about long-term suspensions (including 365-day suspensions), the length of those suspensions, and whether an ALP placement is provided.

When a student is expelled from school, the student cannot return to their home school or any other school within the LEA. As with long-term suspensions, the superintendent and/or the local board of education, upon the recommendation of the principal, make decisions about student expulsions on a case-by-case basis. An expulsion is usually reserved for cases where the student is at least 14 years of age and presents a clear threat of danger to self or others. The acts do not have to occur on school premises for the superintendent and/or school board to expel a student.

The law allows school districts to permit some expelled students to enroll in ALPs to complete their education. Some districts allow expelled students to apply for readmission.

## SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS, 2010-11

## General Findings

Based on data reported by all public schools in North Carolina, the number of out-of-school short-term suspensions ( 1 to 10 days) given to students decreased 3.9\%--from a 2009-10 total of 277,206 to 266,488 in 2010-11. During this time the number of long-term suspensions ( 11 or more days) decreased $22.2 \%$ from 3,368 to 2,621 .

There were 129,817 grade 9-13 short-term suspensions reported statewide in 2010-11, a decrease of $1.4 \%$ from the 2009-10 total of 131,607 . The grade $9-13$ short-term suspension rate was 3.00 suspensions per ten students.

Approximately one of ten North Carolina students receives at least one out-of-school short-term suspension each year. When looking at high school students only, this ratio rises to one of seven students. Many suspended students receive only one suspension each year, but a number of students receive multiple short-term suspensions.

North Carolina students who received short-term suspensions in 2010-11 averaged about two suspensions each. The average total duration of short-term suspensions for students who received at least one suspension was 6.00 days for high school students and 5.33 days for all students. The average duration of a single short-term suspension for high school students was 2.98 days and 2.78 days for all students.

In 2010-11 as in past years, male students, black and American Indian students, ninth graders, and students receiving special education services are among the groups that continue to be disproportionately represented among suspended students.

The number of long-term suspensions (11 or more days) declined from 3,368 to 2,621 . Average school days per suspension decreased from 62.6 to 51.4 school days. High school students received 1801 long-term suspensions, a 10.7\% decrease from 2009-10.

The number of expulsions declined to 69 from 88 the previous year. High school students received 43 of these expulsions.

## Section 1. Short-Term Suspensions

## Short-Term Suspensions

This section reports data for students who were suspended for 10 days or less from the 115 LEAs and charter schools. The data here reflect short-term suspensions that may include multiple suspensions per student. It should be noted that some students receive multiple short-term suspensions each year; therefore, these charts represent numbers of suspensions, not numbers of unique students.

There were 266,488 short-term suspensions reported statewide in 2010-11, a decrease of $3.9 \%$ from the 2009-10 combined LEA and charter school total of 277,206. School days lost due to short-term suspensions decreased $10.0 \%$.

The 266,488 short-term suspensions in 2010-11 were given to 139,133 different students (some students were suspended more than once), for an average of 1.92 short-term suspensions per suspended student. The average total duration of short-term suspensions for students who received at least one such suspension in 2010-11 was 5.33 days. The average duration of a single short-term suspension was 2.78 days.

There were 129,817 grade 9-12 short-term suspensions reported statewide in 2010-11, a decrease of $1.4 \%$ from the 2009-10 total of 131,607 . The grade $9-12$ short-term suspension rate was 3.00 suspensions per ten students.


Note: Gender was not reported for 1,395 short-term suspensions in 2005-06, 1,619 in 2006-07, 6,965 in 2007-08, 828 in 2008-09, and 1,577 in 2009-10.

Figure S1. Number of Short-Term Suspensions by Gender.

- The number and rate of short-term suspensions for male students in 2010-11 was 2.6 times higher than for females.
- Males received 194,636 short-term suspensions (ten days or less) in 2010-11. This represents a $3.2 \%$ decrease from the previous year.
- Females received 71,852 short-term suspensions. Female suspensions decreased $3.6 \%$ in 2010-11.


Note: Race/Ethnicity was not reported or was reported as "Other" for 2,499 short-term suspensions in 2006-07, 10,250 in 2007082,069 in 2008-09, 1,776 in 2009-10, and 77 in 2010-11.

Figure S2. Number of Short-Term Suspensions by Race/Ethnicity.

- Black students received the most short-term suspensions, followed by white students and Hispanic students.
- From 2009-10 to 2010-11, the number of short-term suspensions received by Hispanic students increased $8.7 \%$.
- The number of suspensions received by white students and black students decreased by $5.7 \%$ and $4.5 \%$, respectively.


[^0]Figure S3. Short-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity.

- As in previous years, black students had the highest rate of short-term suspension in 2010-11, followed by American Indian students.
- Short-term suspension rates decreased in 2010-11 for all groups except Asian and multiracial students.


## Short-Term Suspensions by Race/Ethnicity and Gender

The following charts show short-term suspension rates for recent school years, by ethnicity, for males (Figure S4) and females (Figure S5).


Note: Race/Ethnicity was not reported or was reported as "Other" for 2,499 short-term suspensions in 2006-07, 10,250 in 2007082,069 in $2008-09$, 1,776 in $2009-10$, and 77 in 2010-11. Rates calculated by dividing number of suspensions in race/ethnicity*gender category by membership in that race/ethnicity*gender category and multiplying by ten.

Figure S4. Male Short-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity.

- Among males, Black students had the highest rate of short-term suspensions, followed by American Indian students.
- The male student short-term suspension rates for all groups except multiracial decreased or stayed constant in 2010-11.


Note: Race/Ethnicity was not reported or was reported as "Other" for 2,499 short-term suspensions in 2006-07, 10,250 in 2007082,069 in 2008-09, 1,776 in 2009-10, and 77 in 2010-11. Rates calculated by dividing number of suspensions in race/ethnicity*gender category by membership in that race/ethnicity*gender category and multiplying by ten.

## Figure S5. Female Short-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity.

- Among females, Black and American Indian students had the highest rates of short-term suspensions.
- The female student short-term suspension rates for all groups except Asian and multiracial decreased in 2010-11.


Note: Grade level was not reported for 3,140 short-term suspensions given in 2006-07, 7,177 in 2007-08, 1,025 in 2008-09, 1,628 in 2009-10, and 58 in 2010-11.

Figure S6. Number of Short-Term Suspensions by Grade Level.

- As in previous years, ninth graders received by far the largest number of short-term suspensions.


OHI=Other Health Impairment; SLI=Speech/Language Impairment; SLD=Specific Learning Disability; IDMI=Intellectual Disability-Mild; SED=Serious Emotional Disability.
Note: The relatively low figure for students with specific learning disabilities in 2007-08 is believed to be due to problems with manual data entry.

Figure S7. Short-Term Suspensions by Largest Categories of EC Status.

- The 63,642 suspensions received by students in the five categories depicted above account for $93.1 \%$ of the short-term suspensions received by exceptional children in 2010-11.
- Exceptional children received 68,383 , or $25.7 \%$ of the 266,490 short-term suspensions in 2010-11. The representation of EC students in the school population is approximately 14\%.


## Section 2. Long-Term Suspensions

This section reports data for students who were suspended for 11 or more school days. In 201011, the recent downward trend in long-term suspensions continued at a greater pace.

Overall in 2010-11 there were 2,621 long-term suspensions reported. This is a $22.2 \%$ decrease from the total of 3,368 long-term suspensions reported in 2009-10. High school students received 1,801 long-term suspensions, a 10.7\% decrease from 2009-10.

The 2,621 long-term suspensions in 2010-11 were given to 2,566 different students (i.e., some students were long-term suspended more than once). Long-term suspensions in the state in 2010-11 totaled 134,742 days, or an average of 51.4 school days per suspension, down from 62.6 days per suspension in 2009-10.

Long-Term Suspensions by Gender


Note: Gender was not recorded for 94 long-term suspensions in 2006-07, 1,014 in 2007-08, 13 in 2008-09, and 41 in 2009-10.
Figure S8. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Gender.

- As in previous years, the majority of long-term suspensions in 2009-10 were given to male students. There were four long-term suspensions given to males for each one given to females.
- Since 2007-08 there have been decreases in the number of long-term suspensions received by both males and females each year.


Note: Gender was not recorded for 94 long-term suspensions in 2006-07, 1,014 in 2007-08, 13 in 2008-09, and 41 in 2009-10.
Figure S9. Long-Term Suspension Rates by Gender.

- The rate of long-term suspensions for both males and females has continued to decline since 2007-08.


Note: Race/Ethnicity was not reported or was reported as "Other" for 122 suspensions in 2006-07, 29 suspensions in 2008-09, 44 suspensions in 2009-10, and two suspensions in 2010-11. 2007-08 is omitted due to lack of race/ethnicity data.

Figure S10. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Race/Ethnicity.

- Black students received the most long-term suspensions in 2010-11, 1,397. This total was a $25.3 \%$ decrease from the 1,869 reported in 2009-10 and a $32.2 \%$ decrease from the 2,062 reported in 2008-09.
- White students received the second highest number of long-term suspensions in 2010-11, 809. This total was a decrease of $11.5 \%$ from the 914 reported in $2009-10$ and a $16.9 \%$ decrease from the 973 reported in 2008-09.


Note: Race/Ethnicity was not reported or was reported as "Other" for 122 suspensions in 2006-07, 29 suspensions in 2008-09, 44 suspensions in 2009-10, and two suspensions in 2010-11. 2007-08 is omitted due to lack of race/ethnicity data. Rates calculated by dividing number of suspensions in race/ethnicity category by membership in that race/ethnicity category and multiplying by 100,000 .

Figure S11. Rates of Long-Term Suspension by Race/Ethnicity, LTS per 100,000.

- Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and black students had the highest rates of long-term suspensions in 2010-11, 639 and 360 LTS per 100,000 students, respectively. The Hawaiian/Pacific Islander group is very small, and the high rate resulted from only seven long-term suspensions across the state.
- The long-term suspension rate for American Indian students declined dramatically in 2010-11--by 72.7\%.

Long-Term Suspensions by Ethnicity and Gender


Note: 2007-08 is omitted due to lack of ethnicity data. Rates calculated by dividing number of suspensions in race/ethnicity*gender category by membership in that race/ethnicity*gender category and multiplying by 100,000 .

Figure S12. Male Long-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity.

- Among males, Hawaiian/Pacific Islander students had the highest rate of long-term suspension in 2010-11, 923 LTS per 100,000 students, followed by black students (567 LTS per 100,000 ) and Hispanic students ( 246 LTS per 100,000).


Note: 2007-08 is omitted due to lack of ethnicity data. Rates calculated by dividing number of suspensions in race/ethnicity*gender category by membership in that race/ethnicity*gender category and multiplying by 100,000 .

Figure S13. Female Long-Term Suspension Rates by Race/Ethnicity.

- Among females, Hawaiian/Pacific Islander students had the highest rate of long-term suspension in 2009-10, 361 LTS per 100,000 students, followed by black students (148 LTS per 100,000).


Note: Grade level was not provided for 96 long-term suspensions in 2006-07, 25 in 2008-09, 51 in 2009-10, and six in 2010-11. 2007-08 is omitted due to lack of grade level data.

Figure S14. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Grade Level.

- As was the case with short-term suspensions, far more long-term suspensions were given to $9^{\text {th }}$ graders than to students at any other grade level.


Note: Special education status was not recorded for 92 long-term suspensions in 2006-07, 1018 in 2007-08, 12 in 2008-09, and 41 in 2009-10.

Figure S15. Number of Long-Term Suspensions by Special Education Status.

- The 367 suspensions received by students in the five categories depicted above account for $97.1 \%$ of the long-term suspensions received by exceptional children in 2010-11.
- Special education students received 378 long-term suspensions in 2010-11, 14.4\% of the total long-term suspensions.


## Section 3. Multiple Suspensions

This section reports data for students who were suspended on multiple occasions during the year. Data are shown separately for students receiving multiple short-term suspensions (multiple suspensions of less than 11 days each) and for students receiving multiple long-term suspensions (multiple suspensions of 11 days or more each).

Multiple Short-Term Suspensions


Figure S16. Number of Students with Multiple Short-Term Suspensions Summing to More than 10 Days.

- The number of students whose combined lengths of multiple short-term suspensions exceeded ten days decreased $12.3 \%$ from 2009-10 to 2010-11.


Figure S17. Duration of Multiple Short-Term Suspensions Given to Students.

- The chart above shows that in 2010-11 the three middle groups of total durations of short-term suspensions experienced substantial decreases. The number of students whose short-term suspensions summed to between 21 and 40 days decreased $13.2 \%$ from 200910. The number of students whose short-term suspensions summed to between 11 and 20 days decreased $12.5 \%$, and the number whose short-term suspensions summed to between 6 and 10 days decreased $7.8 \%$.
- The number of students whose short-term suspensions summed to between 2 and 5 days and the number of students whose short-term suspensions summed to 41 or more days did not change appreciably.

Multiple Long-Term Suspensions


Figure S18. Number of Students with Multiple Long-Term Suspensions.

- The number of students receiving multiple long-term suspensions in the LEAs decreased from 87 in 2009-10 to 52 in 2010-11.


## Section 4. Expulsions

This section reports data for students who were expelled from school during the 2010-11 school year. Students who are expelled from school in a school district are not allowed to return to the district, although some are subsequently served in alternative learning programs, some are allowed to apply for readmission in the district, and some apply for admission in other districts.

In 2010-11 there were 69 expulsions in North Carolina schools, down from 88 in 2009-10. High school students received 43 of these expulsions.

## Expulsions by Gender



Figure S19. Number of Expulsions by Gender.

- As in previous years, males received far more expulsions than did females.
- Expulsions by Race/Ethnicity


Figure S20. Number of Expulsions by Race/Ethnicity.

- Among racial/ethnic groups, black students received the most expulsions, followed by white students.


## Expulsions by Grade Level



Note: Grade data was missing for 1 expulsion in 2005-06, 9 expulsions in 2006-07, 7 expulsions in 2007-08, 4 expulsions in 2008-09, and 4 expulsions in 2009-10.

Figure S21. Number of Expulsions by Grade Level.

- Ninth and tenth graders received the most expulsions, 16 from each grade.

Expulsions for Students Receiving Special Education Services

| Special Education Status | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}-\mathbf{0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Developmentally Delayed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Other Health Impaired | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Serious Emotional Disability | 2 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| Intellectual Disability - Mild | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Specific Learning Disabled | 7 | 4 | 11 | 5 | 7 |
| Traumatic Brain Injured | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Speech/Language Impaired | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Intellectual Disability - Severe | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Missing | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ |

Table S1. Expulsions of Students Receiving Special Education Services.

- $24.6 \%$ of all students expelled were Special Education students (17 of 69).


## Section 5. Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA and Charter

Table S2 contains counts of short-term suspensions, long-term suspensions, and expulsions in the 115 LEAs for each gender/race combination. Cell totals of less than five students are suppressed to comply with FERPA recommendations on protecting personally identifiable information.

Table S3 contains counts of short-term suspensions, long-term suspensions, and expulsions in the charter schools for each gender/race combination. Cell totals of less than five students are suppressed to comply with FERPA recommendations on protecting personally identifiable information. Charter schools are omitted if no suspensions or expulsions were reported.

Table S4 contains grade 9-13 short-term suspensions and short-term suspension rates for each LEA.

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alamance-Burlington (010) | Total |  | 3801 | 7 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 549 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 93 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 23 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 304 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 24 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1134 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 393 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 137 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 1129 | 5 | 0 |
| Alexander |  | Total | 478 | 0 | 0 |
| County (020) | Female | Black | 14 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 90 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 33 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 20 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 305 | 0 | 0 |
| Alleghany |  | Total | 225 | 0 | 0 |
| County (030) | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 53 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 14 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 14 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 131 | 0 | 0 |
| Anson |  | Total | 1771 | 53 | 0 |
| County (040) | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 467 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 7 | < 5 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# <br> Expulsions 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | White | 32 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 8 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1071 | 37 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 34 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 16 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 112 | 5 | 0 |
| Ashe <br> County (050) | Total |  | 218 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 46 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 151 | 0 | 0 |
| Avery <br> County (060) | Total |  | 76 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 18 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 55 | 0 | 0 |
| Beaufort <br> County (070) | Total |  | 2422 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 370 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 23 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 27 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 113 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1162 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 125 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 68 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 531 | < 5 | 0 |
| Bertie <br> County (080) | Total |  | 692 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 181 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 12 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 466 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 28 | < 5 | 0 |
| Bladen |  | Total | 665 | 14 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| County (090) | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 90 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 20 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 386 | 13 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 23 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 111 | < 5 | 0 |
| Brunswick <br> County (100) |  | Total | 2510 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 242 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 25 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 48 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 342 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 633 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 130 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 104 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 965 | < 5 | 0 |
| Buncombe <br> County (110) |  | Total | 3354 | 26 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 156 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 33 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 73 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 521 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 408 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 201 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 151 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 1775 | 15 | 0 |
| Asheville <br> City (111) |  | Total | 811 | 7 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 171 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 7 | < 5 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Asian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 287 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 136 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 38 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 218 | < 5 | 0 |
| Caldwell <br> County (140) | Total |  | 1257 | 6 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 34 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 19 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 26 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 206 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 129 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 60 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 65 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 718 | 6 | 0 |
| Camden <br> County (150) | Total |  | 100 | 3 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 20 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 15 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 59 | < 5 | 0 |
| Carteret <br> County (160) | Total |  | 1247 | 11 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 23 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 20 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 216 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 103 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 28 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 129 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 696 | 5 | 0 |
| Caswell |  | Total | 638 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Black | 61 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 80 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 247 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 25 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 192 | 0 | 0 |
| Catawba <br> County (180) | Total |  | 1538 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 66 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 29 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 21 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Female | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 262 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 31 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 175 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 133 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 61 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 745 | < 5 | 0 |
| Hickory <br> City (181) | Total |  | 1018 | 11 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 169 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 15 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 32 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 98 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 318 | 6 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 56 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 62 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 251 | < 5 | 0 |
| Newton Conover City (182) | Total |  | 477 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 40 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 8 | 0 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Expulsions } \\ \text { 2010-11 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | White | 52 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 174 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 59 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 16 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 113 | 0 | 0 |
| Chatham <br> County (190) | Total |  | 1069 | 15 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 55 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 41 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 86 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 210 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 259 | 10 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 48 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 352 | 0 | 0 |
| Cherokee <br> County (200) | Total |  | 262 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 8 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 7 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 52 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 16 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 154 | < 5 | 0 |
| Edenton/Chowan(210) | Total |  | 356 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 51 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 23 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 195 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 78 | < 5 | 0 |
| Clay <br> County (220) | Total |  | 36 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 8 | 0 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| Cleveland <br> County (230) | Total |  | 3920 | 39 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 537 | 7 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 19 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 46 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 510 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 7 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1179 | 17 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 87 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 142 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 1383 | 8 | 0 |
| Columbus <br> County (240) | Total |  | 1424 | 6 | 1 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 19 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 281 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 8 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 134 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 28 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 609 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 50 | $<5$ | < 5 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 9 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | White | 281 | < 5 | < 5 |
| Whiteville <br> City (241) | Total |  | 675 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 132 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 7 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 46 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 6 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 339 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 7 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 10 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 124 | < 5 | 0 |
| Craven <br> County (250) | Total |  | 4282 | 39 | 2 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 12 | $<5$ | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 763 | < 5 | < 5 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | Expulsions 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dare <br> County (280) | Total |  | 361 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Pacific Islander | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 69 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 22 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 235 | 0 | 0 |
| Davidson <br> County (290) | Total |  | 1939 | 14 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 30 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 12 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 13 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 318 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 74 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 63 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 45 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 1367 | 10 | 0 |
| Lexington <br> City (291) | Total |  | 12 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Thomasville <br> City (292) | Total |  | 815 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 97 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 22 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 48 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | White | 260 | 10 | 0 |
| Edgecombe <br> County (330) | Total |  | 2696 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 562 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 94 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1589 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 40 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 38 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 359 | < 5 | 0 |
| Forsyth <br> County (340) | Total |  | 11844 | 73 | 20 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 11 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | 13 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 2304 | 6 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 386 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 136 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Pacific Islander | 43 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 515 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 21 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | 49 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 4903 | 35 | 12 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 1418 | 7 | 7 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 377 | $<5$ | $<5$ |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | 112 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | White | 1553 | 11 | < 5 |
| Franklin <br> County (350) | Total |  | 1401 | 51 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 190 | 6 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 31 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 7 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 119 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 474 | 23 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 96 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 35 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 443 | 16 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gaston <br> County (360) | Total |  | 6213 | 46 | 2 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 818 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 95 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 76 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 745 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 21 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 1761 | 8 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 230 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 165 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | White | 2293 | 27 | < 5 |
| Gates |  | Total | 244 | 3 | 0 |
| County (370) | Female | Black | 21 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 20 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 113 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 7 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 79 | < 5 | 0 |
| Graham |  | Total | 52 | 1 | 0 |
| County (380) | Female | American Indian | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 12 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 36 | < 5 | 0 |
| Granville |  | Total | 573 | 18 | 0 |
| County (390) | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 53 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 329 | 11 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 26 | < 5 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \text { E } \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roanoke Rapids City (421) | Total |  | 635 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 60 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 74 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 163 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 300 | < 5 | 0 |
| Weldon <br> City (422) | Total |  | 450 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 121 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 326 | < 5 | 0 |
| Harnett <br> County (430) | Total |  | 3588 | 10 | 12 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 18 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 470 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 80 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 41 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 259 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 54 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 1373 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 252 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 103 | $<5$ | < 5 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | White | 930 | < 5 | 5 |
| Haywood <br> County (440) | Total |  | 758 | 42 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 189 | 8 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 18 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 23 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 490 | 28 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Henderson <br> County (450) | Total |  | 846 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 21 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 15 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 31 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 109 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 57 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 93 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 40 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 475 | < 5 | 0 |
| Hertford <br> County (460) | Total |  | 854 | 13 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 222 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 22 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 515 | 12 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 78 | < 5 | 0 |
| Hoke <br> County (470) | Total |  | 1995 | 11 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 82 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 368 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 62 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 22 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 67 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 241 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 747 | 7 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 103 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 58 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 238 | < 5 | 0 |
| Hyde <br> County (480) | Total |  | 36 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 22 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iredell-Statesville(490) | Male | Multiracial | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Total | 2535 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 273 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 54 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 39 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 276 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 647 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 152 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 72 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 998 | < 5 | 0 |
| Mooresville <br> City (491) |  | Total | 398 | 15 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 47 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 35 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 112 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 36 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 13 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 142 | < 5 | 0 |
| Jackson <br> County (500) |  | Total | 322 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 12 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 35 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 52 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 14 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 208 | 0 | 0 |
| Johnston <br> County (510) |  | Total | 5325 | 64 | 2 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 9 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 574 | $<5$ | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 178 | < 5 | $<5$ |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 57 | < 5 | < 5 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# <br> Expulsions <br> 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 452 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 16 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 1475 | 27 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 634 | 11 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 196 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | White | 1728 | 19 | < 5 |
| Jones <br> County (520) | Total |  | 148 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 24 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 73 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 43 | 0 | 0 |
| Lee <br> County (530) | Total |  | 1923 | 33 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 239 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 114 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 8 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 113 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 13 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 655 | 12 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 286 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 50 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 440 | 11 | 0 |
| Lenoir <br> County (540) | Total |  | 3251 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 661 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 51 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 23 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 101 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1727 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 105 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 50 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 520 | 0 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | Expulsions 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lincoln <br> County (550) | Total |  | 1610 | 8 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 71 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 15 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 254 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 152 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 99 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 45 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 951 | < 5 | 0 |
| Macon <br> County (560) | Total |  | 356 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 60 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 21 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 252 | < 5 | 0 |
| Madison <br> County (570) | Total |  | 217 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 40 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 6 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 169 | < 5 | 0 |
| Martin <br> County (580) | Total |  | 1547 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 332 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 80 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 876 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 24 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 23 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 192 | < 5 | 0 |
| McDowell <br> County (590) | Total |  | 592 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 7 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 126 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 41 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 31 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 13 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 357 | < 5 | 0 |
| Charlotte- <br> Mecklenburg (600) | Total |  | 35393 | 137 | 5 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 80 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | 67 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 7985 | 37 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 870 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 222 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 886 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 138 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | 274 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 18514 | 76 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 3087 | 9 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 568 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | 5 | < 5 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | White | 2694 | 6 | < 5 |
| Mitchell <br> County (610) | Total |  | 103 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 18 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 81 | < 5 | 0 |
| Montgomery <br> County (620) | Total |  | 725 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 110 | 0 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 44 | 0 | $<5$ |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 72 | 0 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | < 5 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Black | 189 | 0 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 101 | 0 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 15 | 0 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | 9 | 0 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | White | 175 | 0 | < 5 |
| Moore <br> County (630) | Total |  | 1747 | 14 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 221 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 25 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 21 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 172 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 15 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 499 | 6 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 125 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 34 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 626 | < 5 | 0 |
| Nash-Rocky Mount(640) | Total |  | 6129 | 45 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 13 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 1475 | 8 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 37 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 115 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 155 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 15 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 3376 | 31 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 151 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 197 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 580 | < 5 | 0 |
| New Hanover County (650) | Total |  | 4459 | 23 | 2 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 7 | < 5 | $<5$ |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 937 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 51 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 71 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 339 | < 5 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | American Indian | 12 | < 5 | < 5 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Black | 133 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 19 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 99 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 280 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 40 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 39 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 423 | < 5 | 0 |
| Perquimans <br> County (720) | Total |  | 193 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 19 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 75 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 79 | < 5 | 0 |
| Person <br> County (730) | Total |  | 1285 | 34 | 3 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 272 | 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 13 | $<5$ | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 20 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 112 | 5 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 466 | 11 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 38 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 41 | < 5 | $<5$ |
|  | Male | White | 319 | 8 | < 5 |
| Pitt <br> County (740) | Total |  | 7282 | 185 | 1 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | 7 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 1692 | 26 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 84 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 52 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 251 | 6 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | 8 | < 5 | < 5 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Black | 399 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 15 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 126 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 70 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 906 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 46 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 21 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 396 | 0 | 0 |
| Robeson <br> County (780) | Total |  | 9124 | 31 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 1049 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 960 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 93 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 71 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 276 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 2940 | 10 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 2526 | 15 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 254 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 178 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 761 | 5 | 0 |
| Rockingham <br> County (790) | Total |  | 3260 | 15 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 295 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 36 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 43 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 432 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 8 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 787 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 158 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 126 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 1366 | 7 | 0 |
| Rowan-Salisbury(800) | Total |  | 4446 | 12 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | 7 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 658 | < 5 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 72 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 34 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 486 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 19 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 8 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1318 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 236 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 109 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 1493 | 10 | 0 |
| Rutherford <br> County (810) | Total |  | 1555 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 108 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 18 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 192 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 343 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 28 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 80 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 767 | < 5 | 0 |
| Sampson <br> County (820) | Total |  | 1215 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 110 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 33 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 15 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 121 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 9 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 365 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 165 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 42 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 352 | < 5 | 0 |
| Clinton <br> City (821) | Total |  | 470 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 95 | < 5 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 12 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 207 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 53 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 20 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 42 | < 5 | 0 |
| Scotland <br> County (830) | Total |  | 2123 | 11 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 55 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 381 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 94 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 228 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1055 | 9 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 67 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 215 | < 5 | 0 |
| Stanly <br> County (840) | Total |  | 2486 | 22 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 217 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 14 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 16 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 297 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 6 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 10 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 572 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 93 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 57 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 1201 | 11 | 0 |
| Stokes <br> County (850) | Total |  | 826 | 29 | 1 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 16 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 12 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 156 | 7 | < 5 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ \text { 2010-11 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| County (880) | Female | Black | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 45 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 18 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 190 | 5 | 0 |
| Tyrrell <br> County (890) |  | Total | 93 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 36 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 27 | < 5 | 0 |
| Union <br> County (900) |  | Total | 6059 | 89 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 686 | 8 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 190 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 36 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 571 | 8 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 36 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 16 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1800 | 43 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 571 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 86 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 2066 | 24 | 0 |
| Vance <br> County (910) |  | Total | 2821 | 11 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 693 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 40 | $<5$ | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 17 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 98 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 1581 | 8 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 127 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 27 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 235 | < 5 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | Expulsions 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wake <br> County (920) | Total |  | 17339 | 577 | 2 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 23 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Asian | 31 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Black | 3097 | 66 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 732 | 33 | < 5 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 225 | 6 | < 5 |
|  | Female | White | 734 | 26 | < 5 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 59 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Asian | 160 | 7 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Black | 7193 | 234 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 1899 | 89 | < 5 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 545 | 21 | < 5 |
|  | Male | White | 2641 | 91 | < 5 |
| Warren <br> County (930) | Total |  | 1029 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 20 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 267 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 28 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 42 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 580 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 23 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 10 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 50 | $<5$ | 0 |
| Washington <br> County (940) | Total |  | 297 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 83 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 7 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 176 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 24 | $<5$ | 0 |
| Watauga <br> County (950) | Total |  | 186 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 33 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 14 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 5 | 0 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race

| LEA | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# <br> Expulsions 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | White | 131 | 0 | 0 |
| Wayne <br> County (960) | Total |  | 5791 | 10 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | 6 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 1192 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 122 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 90 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 250 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 12 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 16 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 2532 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 393 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 262 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 911 | < 5 | 0 |
| Wilkes <br> County (970) | Total |  | 768 | 10 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 16 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 11 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 116 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 47 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 74 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 24 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Pacific Islander | < 5 | < 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 466 | 7 | 0 |
| Wilson <br> County (980) | Total |  | 4731 | 45 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 1037 | 6 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 57 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 26 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Other/Missing | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 150 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 2611 | 27 | 0 |

Table S2. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by LEA, Gender, and Race


Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Expulsions } \\ \mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| River Mill Academy (01B) | Total |  | 56 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 16 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Clover Garden (01C) | Total |  | 33 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| Crossnore Academy (06B) | Total |  | 12 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Washington <br> Montessori (07A) | Total |  | 90 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 21 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 53 | 0 | 0 |
| Charter Day School (10A) | Total |  | 55 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| Evergreen Community Charter School (11A) | Total |  | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| ArtSpace Charter School (11B) | Total |  | 29 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Francine Delany (11K) | Total |  | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The New Dimensions School (12A) | Total |  | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Carolina International <br> School (13A) | Total |  | 30 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| The Woods Charter School (19B) | Total |  | 19 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Learning Center (20A) | Total |  | 33 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 26 | 0 | 0 |
| Maureen Joy Charter <br> School (32A) | Total |  | 87 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 24 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 44 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Healthy Start Academy <br> Charter Elementary <br> School (32B) | Total |  | 31 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 16 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 1 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# <br> Expulsions <br> 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carter Community School (32C) | Total |  | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Kestrel Heights <br> School (32D) | Total |  | 76 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 16 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 36 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Research Triangle Charter Academy (32H) | Total |  | 71 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 23 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 42 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The Central Park School for Children [32K] | Total |  | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 11 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Voyager Academy (32L) | Total |  | 30 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| The Downtown Middle School (34C) | Total |  | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The Carter G. Woodson <br> School of Challenge (34D) | Total |  | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Forsyth Academies (34F) |  | Total | 147 | 1 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions <br> 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | Black | 17 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 73 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| Crosscreek Charter (35A) | Total |  | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Piedmont Community School (36B) | Total |  | 228 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 27 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 36 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 60 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 11 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 89 | 0 | 0 |
| Mountain Island Charter (36C) | Total |  | 29 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| Greensboro Academy [41B] | Total |  | 15 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Guilford Preparatory Academy (41C) | Total |  | 43 | 0 | 3 |
|  | Female | Black | 17 | 0 | < 5 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 25 | 0 | < 5 |
| TRIAD Math \& Science$(41 F)$ | Total |  | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| American Renaissance |  | Total | 36 | 0 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | $\begin{gathered} \text { \# Short-term } \\ \text { suspensions } \\ \text { 2010-11 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \# Long-term } \\ \text { suspensions } \\ \text { 2010-11 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School (49B) |  | Other/Missing | 3 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| Pine Lake Preparatory(49E) | Total |  | 29 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 3 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Summit Charter School(50A) | Total |  | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Neuse Charter [51A] | Total |  | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The Children's Village <br> Academy (54A) | Total |  | 61 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Female | Black | 27 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Male | Black | 34 | 0 | 0 |
| Kinston Charter Academy [54B] | Total |  | 16 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Female | Black | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Male | Black | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Lincoln Charter School (55A) | Total |  | 38 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| The Community Charter School (60A) | Total |  | 33 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 14 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Sugar Creek Charter <br> School (60B) | Total |  | 264 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 95 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Black | 162 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Kennedy School (60C) | Total |  | 92 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 27 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 65 | 0 | 0 |
| Lake Norman Charter <br> School (60D) | Total |  | 94 | 1 | 2 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 1 | 2 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 13 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 68 | 0 | 0 |
| Queen's Grant <br> Community Schools (60G) | Total |  | 151 | 3 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 28 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 15 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 3 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 57 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Other/Missing | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 47 | 0 | 0 |
| Crossroads Charter <br> High School (60H) | Total |  | 348 | 4 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 136 | < 5 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 208 | < 5 | 0 |
| Socrates Academy (60J) | Total |  | 2 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Charlotte Secondary [60K] | Total |  | 23 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| KIPP: Charlotte (60L) | Total |  | 171 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 33 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 132 | 0 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | $\begin{gathered} \text { \# Short-term } \\ \text { suspensions } \\ 2010-11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The Academy of Moore County (63A) | Total |  | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | $<5$ | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Sandhills Theatre Arts <br> Renaissance School [63B] | Total |  | 19 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | $<5$ | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Rocky Mount Prep [64A] | Total |  | 154 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 31 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 78 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 26 | 0 | 0 |
| Cape Fear Center for Inquiry [65A] | Total |  | 29 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| Gaston College <br> Preparatory (66A) | Total |  | 117 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 20 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ \text { 2010-11 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 84 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Orange Charter [68A] | Total |  | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| PACE Academy (68N) | Total |  | 34 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 22 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Arapahoe Charter <br> School (69A) | Total |  | 27 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| CIS Academy (78A) | Total |  | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Bethany Community School (79A) | Total |  | 22 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Lake Lure Classical <br> Academy [81B] | Total |  | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Stone Day School (84B) | Total |  | 2 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Millennium Charter <br> Academy (86T) | Total |  | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Union Academy (90A) | Total |  | 18 | 4 | 1 |
|  | Female | White | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 4 | 1 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | \# Long-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | White | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Vance Charter <br> School (91A) | Total |  | 7 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The Franklin Academy (92F) | Total |  | 98 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 16 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 73 | 0 | 0 |
| East Wake Academy (92G) | Total |  | 38 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Raleigh Charter High School (92K) | Total |  | 16 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Asian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Torchlight Academy (92L) | Total |  | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| PreEminent Charter School(92M) | Total |  | 192 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 46 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 128 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Southern Wake <br> Academy (92P) | Total |  | 4 | 1 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Hope Elementary <br> School (92Q) | Total |  | 28 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 16 | 0 | 0 |

Table S3. 2010-11 Suspensions and Expulsions by Charter School, Gender, and Race.

| Charter School | Gender | Race/Ethnicity | \# Short-term suspensions 2010-11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \# Long-term } \\ & \text { suspensions } \\ & \text { 2010-11 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Expulsions } \\ 2010-11 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Endeavor Charter <br> School (92S) | Total |  | 4 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Haliwa-Saponi Tribal <br> School (93A) | Total |  | 9 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | American Indian | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Two Rivers Community [95A] | Total |  | 2 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Dillard Academy (96C) | Total |  | 32 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 26 | 0 | 0 |
| Sallie B. Howard School (98A) | Total |  | 204 | 7 | 0 |
|  | Female | Black | 47 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Hispanic | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Female | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | Other/Missing | 0 | 2 | 0 |
|  | Male | Black | 125 | 5 | 0 |
|  | Male | Hispanic | 21 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | Multiracial | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Male | White | < 5 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total Charter |  | 3,630 | 35 | 10 |

Table S4. 2010-11 Grade 9-13 Short-Term Suspensions and Suspension Rates.

| LEA\# | LEA Name | \# Short-Term <br> Suspensions | Short-Term Suspension Rate (per 100 students) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | ALAMANCE-BURLINGTON | 1845 | 28.23 |
| 20 | ALEXANDER COUNTY | 176 | 10.49 |
| 30 | ALLEGHANY COUNTY | 169 | 39.39 |
| 40 | ANSON COUNTY | 974 | 80.90 |
| 50 | ASHE COUNTY | 133 | 14.83 |
| 60 | AVERY COUNTY | 61 | 9.61 |
| 70 | BEAUFORT COUNTY | 1356 | 71.94 |
| 80 | BERTIE COUNTY | 494 | 55.57 |
| 90 | BLADEN COUNTY | 253 | 16.49 |
| 100 | BRUNSWICK COUNTY | 1519 | 41.66 |
| 110 | BUNCOMBE COUNTY | 2015 | 25.97 |
| 111 | ASHEVILLE CITY | 273 | 23.41 |
| 120 | BURKE COUNTY | 636 | 14.78 |
| 130 | CABARRUS COUNTY | 2402 | 28.75 |
| 132 | KANNAPOLIS CITY | 378 | 27.90 |
| 140 | CALDWELL COUNTY | 550 | 14.14 |
| 150 | CAMDEN COUNTY | 37 | 6.49 |
| 160 | CARTERET COUNTY | 748 | 29.47 |
| 170 | CASWELL COUNTY | 378 | 45.27 |
| 180 | CATAWBA COUNTY | 746 | 14.00 |
| 181 | HICKORY CITY | 541 | 48.56 |
| 182 | NEWTON-CONOVER | 290 | 32.92 |
| 190 | CHATHAM COUNTY | 653 | 29.78 |
| 200 | CHEROKEE COUNTY | 146 | 13.27 |
| 210 | EDENTON/CHOWAN | 261 | 37.02 |
| 220 | CLAY COUNTY | 20 | 5.25 |
| 230 | CLEVELAND COUNTY | 2006 | 40.69 |
| 240 | COLUMBUS COUNTY | 615 | 31.46 |
| 241 | WHITEVILLE CITY | 433 | 35.99 |
| 250 | CRAVEN COUNTY | 2305 | 54.75 |
| 260 | CUMBERLAND COUNTY | 5063 | 29.55 |
| 270 | CURRITUCK COUNTY | 420 | 35.09 |
| 280 | DARE COUNTY | 268 | 16.93 |
| 290 | DAVIDSON COUNTY | 1078 | 17.92 |
| 291 | LEXINGTON CITY | 8 | 1.04 |
| 292 | THOMASVILLE CITY | 390 | 30.90 |
| 300 | DAVIE COUNTY | 204 | 10.77 |
| 310 | DUPLIN COUNTY | 684 | 27.27 |
| 320 | DURHAM COUNTY | 2975 | 25.19 |
| 330 | EDGECOMBE COUNTY | 1075 | 50.45 |

Table S4. 2010-11 Grade 9-13 Short-Term Suspensions and Suspension Rates.

| LEA\# | LEA Name | \# Short-Term <br> Suspensions | Short-Term Suspension Rate (per 100 students) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 340 | FORSYTH COUNTY | 5511 | 34.46 |
| 350 | FRANKLIN COUNTY | 738 | 30.21 |
| 360 | GASTON COUNTY | 2656 | 28.17 |
| 370 | GATES COUNTY | 116 | 19.97 |
| 380 | GRAHAM COUNTY | 22 | 6.21 |
| 390 | GRANVILLE COUNTY | 157 | 6.05 |
| 400 | GREENE COUNTY | 919 | 53.81 |
| 410 | GUILFORD COUNTY | 3242 | 14.46 |
| 420 | HALIFAX COUNTY | 629 | 55.18 |
| 421 | ROANOKE RAPIDS CITY | 392 | 47.23 |
| 422 | WELDON CITY | 270 | 70.13 |
| 430 | HARNETT COUNTY | 2110 | 37.95 |
| 440 | HAYWOOD COUNTY | 357 | 15.51 |
| 450 | HENDERSON COUNTY | 341 | 8.80 |
| 460 | HERTFORD COUNTY | 433 | 45.48 |
| 470 | HOKE COUNTY | 1066 | 53.81 |
| 480 | HYDE COUNTY | 13 | 9.15 |
| 490 | IREDELL-STATESVILLE | 1064 | 14.99 |
| 491 | MOORESVILLE CITY | 164 | 10.59 |
| 500 | JACKSON COUNTY | 126 | 11.80 |
| 510 | JOHNSTON COUNTY | 2442 | 26.75 |
| 520 | JONES COUNTY | 79 | 23.58 |
| 530 | LEE COUNTY | 788 | 28.08 |
| 540 | LENOIR COUNTY | 1703 | 57.75 |
| 550 | LINCOLN COUNTY | 906 | 24.68 |
| 560 | MACON COUNTY | 190 | 12.62 |
| 570 | MADISON COUNTY | 67 | 8.92 |
| 580 | MARTIN COUNTY | 768 | 73.92 |
| 590 | MCDOWELL COUNTY | 381 | 13.51 |
| 600 | MECKLENBURG COUNTY | 16874 | 44.46 |
| 610 | MITCHELL COUNTY | 49 | 7.85 |
| 620 | MONTGOMERY COUNTY | 247 | 20.48 |
| 630 | MOORE COUNTY | 940 | 24.60 |
| 640 | NASH-ROCKY MOUNT | 3491 | 68.29 |
| 650 | NEW HANOVER COUNTY | 1536 | 21.93 |
| 660 | NORTHAMPTON COUNTY | 781 | 102.49 |
| 670 | ONSLOW COUNTY | 833 | 13.20 |
| 680 | ORANGE COUNTY | 290 | 13.35 |
| 681 | CHAPEL HILL-CARRBORO | 174 | 4.82 |
| 690 | PAMLICO COUNTY | 135 | 26.57 |

Table S4. 2010-11 Grade 9-13 Short-Term Suspensions and Suspension Rates.

| LEA\# | LEA Name | \# Short-Term <br> Suspensions | Short-Term Suspension Rate (per 100 students) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 700 | PASQUOTANK COUNTY | 496 | 28.52 |
| 710 | PENDER COUNTY | 480 | 19.21 |
| 720 | PERQUIMANS COUNTY | 122 | 23.42 |
| 730 | PERSON COUNTY | 742 | 49.57 |
| 740 | PITT COUNTY | 1882 | 27.68 |
| 750 | POLK COUNTY | 48 | 6.81 |
| 760 | RANDOLPH COUNTY | 508 | 9.48 |
| 761 | ASHEBORO CITY | 122 | 9.93 |
| 770 | RICHMOND COUNTY | 820 | 27.64 |
| 780 | ROBESON COUNTY | 4827 | 73.91 |
| 790 | ROCKINGHAM COUNTY | 1693 | 41.19 |
| 800 | ROWAN-SALISBURY | 1919 | 31.94 |
| 810 | RUTHERFORD COUNTY | 870 | 31.88 |
| 820 | SAMPSON COUNTY | 436 | 20.66 |
| 821 | CLINTON CITY | 185 | 24.57 |
| 830 | SCOTLAND COUNTY | 791 | 43.51 |
| 840 | STANLY COUNTY | 1071 | 39.38 |
| 850 | STOKES COUNTY | 426 | 19.20 |
| 860 | SURRY COUNTY | 341 | 13.66 |
| 861 | ELKIN CITY | 37 | 9.92 |
| 862 | MOUNT AIRY CITY | 25 | 4.95 |
| 870 | SWAIN COUNTY | 164 | 28.13 |
| 880 | TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY | 134 | 9.65 |
| 890 | TYRRELL COUNTY | 59 | 39.33 |
| 900 | UNION COUNTY | 3286 | 29.35 |
| 910 | VANCE COUNTY | 1200 | 57.64 |
| 920 | WAKE COUNTY | 9166 | 20.17 |
| 930 | WARREN COUNTY | 416 | 53.89 |
| 940 | WASHINGTON COUNTY | 132 | 20.66 |
| 950 | WATAUGA COUNTY | 142 | 10.28 |
| 960 | WAYNE COUNTY | 2615 | 44.86 |
| 970 | WILKES COUNTY | 212 | 7.55 |
| 980 | WILSON COUNTY | 1715 | 50.50 |
| 990 | YADKIN COUNTY | 208 | 11.26 |
| 995 | YANCEY COUNTY | 83 | 11.74 |
|  | Non-Charter, Grades 9-13 | 124,951 | 29.00 |

# Uses of Corporal Punishment 

## 2010-11



## Introduction

This report delivers disaggregated data on uses of corporal punishment per G.S. 115C12(27). Corporal punishment uses are disaggregated by Local Education Agency (LEA), gender, race/ethnicity, grade level, type of disability, and reason for punishment.

Although some corporal punishment data has been captured in a number of LEAs over many years, 2010-11 was the first year that all uses of corporal punishment were required to be reported. This section reports corporal punishment data for the 2010-11 school year.

## USES OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT, 2010-11

## General Findings

In 2010-11 there were 891 uses of corporal punishment in North Carolina schools. High school students received 82 of these punishments.

621 individual students received corporal punishment in 2010-11. 467 students received corporal punishment once, while 154 students received it two or more times.

## Use of Corporal Punishment by LEA

Corporal punishment was used at least once by 17 LEAs in 2010-11. Charter schools and the remaining 98 LEAs did not use corporal punishment.

| LEA \# | LEA Name | Uses of Corporal <br> Punishment |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 780 | Robeson County | 359 |
| 240 | Columbus County | 193 |
| 590 | McDowell County | 70 |
| 640 | Nash-Rocky Mount | 56 |
| 990 | Yadkin County | 55 |
| 380 | Graham County | 49 |
| 970 | Wilkes County | 28 |
| 560 | Macon County | 24 |
| 360 | Gaston County | 15 |
| 440 | Haywood County | 13 |
| 310 | Duplin County | 10 |
| 610 | Mitchell County | 9 |
| 090 | Bladen County | 3 |
| 120 | Burke County | 3 |
| 540 | Lenoir County | 2 |
| 670 | Onslow County | 1 |
| 870 | Swain County | 1 |

Table P1. Uses of Corporal Punishment by LEA.

Use of Corporal Punishment by Ethnicity, Race, and Gender
Corporal punishment was applied to 710 males and 179 females during the 2010-11 school year. The breakdown by race/ethnicity is shown below.

| Race/Ethnicity | Uses of <br> Corporal <br> Punishment |
| :--- | ---: |
| White | 331 |
| American Indian | 311 |
| Black | 199 |
| Hispanic | 29 |
| Multi | 19 |
| Other/Missing | 1 |
| Asian | 1 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 |
| State Total | 891 |

## Table P2. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Race/Ethnicity

Use of Corporal Punishment by Grade Level
Use of corporal punishment was highest in grades 3 and 4, as seen in the table below.

| Grade Level | Uses of <br> Corporal <br> Punishment |
| :--- | ---: |
| Pre-K | 1 |
| Kindergarten | 77 |
| Grade 1 | 81 |
| Grade 2 | 58 |
| Grade 3 | 140 |
| Grade 4 | 141 |
| Grade 5 | 87 |
| Grade 6 | 79 |
| Grade 7 | 69 |
| Grade 8 | 76 |
| Grade 9 | 31 |
| Grade 10 | 16 |
| Grade 11 | 13 |
| Grade 12 | 22 |

Table P3. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Grade Level

## Use of Corporal Punishment by Disability Status

Corporal punishment was applied to 692 non-disabled students and 199 students with disabilities. The breakdown of those 199 students by primary disability may be seen in the table below.

| Primary Disability | Uses of <br> Corporal <br> Punishment |
| :--- | ---: |
| Specific Learning Disabled | 65 |
| Speech-Language Impaired | 56 |
| Other Health Impaired | 29 |
| Developmentally Delayed | 26 |
| Intellectual Disability - Mild | 16 |
| Serious Emotional Disability | 5 |
| Intellectual Disability - Moderate | 2 |
| State Total, Disabled Students | 199 |

Table P4. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Student's Primary Disability

Reasons for the Use of Corporal Punishment
Offense types associated with the use of corporal punishment may be seen in the table below.

| Reason for Use | Number of Uses |
| :--- | ---: |
| Disruptive Behavior | 361 |
| Aggressive Behavior | 78 |
| Insubordination | 71 |
| Inappropriate Language | 60 |
| Other (not specified) | 58 |
| Disrespect of Staff | 51 |
| Bus Misbehavior | 41 |
| Disorderly Conduct | 36 |
| Fighting or Affray | 31 |
| Cutting Class | 15 |
| Cell Phone Use | 14 |
| Leaving School | 13 |
| Minor Assault | 10 |
| Theft | 10 |
| Leaving Class | 8 |
| Bullying | 5 |
| All Others | $\mathbf{2 9}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 9 1}$ |

Table P5. Uses of Corporal Punishment by Offense Type

# Alternative Learning Program Placements 

## 2010-11



## ALTERNATIVE LEARNING PROGRAM PLACEMENTS

## Introduction

This report delivers disaggregated data on Alternative Learning Program and Alternative School enrollments per G.S. 115C-12(27).

## Alternative Learning Programs

Alternative learning programs (ALPs) operate with a range of missions and primary target populations. In addition to students who are enrolled because of academic, attendance, and life problems (pregnancy, parenting, work), some ALPs also enroll students with mild, moderate, or severe discipline problems, including suspended or expelled students, on a case-by-case basis. Some ALPs are programs within a regular school and some are actual schools. Usually, both alternative schools and alternative programs serve students from other regular schools in the school district.

Suspended and expelled students in North Carolina are sometimes placed in ALPs on a case-bycase basis, based on processes and procedures developed by each of the 115 LEAs and the nearly 100 charter schools.

The State Board of Education, as required by GS 115C-12(24) amended by HB 168 of the 1999 Session of the General Assembly, adopted a definition of what constitutes an alternative school or program. Basic differences between an alternative school and an alternative program usually have to do with size, management, and accountability. The following definition is described in SBE policy HSP-Q-001, in the broader policy on school dropouts:

Alternative Learning Programs - Alternative Learning Programs are defined as services for students at risk of truancy, academic failure, behavior problems, and/or dropping out of school. These services should be designed to better meet the needs of students who have not been successful in the regular public school setting. Alternative learning programs serve students at any level who:

- are suspended and/or expelled,
- are at risk of participation in juvenile crime,
- have dropped out and desire to return to school,
- have a history of truancy,
- are returning from juvenile justice settings or psychiatric hospitals, or
- have learning styles that are better served in an alternative setting.

Alternative learning programs provide individualized programs outside of a standard classroom setting in a caring atmosphere in which students learn the skills necessary to redirect their lives. An alternative learning program must:

- provide the primary instruction for selected at-risk students,
- enroll students for a designated period of time, usually a minimum of one academic grading period,
- offer course credit or grade-level promotion credit in core academic areas, and
- provide transition support to and from/between the school of origin and alternative learning program.

Alternative learning programs may also:

- address behavioral or emotional problems that interfere with adjustment to or benefiting from the regular education classroom,
- provide smaller classes and/or student/teacher ratios,
- provide instruction beyond regular school hours,
- provide flexible scheduling, and/or
- assist students in meeting graduation requirements other than course credits.

Alternative learning programs for at-risk students typically serve students in an alternative school or alternative program within the regular school.

An alternative school is one option for an alternative learning program. It serves at-risk students and has an organizational designation based on the NCDPI assignment of an official school code. An alternative school is different from a regular public school and provides choices of routes to completion of school. For the majority of students, the goal is to return to the regular public school. Alternative schools may vary from other schools in such areas as teaching methods, hours, curriculum, or sites, and they are intended to meet particular learning needs.

More information about alternative schools and the kinds of alternative learning programs aimed at addressing the needs of students is available on the NCDPI website: www.ncpublicschools.org/alp/.

## ALTERNATIVE LEARNING PROGRAM PLACEMENTS, 2010-11

## General Findings

Alternative schools and programs (ALPs) reported 14,093 student placements in 2010-11, an increase of $16.5 \%$ from 2009-10. There were 12,943 individual students placed in ALPs over the course of the 2010-11 school year.

Males were placed in ALPs at higher rates than females, and black students were placed at higher rates than other ethnic groups. The grade level most frequently placed was ninth.


Figure A1. ALP Placements by Gender.


Figure A2. ALP Placements by Race/Ethnicity.


Figure A3. ALP Placements by Grade Level.

# Dropout Counts and Rates 

## 2010-11



## DROPOUT COUNTS AND RATES, 2010-11

Introduction

North Carolina General Statute 115C-12(27) requires the compilation of an annual report of students dropping out of schools in the state. Dropouts are reported for each Local Educational Agency (LEA) and charter school in the state, and "event dropout rates" are computed. The event dropout rate, or simply the "dropout rate," is the number of students in a particular grade span dropping out in one year, divided by a measure of the total students in that particular grade span. Rates are calculated for grades 7-12 and 9-12.

The event rates are also referred to as "duplicate" rates, since a single individual may be counted as a dropout more than once if he or she drops out of school in multiple years. However, no student who drops out is counted more than once each year. For the purposes of this analysis, dropouts do not include students below the compulsory school age or students in Prekindergarten or Kindergarten.

A dropout is defined by State Board policy (HSP-Q-001) as "any student who leaves school for any reason before graduation or completion of a program of studies without transferring to another elementary or secondary school." For reporting purposes, a dropout is a student who was enrolled at some time during the previous school year, but who was not enrolled (and who does not meet reporting exclusions) on day 20 of the current school year. Schools that cannot document a former student's enrollment in a US school must report that student as a dropout. An exception is made for students who are known to have left the country.

Schools are allowed to exclude from their dropout count "initial enrollees," students who leave school within twenty days of their first enrollment in a particular LEA, or school district. Reporting exclusions also include expelled students and students who transfer to a private school, home school, or a state-approved educational program. Students who are not enrolled on day 20 because they have serious illnesses or are serving suspensions are also not counted as dropouts. Since 1998, dropout rates have included students who leave the public schools to attend community colleges.

The Program Monitoring and Support Division in the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction compiles dropout data entered by schools and/or LEAs. The data are self-reported by the districts, and the State agency does not conduct an official audit. To facilitate accurate reporting, DPI runs error checks and makes error reports available for review by the schools and LEAs.

Corrections and data verifications for 2010-11 dropout data were completed by all schools and LEAs by November, 2011.

## DROPOUT COUNTS AND RATES, 2010-11

## General Findings

High schools in North Carolina reported a dropout rate of $3.43 \%$, an $8.5 \%$ decrease from the $3.75 \%$ rate reported from the previous year.

Grades 9-13 reported 15,342 dropouts in 2010-2011, a decrease of 1,462 from the 16,804 total reported in 2009-10. There were decreases in 63.5\% (73 of 115) of the Local Educational Agencies (LEAs).

Dropout Rates:

- LEAs reporting the lowest high school dropout rates are Chapel Hill-Carrboro, Pamlico, Hyde, Dare, Clay, Whiteville City, Randolph, Union, Jackson, and Craven.
- LEAs reporting the highest dropout rates are Swain, Lexington City, Thomasville City, Edenton/Chowan, Vance, Person, Kannapolis City, Scotland, Bladen, and Granville.
- The largest 3-year decreases in high school dropout rates were seen in Jackson, Pamlico, Randolph, Whiteville City, and Madison.
- LEAs with the largest 3-year rate increases were Newton Conover City, Scotland, Edenton/Chowan, Elkin City, and Lexington City.


## Dropout Count:

- The 15,342 dropouts recorded in grades 9-13 represented an $8.7 \%$ decrease from the 16,804 reported in 2009-2010.
- The largest 3-year decreases in high school dropout count for are found in Charlotte-Mecklenburg, Wake, Forsyth, Randolph, and Robeson.
- LEAs with the largest 3-year dropout count increases are Scotland, Newton Conover City, Edenton/Chowan, Lexington City, and Bladen.

Gender, Race, and Age:
All ethnic groups except Hispanics contributed to the decrease in the number of reported dropouts, and the rates for all ethnic groups declined. The dropout rate for American Indian students declined for the seventh consecutive year. Males accounted for $60.0 \%$ of the reported dropouts. The numbers of high school students dropping out at all ages decreased. Numbers decreased at all grade levels except $12^{\text {th }}$.

Reason Codes:
For the first time in seven years, there is a decrease in the reporting of the "Enrollment in a Community College" dropout reason code. Attendance issues are again the reason most often noted for a reported dropout, accounting for $43.2 \%$ of all dropouts.

## Trends and Categorical Data

North Carolina's dropouts and dropout rates over time
North Carolina recorded 15,342 dropouts in grades 9-13 for 2010-2011, an $8.7 \%$ decrease from the count reported in 2009-2010. It was the fewest number of high school dropouts ever reported.

The grade 9-13 dropout rate in 2010-2011 was 3.43 . The 0.32 percentage point decrease in the dropout rate from 2009-2010 was an $8.5 \%$ reduction. The rate of 3.43 was the lowest grade $9-13$ dropout rate ever recorded in North Carolina.

Dropouts and dropout rates from 2001-2002 to 2010-2011 are shown below in Figure D1.


Figure D1. High school dropouts and dropout rates from 2001-2002 to 2010-11.

The dropout rate is calculated as follows:

## $100 \times$ Number of Dropouts

20th Day Membership 2010-11 + Number of Dropouts
Ages and grades of dropouts
In 2010-11, as in past years, students dropped out most frequently at grade 9 (30.1\%), followed by grade $10(27.6 \%)$, grade $11(25.2 \%)$, and grade $12(17.0 \%)$. The high school grade with the largest percentage decrease in dropouts from 2009-10 to 2010-11 was the $9^{\text {th }}(-17.0 \%)$, followed by the $10^{\text {th }}(-9.0 \%)$. The number of $12^{\text {th }}$ graders dropping out increased by $58(2.3 \%)$. Fourteen

2010-11 dropouts were $13^{\text {th }}$ graders (in Early Colleges) and were included with $12^{\text {th }}$ graders in this analysis.


Figure D2. Frequency distribution of 2009-10 and 2010-11 dropouts by grade.

North Carolina's compulsory school law, G.S. 115C-378, requires school attendance for all children between the ages of seven and 16. It is reasonable, therefore, that dropout events increase in frequency as students reach 16 years of age. Figure D3 shows the distribution of dropout events by student age for 2009-10 and 2010-11. Note that the most frequent age of dropouts is 17. The largest reduction in numbers of dropouts from 2009-10 to 2010-11 occurred with 18 -year-olds, followed closely by 17 -year-olds. In contrast, 16 -year-olds had the largest dropout reductions from 2008-09 to 2009-10,


Figure D3. Frequency distribution of 2009-10 and 2010-11 dropouts by age.

## Reasons for dropping out

In most districts, school social workers or school counselors are responsible for documenting the reasons for dropping out. By their very nature, dropout events can be difficult to investigate, and there are circumstances when a school official has to provide an "approximate" reason for a student's leaving school. A reason code of MOVE is often used when the student cannot be located.

The attendance (ATTD) code frequently has been used when one of the more specific reasons was not applicable. In 2007, DPI took action to clarify the circumstances when ATTD should be used. The Dropout Data Collecting and Reporting Procedures Manual published online in August 2007, defined ATTD for use when "the student dropped out due to excessive absences that caused the student to become ineligible or in jeopardy of becoming ineligible to receive course credits." ATTD is still the most frequently reported reason code, accounting for $43.2 \%$ of all reasons for dropping out in 2010-11.

In order to reduce the inappropriate labeling of dropouts due to attendance factors, UNKN ("Unknown") was introduced as a reason code for 2007-08. UNKN is to be used when no other reason for the dropout can be cited.

Table D1 displays the frequencies of all reason codes that were submitted for dropout events that occurred in grades 9 through 13.

Table D1. High school dropout reason codes reported in 2010-11.

|  | Reason | Code | Count |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Percent |  |  |  |
| Attendance | COMM | 6629 | $43.2 \%$ |
| Enrollment in a community college | UNKN | 1564 | $21.2 \%$ |
| Unknown | MOVE | 591 | $10.2 \%$ |
| Moved, school status unknown | ACAD | 548 | $3.9 \%$ |
| Academic problems | ENGA | 537 | $3.5 \%$ |
| Lack of engagement with school and/or peers | END |  |  |
| Failure to return after a long-term suspension | LTSU | 405 | $2.6 \%$ |
| Choice of work over school | WORK | 367 | $2.4 \%$ |
| Incarcerated in adult facility | INCR | 321 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Discipline problem | DISC | 236 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Unstable home environment | HOME | 206 | $1.3 \%$ |
| Pregnancy | PREG | 161 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Need to care for children | CHLD | 121 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Runaway | RNAW | 120 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Health problems | HEAL | 116 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Employment necessary | EMPL | 87 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Suspected substance abuse | ABUS | 40 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Marriage | MARR | 24 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Expectations of culture, family, or peers | EXPC | 17 | $0.1 \%$ |
| Difficulties with English language | LANG | 4 | $0.0 \%$ |
|  | Total | $\mathbf{1 5 , 3 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |

Students who are expelled from a school and who fail to return to school are coded with "Expulsion" (EXPL) as a reason for dropping out. In accordance with NC General Statute $\S 115 \mathrm{C}-12$ (21), expelled students are not to be counted in the dropout rate, therefore, these dropout events are not included in the official counts or rates that appear in this report. In 20102011, there were 53 grade 9-13 dropout events coded with EXPL.

Table D2 shows changes in the proportions of reason codes reported from 2009-10 to 2010-11.

Table D2. Changes in proportions of high school dropout reason codes reported.

|  | Percent of Codes Reported |  | Change in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reason | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | Percent |
| Attendance | 41.4\% | 43.2\% | 1.8\% |
| Enrollment in a community college | 22.1\% | 21.2\% | -0.9\% |
| Unknown | 8.9\% | 10.2\% | 1.3\% |
| Academic problems | 4.7\% | 3.6\% | -1.1\% |
| Moved, school status unknown | 4.4\% | 3.9\% | -0.5\% |
| Lack of engagement with school and/or peers | 3.5\% | 3.5\% | 0.0\% |
| Failure to return after a long-term suspension | 2.9\% | 2.6\% | -0.3\% |
| Choice of work over school | 2.7\% | 2.4\% | -0.3\% |
| Incarcerated in adult facility | 1.9\% | 2.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Discipline problem | 1.6\% | 1.5\% | -0.1\% |
| Unstable home environment | 1.3\% | 1.3\% | 0.0\% |
| Pregnancy | 1.3\% | 1.0\% | -0.3\% |
| Health problems | 0.9\% | 0.8\% | -0.1\% |
| Need to care for children | 0.8\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% |
| Runaway | 0.7\% | 0.8\% | 0.1\% |
| Employment necessary | 0.5\% | 0.6\% | 0.1\% |
| Suspected substance abuse | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% |
| Expectations of culture, family, or peers | 0.3\% | 0.1\% | -0.2\% |
| Marriage | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% |
| Difficulties with English language | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Totals | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 0.0\% |

Tracking reason codes over time can assist in identifying the changes in both the outside incentives and the environmental stressors that can lead to dropouts. Figure D3 shows the variation in proportions of the six most frequently reported reason codes (other than ATTD) over the last eight years. The data points for UNKN (Unknown) and ENGA (Lack of engagement with school and/or peers) are shown for 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10, and 2010-11.


Figure D4. Proportions of high school dropout reason codes reported.

For the first time in seven years, the proportion of dropouts coded as leaving school to take part in a community college programs declined, but only slightly. According to state guidelines, students leaving to attend community college programs must be counted as dropouts.

The dropout reporting rules in North Carolina require that schools record a dropout for each student who is known to have moved away from the area, but who cannot be verified as attending school elsewhere. In these cases, a reason code of MOVE is used. As seen in Figure D3, the proportion of grade 9-13 MOVE reason codes declined in both 2007-08 and 2008-09 and then leveled off in 2009-10. The introduction of the new Unknown (UNKN) code in 2007-08 may help explain this decline. The combined proportion of MOVE and UNKN codes in 2008-09 and 2009-10 is approximately the same as the proportion of MOVE codes used in 2006-07.

It is possible that a number of dropouts coded as MOVE or UNKN are "false positives," because students may be attending school in some unknown location. However, the requirement to report them provides a necessary incentive to locate all students with the goal of enrolling them in school.

## Gender and race of dropouts

Historically, males have dropped out more frequently than females, and this pattern was again seen in the 2009-10 dropout data. Males accounted for $60.0 \%$ of the dropouts, up from $59.4 \%$ in 2009-10.

Table D3 shows the contribution of each ethnic group to the total decrease in dropouts reported in 2010-11. All groups except Hispanic contributed to the decrease in dropouts reported. (Most Pacific Islanders were likely part of the Asian and Pacific Islander total count for 2010-11.) Excluding the Asian student group, Black students had the largest percentage decrease (12.2\%), followed by American Indian students (12.1\%) and white students (8.8\%).

Table D3. Change in high school dropout counts by race/ethnicity, 2009-10 to 2010-11.

| Ethnic Group | 2009-10 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| American Indian | 314 | 276 | -38 |
| Asian | 179 | 147 | -32 |
| Black | 6219 | 5461 | -758 |
| Hispanic | 1901 | 2004 | 103 |
| Multiracial | 476 | 458 | -18 |
| White | 7715 | 7036 | -679 |
| Pacific Islander | $\mathbf{-}$ | 13 | 13 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 6 8 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 3 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 4 0 9}$ |

Figure D5 below shows that Hispanic, American Indian, Pacific Islander, and black students had higher dropout rates than the state average. The state's average high school dropout rate in 201011 was 3.44. Hispanic students, however, left school at a rate of 4.68 , and black students dropped out at a rate of 4.29. The dropout rate for American Indian students was 4.12, and the rate for Pacific Islander students was 4.10 . These rates for minority students represent continuing improvements over the past few years, as will be seen in Figure D6.


Figure D5. 2010-2011 high school dropout rates by race/ethnicity.


Figure D6. High school dropout rates among race/ethnic groups, 2007-08 to 2010-11.

Figure D6 shows the dropout rates for each group over time. The dropout rates for all groups fell to their lowest levels in the last four years. Asian students had the largest percentage decrease. The one-year 0.27 percentage point decrease to a rate of 1.38 was a $16.4 \%$ decrease from the 2009-10 rate of 1.65 .

American Indian students also experienced a substantial dropout rate decrease of 0.74 percentage points. This was a $15.2 \%$ decrease in the dropout rate. This was the seventh consecutive year that the American Indian dropout rate has decreased.

Figure D7 illustrates the high school dropout rates among race/ethnic/gender groups. Hispanic male students have the highest dropout event rate at 5.32 , followed by black males at 5.26 , American Indian males at 4.84, Pacific Islander males at 4.57, Hispanic females at 4.00, Pacific Islander females at 3.52, and multiracial males at 3.50. All other groups had rates lower than the state average of 3.43.


Figure D7. High school dropout rates among race/ethnic/gender groups for 2010-11.

Figure D8 shows the changes in high school dropout rates for race/ethnic/gender groupings from 2007-2008 to 2010-2011. All groups saw continuing rate decreases over this period, and the overall rate decreased $31.0 \%$ during this time (from 4.97 to 3.43 ). The largest rate decreases were achieved by Asian males ( 1.34 points, $47.4 \%$ ), American Indian females ( 2.71 points, $44.8 \%$ ), multiracial males ( 2.36 points, $40.3 \%$ ), American Indian males ( 3.05 points, $38.7 \%$ ), Hispanic females ( 2.28 points, $36.3 \%$ ), multiracial females ( 1.47 points, $34.2 \%$ ), white females ( 1.22 points, $33.8 \%$ ), and white males ( 1.55 points, $31.9 \%$ ).

The state rate decrease of 0.32 points from 2009-10 to 2010-11 was an $8.5 \%$ decrease. Asian males had the largest one-year dropout rate decrease, $29.3 \%$. Other groups with rate decreases larger than the overall average of $8.3 \%$ were American Indian females ( $16.4 \%$ ), multiracial males ( $15.7 \%$ ), American Indian males ( $14.3 \%$ ), black females ( $12.5 \%$ ), white females ( $10.4 \%$ ), black males (9.2\%), and Asian females (8.4\%).

High School Dropout Rates by Race/Ethnicity and Gender: 4 Years


Figure D8. High school dropout rates for race/ethnic/gender groups, 2007-08 to 2010-11.

## Summary of Trends

In 2010-2011, dropout counts and rates decreased in North Carolina's public schools for the fourth consecutive year. The analysis of trend data revealed the following significant findings:

1) The overall high school dropout rate has decreased $31.0 \%$ ( 1.54 points) over the last three years. The rate of 3.43 for 2010-11 is the lowest ever recorded in the state.
2) The dropout count of 15,342 was the fewest number of dropouts ever reported in a school year in North Carolina.
3) As in recent years, the two most frequent reasons given for students dropping out were attendance problems and leaving school to participate in community college programs.
4) Despite large improvements in recent years, three male groups continue to experience the highest dropout rates. The rates for Hispanic (5.29), black (5.23) and American Indian (4.84) males are over one point higher than all other ethnic/gender groups.

## Appendix - LEA Dropout Data

Table D4 presents 2009-10 and 2010-11 grade 9-13 dropout counts and rates for each school district and charter school along with percent increases or decreases in counts.

Table D5 shows grade 9-13 dropout counts and rates for 2010-11 and the four previous years for each school district and charter school.

Table D6 lists 2010-11 grade 9-13 dropout counts by school district (and charter school), gender, and race/ethnicity.

Table D4. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2009-10 and 2010-11.

| LEA\# | LEA or Charter School | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | \% Change | 2009-10 | 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Alamance-Burlington | 322 | 263 | -18.3\% | 4.55 | 3.77 |
| 01B | River Mill Academy | 2 | 0 | -100.00\% | 1.22 | 0 |
| 01C | Clover Garden | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 |
| 01D | The Hawbridge School | 0 | 1 | - | 0 | 1.16 |
| 20 | Alexander County | 84 | 66 | -21.4\% | 4.74 | 3.72 |
| 30 | Alleghany County | 22 | 19 | -13.6\% | 4.56 | 4.13 |
| 40 | Anson County | 59 | 50 | -15.3\% | 4.54 | 3.91 |
| 50 | Ashe County | 50 | 34 | -32.0\% | 5.14 | 3.54 |
| 60 | Avery County | 18 | 18 | 0.0\% | 2.66 | 2.71 |
| 06A | Grandfather Academy | 0 | 6 | - | 0 | 50 |
| 06B | Crossnore Academy | 2 | 0 | -100.00\% | 4.65 | 0 |
| 70 | Beaufort County | 110 | 111 | 0.9\% | 4.90 | 5.02 |
| 80 | Bertie County | 55 | 34 | -38.2\% | 5.59 | 3.57 |
| 90 | Bladen County | 70 | 90 | 28.6\% | 4.30 | 5.36 |
| 100 | Brunswick County | 161 | 136 | -15.5\% | 4.19 | 3.50 |
| 110 | Buncombe County | 355 | 292 | -17.7\% | 4.24 | 3.50 |
| 111 | Asheville City | 56 | 39 | -30.4\% | 4.60 | 3.24 |
| 120 | Burke County | 119 | 99 | -16.8\% | 2.65 | 2.22 |
| 130 | Cabarrus County | 218 | 225 | 3.2\% | 2.54 | 2.57 |
| 13A | Carolina International School | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 |
| 132 | Kannapolis City | 78 | 81 | 3.8\% | 5.29 | 5.44 |
| 140 | Caldwell County | 163 | 167 | 2.5\% | 3.93 | 4.02 |
| 150 | Camden County | 21 | 20 | -4.8\% | 3.44 | 3.26 |
| 160 | Carteret County | 73 | 102 | 39.7\% | 2.69 | 3.72 |
| 16A | Cape Lookout Marine Sci HS | 41 | 16 | -61.0\% | 27.33 | 15.69 |
| 170 | Caswell County | 36 | 37 | 2.8\% | 3.73 | 4.01 |
| 180 | Catawba County | 149 | 130 | -12.8\% | 2.65 | 2.34 |
| 181 | Hickory City | 65 | 49 | -24.6\% | 5.23 | 4.10 |
| 182 | Newton Conover City | 20 | 45 | 125.0\% | 2.1 | 4.54 |
| 190 | Chatham County | 93 | 92 | -1.1\% | 4.02 | 3.97 |
| 19B | The Woods Charter | 1 | 3 | 200.0\% | 0.55 | 1.64 |
| 200 | Cherokee County | 25 | 30 | 20.0\% | 2.15 | 2.57 |
| 210 | Edenton/Chowan | 28 | 44 | 57.1\% | 3.61 | 5.66 |
| 220 | Clay County | 12 | 7 | -41.7\% | 2.97 | 1.78 |
| 230 | Cleveland County | 258 | 250 | -3.1\% | 4.92 | 4.81 |
| 240 | Columbus County | 68 | 74 | 8.8\% | 3.22 | 3.46 |
| 241 | Whiteville City | 38 | 12 | -68.4\% | 5.47 | 1.79 |
| 250 | Craven County | 152 | 93 | -38.8\% | 3.41 | 2.12 |
| 260 | Cumberland County | 518 | 516 | -0.4\% | 3.12 | 3.12 |
| 270 | Currituck County | 40 | 48 | 20.0\% | 3.16 | 3.73 |
| 280 | Dare County | 30 | 27 | -10.0\% | 1.96 | 1.77 |
| 290 | Davidson County | 258 | 228 | -11.6\% | 4.01 | 3.57 |
| 291 | Lexington City | 37 | 57 | 54.1\% | 4.36 | 6.53 |

Table D4. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2009-10 and 2010-11.

| LEA\# | LEA or Charter School | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | \% Change | 2009-10 | 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 292 | Thomasville City | 38 | 42 | 10.5\% | 5.13 | 5.69 |
| 300 | Davie County | 63 | 81 | 28.6\% | 3.15 | 4.02 |
| 310 | Duplin County | 103 | 87 | -15.5\% | 4.14 | 3.52 |
| 320 | Durham County | 444 | 371 | -16.4\% | 4.32 | 3.67 |
| 32A | Kestrel Heights | 2 | 3 | 50.0\% | 0.83 | 1.15 |
| 32D | Voyager Academy | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.00 |
| 330 | Edgecombe County | 105 | 112 | 6.7\% | 4.57 | 4.92 |
| 340 | Forsyth County | 652 | 606 | -7.1\% | 4.07 | 3.81 |
| 34B | Quality Education Academy | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.00 |
| 34D | C G Woodson Sch of Challenge | 2 | 0 | -100.0\% | 2.9 | 0.00 |
| 350 | Franklin County | 104 | 110 | 5.8\% | 4.04 | 4.23 |
| 360 | Gaston County | 448 | 450 | 0.4\% | 4.43 | 4.46 |
| 36B | Piedmont Community | 4 | 10 | 150.0\% | 2.31 | 4.76 |
| 370 | Gates County | 14 | 18 | 28.6\% | 2.3 | 2.94 |
| 380 | Graham County | 10 | 8 | -20.0\% | 2.7 | 2.14 |
| 390 | Granville County | 135 | 150 | 11.1\% | 4.77 | 5.32 |
| 400 | Greene County | 39 | 25 | -35.9\% | 3.97 | 2.56 |
| 410 | Guilford County | 651 | 625 | -4.0\% | 2.81 | 2.71 |
| 41F | TRIAD Math \& Science | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.00 |
| 420 | Halifax County | 52 | 45 | -13.5\% | 3.99 | 3.68 |
| 421 | Roanoke Rapids City | 45 | 33 | -26.7\% | 4.98 | 3.74 |
| 422 | Weldon City | 13 | 14 | 7.7\% | 4.01 | 4.06 |
| 430 | Harnett County | 307 | 270 | -12.1\% | 5.12 | 4.48 |
| 440 | Haywood County | 81 | 68 | -16.0\% | 3.26 | 2.76 |
| 450 | Henderson County | 103 | 92 | -10.7\% | 2.57 | 2.28 |
| 460 | Hertford County | 33 | 23 | -30.3\% | 3.29 | 2.32 |
| 470 | Hoke County | 75 | 69 | -8.0\% | 3.67 | 3.31 |
| 480 | Hyde County | 13 | 3 | -76.9\% | 6.95 | 1.76 |
| 490 | Iredell-Statesville | 166 | 159 | -4.2\% | 2.36 | 2.27 |
| 491 | Mooresville City | 39 | 43 | 10.3\% | 2.38 | 2.65 |
| 49E | Pine Lake Preparatory | 2 | 3 | 50.0\% | 0.61 | 0.92 |
| 500 | Jackson County | 32 | 22 | -31.3\% | 3.04 | 2.11 |
| 510 | Johnston County | 340 | 303 | -10.9\% | 3.71 | 3.28 |
| 51A | Neuse Charter | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.00 |
| 520 | Jones County | 11 | 16 | 45.5\% | 3.01 | 4.42 |
| 530 | Lee County | 149 | 140 | -6.0\% | 4.97 | 4.72 |
| 540 | Lenoir County | 122 | 109 | -10.7\% | 3.87 | 3.52 |
| 550 | Lincoln County | 130 | 132 | 1.5\% | 3.32 | 3.39 |
| 55A | Lincoln Charter | 1 | 2 | 100.0\% | 0.33 | 0.63 |
| 560 | Macon County | 47 | 55 | 17.0\% | 3.41 | 4.00 |
| 570 | Madison County | 23 | 21 | -8.7\% | 2.92 | 2.64 |
| 580 | Martin County | 46 | 42 | -8.7\% | 4.02 | 3.79 |
| 590 | McDowell County | 95 | 79 | -16.8\% | 4.73 | 3.91 |

Table D4. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2009-10 and 2010-11.

| LEA\# | LEA or Charter School | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | \% Change | 2009-10 | 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 600 | Charlotte-Mecklenburg | 1637 | 1404 | -14.2\% | 4.15 | 3.57 |
| 60 C | Kennedy School | 0 | 8 | - | 0 | 6.30 |
| 60D | Lake Norman Charter | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.00 |
| 60G | Queen's Grant Community | 2 | 23 | 1050.0\% | 0.43 | 4.23 |
| 60H | Crossroads Charter High | 34 | 64 | 88.2\% | 11.85 | 19.94 |
| 601 | Community School of Davidson | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.00 |
| 610 | Mitchell County | 25 | 26 | 4.0\% | 3.64 | 3.83 |
| 620 | Montgomery County | 44 | 40 | -9.1\% | 3.41 | 3.13 |
| 630 | Moore County | 143 | 96 | -32.9\% | 3.54 | 2.40 |
| 640 | Nash-Rocky Mount | 261 | 243 | -6.9\% | 4.77 | 4.47 |
| 64A | Rocky Mount Preparatory | 0 | 1 | - | 0 | 0.40 |
| 650 | New Hanover County | 385 | 295 | -23.4\% | 4.91 | 3.83 |
| 660 | Northampton County | 34 | 26 | -23.5\% | 4.48 | 3.72 |
| 66A | Gaston College Preparatory | 2 | 5 | 150.0\% | 0.64 | 1.55 |
| 670 | Onslow County | 215 | 191 | -11.2\% | 3.15 | 2.84 |
| 680 | Orange County | 66 | 54 | -18.2\% | 2.88 | 2.37 |
| 681 | Chapel Hill-Carrboro | 35 | 44 | 25.7\% | 0.95 | 1.19 |
| 68N | PACE Academy | 4 | 15 | 275.0\% | 2.9 | 8.72 |
| 690 | Pamlico County | 15 | 8 | -46.7\% | 2.71 | 1.48 |
| 700 | Pasquotank County | 48 | 39 | -18.8\% | 2.62 | 2.16 |
| 710 | Pender County | 95 | 83 | -12.6\% | 3.57 | 3.16 |
| 720 | Perquimans County | 18 | 19 | 5.6\% | 3.21 | 3.39 |
| 730 | Person County | 99 | 89 | -10.1\% | 5.96 | 5.47 |
| 73B | Roxboro Community | 0 | 3 | - | 0 | 0.96 |
| 740 | Pitt County | 361 | 318 | -11.9\% | 4.87 | 4.31 |
| 750 | Polk County | 19 | 26 | 36.8\% | 2.41 | 3.25 |
| 760 | Randolph County | 178 | 112 | -37.1\% | 3.13 | 1.98 |
| 761 | Asheboro City | 69 | 37 | -46.4\% | 5.15 | 2.88 |
| 770 | Richmond County | 83 | 105 | 26.5\% | 3.44 | 4.32 |
| 780 | Robeson County | 313 | 242 | -22.7\% | 4.42 | 3.48 |
| 790 | Rockingham County | 233 | 205 | -12.0\% | 5.15 | 4.58 |
| 800 | Rowan-Salisbury | 276 | 214 | -22.5\% | 4.24 | 3.36 |
| 810 | Rutherford County | 123 | 137 | 11.4\% | 4.12 | 4.67 |
| 81A | Thomas Jefferson Class Acad | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0.00 |
| 820 | Sampson County | 132 | 122 | -7.6\% | 5.17 | 4.81 |
| 821 | Clinton City | 25 | 21 | -16.0\% | 3.14 | 2.64 |
| 830 | Scotland County | 81 | 108 | 33.3\% | 4.07 | 5.37 |
| 840 | Stanly County | 121 | 111 | -8.3\% | 4.13 | 3.84 |
| 84B | Gray Stone Day School | 4 | 2 | -50.0\% | 1.3 | 0.63 |
| 850 | Stokes County | 89 | 89 | 0.0\% | 3.77 | 3.76 |
| 860 | Surry County | 134 | 129 | -3.7\% | 4.9 | 4.72 |
| 861 | Elkin City | 5 | 12 | 140.0\% | 1.32 | 3.07 |
| 862 | Mount Airy City | 17 | 17 | 0.0\% | 3.19 | 3.20 |

Table D4. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2009-10 and 2010-11.

| LEA\# | LEA or Charter School | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | \% Change | 2009-10 | 2010-11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 870 | Swain County | 41 | 46 | 12.2\% | 6.11 | 6.81 |
| 880 | Transylvania County | 44 | 35 | -20.5\% | 3.62 | 2.92 |
| 890 | Tyrrell County | 4 | 4 | 0.0\% | 2.38 | 2.48 |
| 900 | Union County | 231 | 233 | 0.9\% | 2.04 | 2.02 |
| 90A | Union Academy | 2 | 1 | -50.0\% | 0.68 | 0.33 |
| 910 | Vance County | 153 | 129 | -15.7\% | 6.38 | 5.55 |
| 920 | Wake County | 1494 | 1386 | -7.2\% | 3.53 | 3.25 |
| 92F | The Franklin Academy | 2 | 0 | -100.0\% | 0.56 | 0.00 |
| 92G | East Wake Academy | 2 | 2 | 0.0\% | 0.81 | 0.76 |
| 92K | Raleigh Charter High | 1 | 0 | -100.0\% | 0.18 | 0.00 |
| 92P | Southern Wake Academy | 9 | 8 | -11.1\% | 8.82 | 9.20 |
| 930 | Warren County | 35 | 32 | -8.6\% | 4.16 | 3.90 |
| 93A | Haliwa-Saponi Tribal | 1 | 4 | 300.0\% | 2.5 | 8.89 |
| 940 | Washington County | 16 | 18 | 12.5\% | 2.64 | 2.98 |
| 950 | Watauga County | 40 | 35 | -12.5\% | 2.74 | 2.40 |
| 960 | Wayne County | 282 | 241 | -14.5\% | 4.84 | 4.18 |
| 970 | Wilkes County | 105 | 78 | -25.7\% | 3.5 | 2.62 |
| 980 | Wilson County | 182 | 168 | -7.7\% | 4.87 | 4.53 |
| 990 | Yadkin County | 51 | 51 | 0.0\% | 2.66 | 2.68 |
| 995 | Yancey County | 38 | 36 | -5.3\% | 4.88 | 4.69 |
|  | NORTH CAROLINA | 16804 | 15342 | -8.7\% | 3.75 | 3.43 |

Table D5. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2006-07 through 2010-11.

| $\underset{\#}{\text { LEA }}$ | LEA or Charter School | 2006-07 |  | 2007-08 |  | 2008-09 |  | 2009-2010 |  | 2010-11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| 010 | Alamance-Burlington | 439 | 6.00 | 457 | 6.28 | 356 | 4.99 | 322 | 4.55 | 263 | 3.77 |
| 01B | River Mill Academy | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 2 | 1.22 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 01C | Clover Garden | 2 | 2.42 | 2 | 2.22 | 1 | 1.11 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 01D | The Hawbridge School | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 1.16 |
| 020 | Alexander County | 98 | 5.74 | 87 | 5.07 | 79 | 4.54 | 84 | 4.74 | 66 | 3.72 |
| 030 | Alleghany County | 16 | 3.09 | 21 | 4.09 | 15 | 3.04 | 22 | 4.56 | 19 | 4.13 |
| 040 | Anson County | 60 | 4.53 | 52 | 3.89 | 50 | 3.76 | 59 | 4.54 | 50 | 3.91 |
| 050 | Ashe County | 65 | 6.13 | 63 | 6.19 | 40 | 4.11 | 50 | 5.14 | 34 | 3.54 |
| 060 | Avery County | 26 | 3.61 | 26 | 3.62 | 19 | 2.68 | 18 | 2.66 | 18 | 2.71 |
| 06A | Grandfather Academy | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 6 | 50.00 |
| 06B | Crossnore Academy | 1 | 2.78 | 1 | 2.78 | 4 | 10.00 | 2 | 4.65 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 070 | Beaufort County | 145 | 6.16 | 135 | 5.76 | 140 | 6.00 | 110 | 4.90 | 111 | 5.02 |
| 080 | Bertie County | 24 | 2.41 | 46 | 4.74 | 34 | 3.52 | 55 | 5.59 | 34 | 3.57 |
| 090 | Bladen County | 148 | 8.12 | 87 | 5.14 | 89 | 5.43 | 70 | 4.30 | 90 | 5.36 |
| 100 | Brunswick County | 213 | 5.66 | 197 | 5.22 | 160 | 4.29 | 161 | 4.19 | 136 | 3.50 |
| 110 | Buncombe County | 448 | 5.38 | 380 | 4.53 | 391 | 4.65 | 355 | 4.24 | 292 | 3.50 |
| 111 | Asheville City | 60 | 4.63 | 66 | 5.34 | 58 | 4.80 | 56 | 4.60 | 39 | 3.24 |
| 120 | Burke County | 267 | 5.73 | 200 | 4.33 | 95 | 2.11 | 119 | 2.65 | 99 | 2.22 |
| 130 | Cabarrus County | 383 | 4.77 | 394 | 4.76 | 359 | 4.27 | 218 | 2.54 | 225 | 2.57 |
| 132 | Kannapolis City | 92 | 6.77 | 98 | 7.06 | 94 | 6.51 | 78 | 5.29 | 81 | 5.44 |
| 13A | Carolina International School | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 140 | Caldwell County | 223 | 5.35 | 235 | 5.60 | 201 | 4.83 | 163 | 3.93 | 167 | 4.02 |
| 150 | Camden County | 15 | 2.61 | 26 | 4.30 | 17 | 2.83 | 21 | 3.44 | 20 | 3.26 |
| 160 | Carteret County | 140 | 4.93 | 108 | 3.86 | 71 | 2.60 | 73 | 2.69 | 102 | 3.72 |
| 16A | Cape Lookout Marine Science HS | 58 | 32.04 | 39 | 26.35 | 43 | 26.06 | 41 | 27.33 | 16 | 15.69 |
| 170 | Caswell County | 88 | 7.89 | 66 | 6.22 | 48 | 4.67 | 36 | 3.73 | 37 | 4.01 |
| 180 | Catawba County | 236 | 4.15 | 230 | 4.02 | 175 | 3.08 | 149 | 2.65 | 130 | 2.34 |
| 181 | Hickory City | 122 | 8.03 | 125 | 8.65 | 85 | 6.42 | 65 | 5.23 | 49 | 4.10 |
| 182 | Newton Conover City | 30 | 3.25 | 20 | 2.21 | 16 | 1.74 | 20 | 2.10 | 45 | 4.54 |
| 190 | Chatham County | 112 | 4.64 | 92 | 3.93 | 134 | 5.69 | 93 | 4.02 | 92 | 3.97 |
| 19B | The Woods Charter | 1 | 0.86 | 1 | 0.67 | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.55 | 3 | 1.64 |
| 200 | Cherokee County | 54 | 4.57 | 48 | 3.98 | 38 | 3.18 | 25 | 2.15 | 30 | 2.57 |
| 210 | Edenton/Chowan | 37 | 4.56 | 32 | 4.07 | 42 | 5.19 | 28 | 3.61 | 44 | 5.66 |
| 220 | Clay County | 11 | 2.55 | 16 | 3.86 | 7 | 1.75 | 12 | 2.97 | 7 | 1.78 |
| 230 | Cleveland County | 352 | 6.31 | 376 | 6.76 | 323 | 5.98 | 258 | 4.92 | 250 | 4.81 |
| 240 | Columbus County | 101 | 4.64 | 83 | 3.90 | 59 | 2.83 | 68 | 3.22 | 74 | 3.46 |
| 241 | Whiteville City | 22 | 2.83 | 40 | 5.20 | 35 | 4.90 | 38 | 5.47 | 12 | 1.79 |
| 250 | Craven County | 230 | 5.10 | 204 | 4.56 | 160 | 3.61 | 152 | 3.41 | 93 | 2.12 |
| 260 | Cumberland County | 610 | 3.56 | 615 | 3.61 | 638 | 3.78 | 518 | 3.12 | 516 | 3.12 |
| 270 | Currituck County | 53 | 4.04 | 64 | 4.79 | 54 | 4.19 | 40 | 3.16 | 48 | 3.73 |
| 280 | Dare County | 33 | 2.07 | 26 | 1.68 | 31 | 2.03 | 30 | 1.96 | 27 | 1.77 |
| 290 | Davidson County | 389 | 5.85 | 394 | 5.96 | 272 | 4.22 | 258 | 4.01 | 228 | 3.57 |
| 291 | Lexington City | 47 | 5.52 | 49 | 5.59 | 37 | 4.32 | 37 | 4.36 | 57 | 6.53 |
| 292 | Thomasville City | 57 | 6.98 | 52 | 6.62 | 37 | 4.93 | 38 | 5.13 | 42 | 5.69 |
| 300 | Davie County | 96 | 4.76 | 125 | 6.10 | 102 | 5.06 | 63 | 3.15 | 81 | 4.02 |

Table D5. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2006-07 through 2010-11.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { LEA } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | LEA or Charter School | 2006-07 |  | 2007-08 |  | 2008-09 |  | 2009-2010 |  | 2010-11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| 310 | Duplin County | 151 | 5.81 | 149 | 5.78 | 117 | 4.65 | 103 | 4.14 | 87 | 3.52 |
| 320 | Durham County | 508 | 4.90 | 439 | 4.19 | 444 | 4.26 | 444 | 4.32 | 371 | 3.67 |
| 32D | Kestrel Heights | 10 | 6.58 | 6 | 3.47 | 9 | 4.23 | 2 | 0.83 | 3 | 1.15 |
| 32L | Voyager Academy | na | na | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 330 | Edgecombe County | 153 | 6.23 | 166 | 6.83 | 94 | 4.05 | 105 | 4.57 | 112 | 4.92 |
| 340 | Forsyth County | 1062 | 6.43 | 898 | 5.49 | 769 | 4.76 | 652 | 4.07 | 606 | 3.81 |
| 34B | Quality Education Academy | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 34D | C G Woodson School of Challenge | 1 | 1.29 | 0 | 0.00 | 3 | 4.35 | 2 | 2.90 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 350 | Franklin County | 158 | 6.13 | 138 | 5.34 | 139 | 5.38 | 104 | 4.04 | 110 | 4.23 |
| 360 | Gaston County | 684 | 6.29 | 607 | 5.69 | 583 | 5.60 | 448 | 4.43 | 450 | 4.46 |
| 36B | Piedmont Community | 1 | 1.14 | 1 | 0.89 | 0 | 0.00 | 4 | 2.31 | 10 | 4.76 |
| 370 | Gates County | 47 | 6.64 | 39 | 5.88 | 21 | 3.35 | 14 | 2.30 | 18 | 2.94 |
| 380 | Graham County | 30 | 8.16 | 13 | 3.82 | 9 | 2.61 | 10 | 2.70 | 8 | 2.14 |
| 390 | Granville County | 136 | 4.70 | 204 | 6.86 | 163 | 5.62 | 135 | 4.77 | 150 | 5.32 |
| 400 | Greene County | 52 | 5.29 | 63 | 6.32 | 45 | 4.57 | 39 | 3.97 | 25 | 2.56 |
| 410 | Guilford County | 680 | 2.99 | 760 | 3.31 | 723 | 3.13 | 651 | 2.81 | 625 | 2.71 |
| 41F | TRIAD Math \& Science | na | na | na | na | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 420 | Halifax County | 109 | 6.73 | 97 | 6.27 | 83 | 5.73 | 52 | 3.99 | 45 | 3.68 |
| 421 | Roanoke Rapids City | 71 | 7.28 | 67 | 7.07 | 64 | 6.90 | 45 | 4.98 | 33 | 3.74 |
| 422 | Weldon City | 19 | 5.33 | 17 | 4.86 | 14 | 4.29 | 13 | 4.01 | 14 | 4.06 |
| 430 | Harnett County | 372 | 6.53 | 296 | 5.16 | 240 | 4.15 | 307 | 5.12 | 270 | 4.48 |
| 440 | Haywood County | 154 | 6.05 | 158 | 6.23 | 98 | 3.96 | 81 | 3.26 | 68 | 2.76 |
| 450 | Henderson County | 161 | 4.01 | 177 | 4.41 | 126 | 3.17 | 103 | 2.57 | 92 | 2.28 |
| 460 | Hertford County | 35 | 3.14 | 32 | 2.95 | 24 | 2.34 | 33 | 3.29 | 23 | 2.32 |
| 470 | Hoke County | 145 | 7.65 | 99 | 5.13 | 90 | 4.54 | 75 | 3.67 | 69 | 3.31 |
| 480 | Hyde County | 12 | 5.19 | 8 | 3.69 | 6 | 2.97 | 13 | 6.95 | 3 | 1.76 |
| 490 | Iredell-Statesville | 307 | 4.52 | 242 | 3.52 | 208 | 2.96 | 166 | 2.36 | 159 | 2.27 |
| 491 | Mooresville City | 83 | 4.96 | 72 | 4.26 | 55 | 3.30 | 39 | 2.38 | 43 | 2.65 |
| 49E | Pine Lake Preparatory | na | na | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 2 | 0.61 | 3 | 0.92 |
| 500 | Jackson County | 82 | 6.90 | 87 | 7.45 | 73 | 6.56 | 32 | 3.04 | 22 | 2.11 |
| 510 | Johnston County | 454 | 5.39 | 428 | 4.92 | 411 | 4.58 | 340 | 3.71 | 303 | 3.28 |
| 51A | Neuse Charter | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 520 | Jones County | 23 | 5.62 | 21 | 5.21 | 18 | 4.64 | 11 | 3.01 | 16 | 4.42 |
| 530 | Lee County | 172 | 5.83 | 148 | 4.97 | 169 | 5.61 | 149 | 4.97 | 140 | 4.72 |
| 540 | Lenoir County | 189 | 5.74 | 144 | 4.46 | 186 | 5.73 | 122 | 3.87 | 109 | 3.52 |
| 550 | Lincoln County | 192 | 4.79 | 179 | 4.44 | 171 | 4.27 | 130 | 3.32 | 132 | 3.39 |
| 55A | Lincoln Charter | 4 | 2.13 | 3 | 1.38 | 1 | 0.39 | 1 | 0.33 | 2 | 0.63 |
| 560 | Macon County | 92 | 6.61 | 57 | 4.12 | 64 | 4.56 | 47 | 3.41 | 55 | 4.00 |
| 570 | Madison County | 51 | 6.04 | 59 | 7.19 | 55 | 6.80 | 23 | 2.92 | 21 | 2.64 |
| 580 | Martin County | 81 | 6.17 | 71 | 5.66 | 39 | 3.30 | 46 | 4.02 | 42 | 3.79 |
| 590 | McDowell County | 144 | 7.10 | 123 | 6.10 | 110 | 5.52 | 95 | 4.73 | 79 | 3.91 |
| 600 | Charlotte-Mecklenburg | 2512 | 6.39 | 2355 | 5.91 | 1976 | 4.99 | 1637 | 4.15 | 1404 | 3.57 |
| 60C | Kennedy School | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 8 | 6.30 |
| 60D | Lake Norman Charter School | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 60G | Queen's Grant Community | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.62 | 2 | 0.63 | 2 | 0.43 | 23 | 4.23 |
| 60H | Crossroads Charter High School | 51 | 17.86 | 66 | 21.29 | 54 | 18.12 | 34 | 11.85 | 64 | 19.94 |

Table D5. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2006-07 through 2010-11.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { LEA } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | LEA or Charter School | 2006-07 |  | 2007-08 |  | 2008-09 |  | 2009-2010 |  | 2010-11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| 601 | Community School of Davidson | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 610 | Mitchell County | 43 | 5.93 | 51 | 7.08 | 30 | 4.31 | 25 | 3.64 | 26 | 3.83 |
| 620 | Montgomery County | 76 | 5.40 | 88 | 6.28 | 48 | 3.63 | 44 | 3.41 | 40 | 3.13 |
| 630 | Moore County | 173 | 4.29 | 172 | 4.29 | 132 | 3.33 | 143 | 3.54 | 96 | 2.40 |
| 640 | Nash-Rocky Mount | 373 | 6.45 | 386 | 6.76 | 310 | 5.58 | 261 | 4.77 | 243 | 4.47 |
| 64A | Rocky Mount Preparatory | 1 | 0.48 | 11 | 4.47 | 2 | 0.87 | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.40 |
| 650 | New Hanover County | 463 | 5.92 | 421 | 5.40 | 349 | 4.49 | 385 | 4.91 | 295 | 3.83 |
| 660 | Northampton County | 86 | 8.68 | 48 | 5.63 | 21 | 2.65 | 34 | 4.48 | 26 | 3.72 |
| 66A | Gaston College Preparatory | 1 | 0.50 | 4 | 1.56 | 2 | 0.70 | 2 | 0.64 | 5 | 1.55 |
| 670 | Onslow County | 319 | 4.53 | 314 | 4.48 | 289 | 4.15 | 215 | 3.15 | 191 | 2.84 |
| 680 | Orange County | 99 | 4.28 | 107 | 4.58 | 84 | 3.62 | 66 | 2.88 | 54 | 2.37 |
| 681 | Chapel Hill-Carrboro | 41 | 1.12 | 57 | 1.53 | 52 | 1.40 | 35 | 0.95 | 44 | 1.19 |
| 68 N | PACE Academy | 22 | 16.99 | 17 | 13.49 | 7 | 6.09 | 4 | 2.90 | 15 | 8.72 |
| 690 | Pamlico County | 26 | 4.00 | 30 | 4.79 | 14 | 2.43 | 15 | 2.71 | 8 | 1.48 |
| 700 | Pasquotank County | 104 | 5.19 | 81 | 4.26 | 54 | 2.94 | 48 | 2.62 | 39 | 2.16 |
| 710 | Pender County | 121 | 4.81 | 103 | 3.95 | 82 | 3.08 | 95 | 3.57 | 83 | 3.16 |
| 720 | Perquimans County | 30 | 5.23 | 31 | 5.39 | 20 | 3.56 | 18 | 3.21 | 19 | 3.39 |
| 730 | Person County | 98 | 5.29 | 96 | 5.38 | 92 | 5.40 | 99 | 5.96 | 89 | 5.47 |
| 73B | Roxboro Community | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 3 | 0.96 |
| 740 | Pitt County | 509 | 6.89 | 482 | 6.44 | 482 | 6.42 | 361 | 4.87 | 318 | 4.31 |
| 750 | Polk County | 27 | 3.45 | 39 | 4.87 | 31 | 3.87 | 19 | 2.41 | 26 | 3.25 |
| 760 | Randolph County | 379 | 6.41 | 346 | 5.95 | 286 | 5.00 | 178 | 3.13 | 112 | 1.98 |
| 761 | Asheboro City | 71 | 5.18 | 73 | 5.38 | 73 | 5.37 | 69 | 5.15 | 37 | 2.88 |
| 770 | Richmond County | 178 | 7.22 | 119 | 4.94 | 79 | 3.28 | 83 | 3.44 | 105 | 4.32 |
| 780 | Robeson County | 476 | 6.46 | 462 | 6.29 | 322 | 4.50 | 313 | 4.42 | 242 | 3.48 |
| 790 | Rockingham County | 280 | 6.01 | 298 | 6.39 | 217 | 4.78 | 233 | 5.15 | 205 | 4.58 |
| 800 | Rowan-Salisbury | 380 | 5.47 | 380 | 5.54 | 221 | 3.34 | 276 | 4.24 | 214 | 3.36 |
| 810 | Rutherford County | 243 | 7.26 | 202 | 6.27 | 156 | 5.04 | 123 | 4.12 | 137 | 4.67 |
| 81A | Thomas Jefferson Classical Academy | 3 | 1.62 | 3 | 1.37 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 820 | Sampson County | 143 | 6.04 | 151 | 6.04 | 147 | 5.78 | 132 | 5.17 | 122 | 4.81 |
| 821 | Clinton City | 73 | 7.57 | 53 | 6.21 | 45 | 5.50 | 25 | 3.14 | 21 | 2.64 |
| 830 | Scotland County | 97 | 4.62 | 78 | 3.79 | 85 | 4.19 | 81 | 4.07 | 108 | 5.37 |
| 840 | Stanly County | 173 | 5.45 | 142 | 4.62 | 169 | 5.55 | 121 | 4.13 | 111 | 3.84 |
| 84B | Gray Stone Day School | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 5 | 1.72 | 4 | 1.30 | 2 | 0.63 |
| 850 | Stokes County | 120 | 4.97 | 144 | 5.94 | 91 | 3.86 | 89 | 3.77 | 89 | 3.76 |
| 860 | Surry County | 184 | 6.54 | 130 | 4.70 | 131 | 4.77 | 134 | 4.90 | 129 | 4.72 |
| 861 | Elkin City | 11 | 2.75 | 10 | 2.47 | 7 | 1.81 | 5 | 1.32 | 12 | 3.07 |
| 862 | Mount Airy City | 18 | 2.90 | 16 | 2.77 | 14 | 2.60 | 17 | 3.19 | 17 | 3.20 |
| 870 | Swain County | 56 | 8.25 | 49 | 7.45 | 42 | 6.33 | 41 | 6.11 | 46 | 6.81 |
| 880 | Transylvania County | 62 | 4.76 | 65 | 5.04 | 52 | 4.19 | 44 | 3.62 | 35 | 2.92 |
| 890 | Tyrrell County | 9 | 4.50 | 9 | 4.69 | 2 | 1.10 | 4 | 2.38 | 4 | 2.48 |
| 900 | Union County | 315 | 3.15 | 357 | 3.40 | 329 | 3.01 | 231 | 2.04 | 233 | 2.02 |
| 90A | Union Academy | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 0.49 | 3 | 1.15 | 2 | 0.68 | 1 | 0.33 |
| 910 | Vance County | 174 | 6.70 | 145 | 5.75 | 171 | 6.87 | 153 | 6.38 | 129 | 5.55 |
| 920 | Wake County | 1647 | 4.21 | 1689 | 4.17 | 1430 | 3.47 | 1494 | 3.53 | 1386 | 3.25 |
| 92F | The Franklin Academy | 1 | 0.40 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 2 | 0.56 | 0 | 0.00 |

Table D5. High School Dropout Counts and Rates, 2006-07 through 2010-11.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { LEA } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | LEA or Charter School | 2006-07 |  | 2007-08 |  | 2008-09 |  | 2009-2010 |  | 2010-11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| 92G | East Wake Academy | 1 | 0.58 | 2 | 0.97 | 3 | 1.30 | 2 | 0.81 | 2 | 0.76 |
| 92K | Raleigh Charter High | 2 | 0.38 | 0 | 0.00 | 2 | 0.37 | 1 | 0.18 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 92P | Southern Wake Academy | 9 | 8.57 | 16 | 14.16 | 6 | 5.77 | 9 | 8.82 | 8 | 9.20 |
| 930 | Warren County | 59 | 5.88 | 59 | 6.12 | 50 | 5.55 | 35 | 4.16 | 32 | 3.90 |
| 93A | Haliwa-Saponi Tribal School | 1 | 2.38 | 4 | 8.16 | 6 | 13.04 | 1 | 2.50 | 4 | 8.89 |
| 940 | Washington County | 13 | 1.99 | 30 | 4.47 | 19 | 3.02 | 16 | 2.64 | 18 | 2.98 |
| 950 | Watauga County | 68 | 4.39 | 78 | 5.09 | 48 | 3.23 | 40 | 2.74 | 35 | 2.40 |
| 960 | Wayne County | 249 | 4.16 | 316 | 5.25 | 301 | 5.09 | 282 | 4.84 | 241 | 4.18 |
| 970 | Wilkes County | 189 | 6.12 | 211 | 6.81 | 167 | 5.49 | 105 | 3.50 | 78 | 2.62 |
| 980 | Wilson County | 311 | 7.98 | 210 | 5.51 | 206 | 5.43 | 182 | 4.87 | 168 | 4.53 |
| 990 | Yadkin County | 76 | 3.94 | 58 | 3.01 | 65 | 3.34 | 51 | 2.66 | 51 | 2.68 |
| 995 | Yancey County | 38 | 4.55 | 61 | 7.07 | 45 | 5.44 | 38 | 4.88 | 36 | 4.69 |
|  | NORTH CAROLINA | 23550 | 5.27 | 22434 | 4.97 | 19184 | 4.27 | 16804 | 3.75 | 15342 | 3.43 |

Table D6. 2010-2011 High School Dropouts by LEA, Gender, Race/Ethnicity

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \# } \\ & \underset{~}{4} \end{aligned}$ | LEA Name | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{N}} \\ & \stackrel{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{0}{\sum^{\pi}}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ご } \\ & \frac{\pi}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\frac{\sqrt{0}}{\sqrt{4}}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 010 | Alamance-Burlington | 263 | 152 | 111 | 147 | 70 | < 5 | 36 | < 5 | < 5 | 6 |
| 01D | The Hawbridge School | 1 | 0 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 020 | Alexander County | 66 | 44 | 22 | 49 | < 5 | < 5 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 030 | Alleghany County | 19 | 12 | 7 | 15 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 040 | Anson County | 50 | 29 | 21 | 12 | 35 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | $<5$ | < 5 |
| 050 | Ashe County | 34 | 22 | 12 | 26 | < 5 | < 5 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 060 | Avery County | 18 | 8 | 10 | 15 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 06A | Grandfather Academy | 6 | 2 | 4 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 070 | Beaufort County | 111 | 72 | 39 | 44 | 48 | < 5 | 16 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 080 | Bertie County | 34 | 26 | 8 | 6 | 28 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 090 | Bladen County | 90 | 47 | 43 | 44 | 36 | < 5 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 100 | Brunswick County | 136 | 75 | 61 | 105 | 15 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 |
| 110 | Buncombe County | 292 | 163 | 129 | 224 | 26 | < 5 | 28 | < 5 | < 5 | 12 |
| 111 | Asheville City | 39 | 25 | 14 | 12 | 23 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 120 | Burke County | 99 | 59 | 40 | 78 | 7 | < 5 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 130 | Cabarrus County | 225 | 135 | 90 | 115 | 61 | < 5 | 40 | < 5 | < 5 | 7 |
| 132 | Kannapolis City | 81 | 47 | 34 | 35 | 25 | < 5 | 16 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 140 | Caldwell County | 167 | 94 | 73 | 137 | 11 | < 5 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | 10 |
| 150 | Camden County | 20 | 15 | 5 | 15 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 160 | Carteret County | 102 | 63 | 39 | 87 | 5 | < 5 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 16A | Cape Lookout Marine Science HS | 16 | 11 | 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | $<5$ | < 5 |
| 170 | Caswell County | 37 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 10 | < 5 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 180 | Catawba County | 130 | 75 | 55 | 81 | 17 | < 5 | 19 | 6 | < 5 | 6 |
| 181 | Hickory City | 49 | 26 | 23 | 22 | 17 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | 6 |
| 182 | Newton Conover City | 45 | 19 | 26 | 28 | 10 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 190 | Chatham County | 92 | 56 | 36 | 47 | 18 | < 5 | 25 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 19B | The Woods Charter | 3 | 2 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 200 | Cherokee County | 30 | 15 | 15 | 29 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 210 | Edenton/Chowan | 44 | 27 | 17 | 23 | 21 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 220 | Clay County | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 230 | Cleveland County | 250 | 138 | 112 | 164 | 66 | < 5 | 9 | $<5$ | < 5 | 11 |
| 240 | Columbus County | 74 | 43 | 31 | 39 | 23 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 241 | Whiteville City | 12 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 250 | Craven County | 93 | 56 | 37 | 54 | 30 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 260 | Cumberland County | 516 | 293 | 223 | 175 | 252 | < 5 | 46 | < 5 | < 5 | 22 |
| 270 | Currituck County | 48 | 20 | 28 | 36 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 |
| 280 | Dare County | 27 | 15 | 12 | 24 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |

Table D6. 2010-2011 High School Dropouts by LEA, Gender, Race/Ethnicity

| $\begin{aligned} & \# \\ & \text { \# } \end{aligned}$ | LEA Name | $\stackrel{\overline{\mathrm{O}}}{\stackrel{1}{\circ}}$ | $\frac{0}{\sum^{\pi}}$ |  | $\frac{\cong}{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 들 } \\ & \frac{\tilde{\omega}}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{6}}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 290 | Davidson County | 228 | 132 | 96 | 204 | 9 | < 5 | 8 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 291 | Lexington City | 57 | 35 | 22 | 13 | 20 | < 5 | 17 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 292 | Thomasville City | 42 | 32 | 10 | 14 | 16 | < 5 | 10 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 300 | Davie County | 81 | 52 | 29 | 67 | 6 | < 5 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 310 | Duplin County | 87 | 57 | 30 | 29 | 30 | < 5 | 27 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 320 | Durham County | 371 | 218 | 153 | 37 | 258 | < 5 | 68 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 |
| 32D | Kestrel Heights | 3 | 2 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 330 | Edgecombe County | 112 | 74 | 38 | 46 | 57 | < 5 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 340 | Forsyth County | 606 | 365 | 241 | 184 | 230 | < 5 | 168 | < 5 | < 5 | 19 |
| 350 | Franklin County | 110 | 64 | 46 | 52 | 42 | < 5 | 14 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 360 | Gaston County | 450 | 270 | 180 | 302 | 98 | < 5 | 37 | < 5 | < 5 | 11 |
| 36B | Piedmont Community | 10 | 6 | 4 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 370 | Gates County | 18 | 11 | 7 | 12 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 380 | Graham County | 8 | 3 | 5 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 390 | Granville County | 150 | 90 | 60 | 70 | 61 | < 5 | 14 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 |
| 400 | Greene County | 25 | 16 | 9 | 5 | 16 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 410 | Guilford County | 625 | 397 | 228 | 172 | 341 | < 5 | 50 | 27 | < 5 | 28 |
| 420 | Halifax County | 45 | 33 | 12 | < 5 | 42 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 421 | Roanoke Rapids City | 33 | 21 | 12 | 25 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 422 | Weldon City | 14 | 8 | 6 | < 5 | 13 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 430 | Harnett County | 270 | 169 | 101 | 136 | 80 | 5 | 37 | < 5 | < 5 | 9 |
| 440 | Haywood County | 68 | 43 | 25 | 62 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 450 | Henderson County | 92 | 56 | 36 | 69 | 5 | < 5 | 8 | < 5 | < 5 | 7 |
| 460 | Hertford County | 23 | 15 | 8 | 5 | 18 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 470 | Hoke County | 69 | 36 | 33 | 8 | 29 | 18 | 10 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 480 | Hyde County | 3 | 1 | 2 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 490 | Iredell-Statesville | 159 | 81 | 78 | 100 | 24 | < 5 | 30 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 491 | Mooresville City | 43 | 28 | 15 | 27 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 49 E | Pine Lake Preparatory | 3 | 1 | 2 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 500 | Jackson County | 22 | 14 | 8 | 15 | < 5 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 510 | Johnston County | 303 | 187 | 116 | 153 | 84 | < 5 | 53 | < 5 | < 5 | 9 |
| 520 | Jones County | 16 | 10 | 6 | 13 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 530 | Lee County | 140 | 80 | 60 | 60 | 29 | < 5 | 48 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 540 | Lenoir County | 109 | 69 | 40 | 37 | 57 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | 6 |
| 550 | Lincoln County | 132 | 75 | 57 | 106 | 15 | < 5 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 55A | Lincoln Charter | 2 | 1 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 560 | Macon County | 55 | 32 | 23 | 45 | < 5 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |

Table D6. 2010-2011 High School Dropouts by LEA, Gender, Race/Ethnicity

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \# } \\ & \underset{~}{4} \end{aligned}$ | LEA Name | $\stackrel{\overline{\boxed{\circ}}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ}}$ | $\frac{\otimes}{\sum_{0}^{\pi}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathscr{U}}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\tilde{N}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \#! \\ & \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\frac{\sqrt{0}}{\sqrt[4]{4}}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 570 | Madison County | 21 | 13 | 8 | 21 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 580 | Martin County | 42 | 29 | 13 | 22 | 19 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 590 | McDowell County | 79 | 37 | 42 | 71 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 600 | Charlotte-Mecklenburg | 1404 | 877 | 527 | 281 | 767 | 9 | 292 | 37 | < 5 | 18 |
| 60C | Kennedy School | 8 | 7 | 1 | < 5 | 8 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | $<5$ | < 5 |
| 60G | Queen's Grant Community | 23 | 16 | 7 | 15 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 60 H | Crossroads Charter High | 64 | 34 | 30 | < 5 | 60 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 610 | Mitchell County | 26 | 19 | 7 | 24 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 620 | Montgomery County | 40 | 16 | 24 | 24 | 6 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 630 | Moore County | 96 | 51 | 45 | 61 | 20 | < 5 | 12 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 640 | Nash-Rocky Mount | 243 | 154 | 89 | 60 | 144 | < 5 | 23 | < 5 | < 5 | 15 |
| 64A | Rocky Mount Preparatory | 1 | 1 | 0 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 650 | New Hanover County | 295 | 193 | 102 | 165 | 101 | < 5 | 14 | < 5 | $<5$ | 10 |
| 660 | Northampton County | 26 | 19 | 7 | < 5 | 23 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 66A | Gaston College Preparatory | 5 | 2 | 3 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 670 | Onslow County | 191 | 113 | 78 | 130 | 35 | < 5 | 17 | < 5 | < 5 | 6 |
| 680 | Orange County | 54 | 37 | 17 | 34 | 13 | < 5 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | 14 |
| 681 | Chapel Hill-Carrboro | 44 | 29 | 15 | 17 | 9 | < 5 | 13 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 68 N | PACE Academy | 15 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 690 | Pamlico County | 8 | 2 | 6 | 7 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 700 | Pasquotank County | 39 | 25 | 14 | 20 | 17 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | $<5$ | < 5 |
| 710 | Pender County | 83 | 49 | 34 | 56 | 18 | < 5 | 8 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 720 | Perquimans County | 19 | 13 | 6 | 14 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 730 | Person County | 89 | 53 | 36 | 45 | 38 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 73B | Roxboro Community | 3 | 2 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 740 | Pitt County | 318 | 183 | 135 | 83 | 207 | < 5 | 19 | < 5 | < 5 | 9 |
| 750 | Polk County | 26 | 13 | 13 | 22 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 760 | Randolph County | 112 | 72 | 40 | 89 | 9 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 761 | Asheboro City | 37 | 23 | 14 | 16 | 8 | < 5 | 12 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 770 | Richmond County | 105 | 65 | 40 | 44 | 41 | 7 | 10 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 780 | Robeson County | 242 | 145 | 97 | 46 | 71 | 107 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | 12 |
| 790 | Rockingham County | 205 | 135 | 70 | 134 | 48 | < 5 | 15 | < 5 | < 5 | 6 |
| 800 | Rowan-Salisbury | 214 | 132 | 82 | 139 | 53 | < 5 | 19 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 810 | Rutherford County | 137 | 76 | 61 | 110 | 16 | < 5 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 |
| 820 | Sampson County | 122 | 69 | 53 | 54 | 31 | < 5 | 27 | < 5 | < 5 | 9 |
| 821 | Clinton City | 21 | 15 | 6 | < 5 | 12 | < 5 | 6 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 830 | Scotland County | 108 | 61 | 47 | 19 | 69 | 16 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |

Table D6. 2010-2011 High School Dropouts by LEA, Gender, Race/Ethnicity

|  | LEA Name | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{T}} \\ & \text { O- } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{0}{\sum^{010}}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ㄷ } \\ & \frac{\pi}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\pi}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 840 | Stanly County | 111 | 62 | 49 | 76 | 22 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 84B | Gray Stone Day School | 2 | 0 | 2 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 850 | Stokes County | 89 | 58 | 31 | 76 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | 5 |
| 860 | Surry County | 129 | 80 | 49 | 104 | < 5 | < 5 | 19 | < 5 | $<5$ | < 5 |
| 861 | Elkin City | 12 | 8 | 4 | 10 | < 5 | $<5$ | $<5$ | < 5 | $<5$ | $<5$ |
| 862 | Mount Airy City | 17 | 7 | 10 | 10 | 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 870 | Swain County | 46 | 23 | 23 | 30 | $<5$ | 15 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 880 | Transylvania County | 35 | 21 | 14 | 28 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 890 | Tyrrell County | 4 | 2 | 2 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 900 | Union County | 233 | 161 | 72 | 130 | 69 | < 5 | 24 | < 5 | < 5 | 8 |
| 90A | Union Academy | 1 | 0 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 910 | Vance County | 129 | 75 | 54 | 22 | 81 | < 5 | 22 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 920 | Wake County | 1386 | 821 | 565 | 353 | 638 | 5 | 309 | 24 | 5 | 52 |
| 92G | East Wake Academy | 2 | 2 | 0 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 92P | Southern Wake Academy | 8 | 5 | 3 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 930 | Warren County | 32 | 22 | 10 | < 5 | 26 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 93A | Haliwa-Saponi Tribal School | 4 | 3 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | $<5$ | < 5 |
| 940 | Washington County | 18 | 13 | 5 | 13 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 950 | Watauga County | 35 | 23 | 12 | 30 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 960 | Wayne County | 241 | 146 | 95 | 98 | 99 | < 5 | 27 | < 5 | $<5$ | 16 |
| 970 | Wilkes County | 78 | 44 | 34 | 63 | < 5 | $<5$ | 9 | < 5 | $<5$ | $<5$ |
| 980 | Wilson County | 168 | 106 | 62 | 45 | 98 | < 5 | 25 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 990 | Yadkin County | 51 | 27 | 24 | 37 | < 5 | < 5 | 9 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
| 995 | Yancey County | 36 | 16 | 20 | 23 | < 5 | < 5 | 10 | < 5 | < 5 | < 5 |
|  | State Totals | 15342 | 9208 | 6134 | 7023 | 5434 | 276 | 1994 | 147 | 13 | 455 |

## Appendices

## APPENDIX I

## General Statutes

The following General Statutes are relevant to the reporting of dropout, crime, discipline, and alternative program enrollments.

## Chapter 115C. Elementary and Secondary Education.

## § 115C-12. Powers and duties of the Board generally.

The general supervision and administration of the free public school system shall be vested in the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall establish policy for the system of free public schools, subject to laws enacted by the General Assembly. The powers and duties of the State Board of Education are defined as follows:
(21) Duty to Monitor Acts of School Violence. - The State Board of Education shall monitor and compile an annual report on acts of violence in the public schools. The State Board shall adopt standard definitions for acts of school violence and shall require local boards of education to report them to the State Board in a standard format adopted by the State Board.
(27) Reporting Dropout Rates, Corporal Punishment, Suspensions, Expulsions, and Alternative Placements. - The State Board shall report by March 15 of each year to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on the numbers of students who have dropped out of school, been subjected to corporal punishment, been suspended, been expelled, been reassigned for disciplinary purposes, or been placed in an alternative program. The data shall be reported in a disaggregated manner, reflecting the local school administrative unit, race, gender, grade level, ethnicity, and disability status of each affected student. Such data shall be readily available to the public. The State Board shall not include students that have been expelled from school when calculating the dropout rate. The Board shall maintain a separate record of the number of students who are expelled from school and the reasons for the expulsion.

## APPENDIX II

## SBE Policies

## Policy Identification

Priority: Healthy Students in Safe, Orderly \& Caring Schools
Category: Safe Schools Program Guidelines
Policy ID Number: SS-A-006
Policy Title: Policy defining persistently dangerous schools
Current Policy Date: 06/06/2002
Other Historical Information:
Statutory Reference: 20 USCS 7912 (2002)
Administrative Procedures Act (APA) Reference Number and Category:
(This policy addresses Certification of Compliance with Unsafe School Choice Option Requirements as required in the Consolidated Plan for No Child Left Behind.)

1. The following definitions apply to this policy.
a. Violent criminal offenses are the following crimes as reported in the "Report on School Crime and Violence":

- Homicide
- Assault Resulting in Serious Bodily Injury
- Assault Involving Use of a Weapon
- Rape
- Sexual Offense
- Sexual Assault
- Kidnapping
- Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon
- Robbery
- Taking Indecent Liberties with a Minor
b. A persistently dangerous school is a public elementary, middle or secondary school or a charter school in which a total of five or more violent criminal offenses were committed per 1000 students ( 0.5 or more per 100 students) during each of the two most recent school years and in which the conditions that contributed to the commission of those offenses are likely to continue into another school year.

2. Along with the annual Report on School Crime and Violence, the Superintendent for each LEA shall write and inform the State Board of Education of:
a. All the public schools within that LEA that have reported a total of five or more violent criminal offenses were committed per 1000 students ( 0.5 or more per 100 students) during the most recent school year; and
b. All the public schools within that LEA that have reported a total of five or more violent criminal offenses were committed per 1000 students ( 0.5 or more per 100 students) during each of the two most recent school years.
3. No later than June 30 of any year, the chairman of the board of directors of the nonprofit corporation that holds the charter for a charter school shall notify the State Board of Education:
a. Whether five or more violent criminal offenses were committed per 1000 students ( 0.5 or more per 100 students) in a charter school during the most recent school year; and
b. Whether five or more violent criminal offenses were committed per 1000 students ( 0.5 or more per 100 students) in a charter school during each of the two most recent school years.
4. Whenever the State Board of Education has information that five or more violent criminal offenses were committed per 1000 students ( 0.5 or more per 100 students) in a public elementary, middle or secondary school or a charter school during each of the two most recent school years, the State Board of Education shall provide the local board of education or the nonprofit corporation that holds the charter for the school the opportunity to report on conditions in the school and any plans it may have to eliminate the conditions that contributed to the commission of the violent criminal offenses.
5. After consideration of that report and consultation with a representative sample of local educational agencies or charter schools, the State Board of Education shall determine whether the school is a persistently dangerous school, whether the school should be placed on probation, or whether no additional interventions are necessary to protect students from violent crimes.
6. During the probationary year, the school shall implement additional strategies to protect students from violent criminal offenses and incorporate them into the Safe Schools Plan.
7. If at any time during the probationary year, the State Board of Education determines that conditions that contributed to the commission of the violent criminal offenses in the school have not been eliminated, then the State Board of Education may determine that the school is a persistently dangerous school.
8. Once the State Board has determined that a school is a persistently dangerous school, the school shall retain that designation for at least one full school year.
9. Students assigned to a school which the State Board of Education has determined to be persistently dangerous shall be allowed to attend another school in the LEA which is not designated a persistently dangerous school, provided there is such a school in the LEA which offers instruction at the student's grade level.
10. Any student who is the victim of a violent criminal offense committed against him or her while he or she was in or on the grounds of a public elementary, middle or secondary school or charter school that he or she attends shall be allowed to attend another school in the LEA, provided there is such a school in the LEA which offers instruction at the student's grade level and provided the student's choice shall not be limited to persistently dangerous schools.
11. Local school systems shall establish a process for assuring any student who has the right to transfer from a school under this policy is allowed to transfer to a school in the LEA which is not persistently dangerous. The process must be included in the system's Safe School Plan.
12. The LEA shall report each student transfer effected pursuant to this policy to the State Board of Education in its "Report on School Crime and Violence."
13. Nothing in this policy shall be construed to grant any student the right to attend a charter school, grant any student a preference in admission to a charter school or limit a student's right to transfer from a charter school.

## APPENDIX III Reportable Offenses

## Why these offenses must be reported

North Carolina General Statute 115C-288 indicates the procedures for reporting specific offenses to school administrators, and if necessary, law enforcement authorities.

The N.C. State Board of Education published guidelines for safe schools, part of which clarified and listed those offenses that are reportable to the State Board of Education annually.

## Offenses that must be reported

The following pages list those offenses that must be reported, along with a detailed description of each offense.

Consult with your local board attorney for further details or clarification.

1. Assault Resulting in Serious Personal Injury: An intentional offer or attempt by force or violence to do injury to the person of another that causes reasonable apprehension of immediate bodily harm resulting in one of the following: (1) substantial risk of death, (2) serious permanent disfigurement, (3) a coma, (4) a permanent or protracted condition that causes extreme pain, (5) permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or (6) that results in prolonged hospitalization.

- If an offender used a weapon in an assault resulting in serious injury, report both Assault Resulting in Serious Injury and Assault Involving Use of a Weapon.
- G.S. 115C-391 (state law) requires that local education agencies remove any student who is 13 years or older to an alternative educational setting if the student physically assaults and seriously injures a teacher or other school personnel.
- If no alternative educational setting is available, then the board shall suspend the student for no less than 300 days, but not more than 365 days.

2. Assault Involving Use of a Weapon: An intentional offer or attempt by force or violence to do injury to the person of another that causes reasonable apprehension of immediate bodily harm through the use of one of the following: (1) any gun, rifle, pistol, or other firearm, (2) BB gun, (3) stun gun, (4) air rifle, (5) air pistol, (6) bowie knife, (7) dirk, (8) dagger, (9) slingshot, (10) leaded cane, (11) switchblade knife, (12) blackjack, (13) metallic knuckles, (14) razors and razor blades, (15) fireworks, or (16) any sharppointed or edged instrument except instructional supplies, unaltered nail files and clips and tools used solely for preparation of food, instruction, and maintenance.

- If a firearm or other weapon is used in the commission of any offense, the type of weapon must be identified in the Weapon Used/Possessed column of the Date Collection Form.

3. Assault on School Officials, Employees, and Volunteers: An intentional offer or attempt by force or violence to do injury to a school official, employee, or volunteer that
causes reasonable apprehension of immediate bodily harm while the school official, employee, or volunteer is discharging or attempting to discharge his/her duties.
-The "duties" of a school official, employee, or volunteer include the following: (1) all activities on school property, (2) all activities during a school authorized event or the accompanying of students to or from that event, and (3) all activities relating to the operation of school transportation.
-An "employee" includes (1) one who is employed by a local board of education, (2) one who is employed by a charter school, (3) one who is employed by a nonpublic school that operates under Part 1 or Part 2 of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, or (4) an independent contractor if the independent contractor or employee of the independent contractor carries out duties customarily performed by employees of the school.
-A "volunteer" is one who volunteers his/her services or presence at any school activity and is under the supervision of an employee.

- This offense includes assaults on school personnel that do not involve the use of a weapon and do not result in apparent serious injury.

4. Making Bomb Threats or Engaging in Bomb Hoaxes: A person who, with intent to perpetrate a hoax, conceals, places, or displays in or at a public building any device, machine, instrument, or artifact, so as to cause any person reasonably to believe the same to be a bomb or other device capable of causing injury to persons or property.
-A "public building" encompasses all educational property, as defined in G.S. 14269.2, including: (1) any school building or bus, and (2) school campus, grounds, recreational area, athletic field, or other property owned, used, or operated, by any board of education or school board of trustees or directors for the administration of any school.
-"Public buildings" also include: (1) hospitals, and (2) buildings that house only State, federal, or local government offices, or the offices of the State, federal, or local government located in a building that is not exclusively occupied by the State, federal, or local government.

- This offense includes when a person communicates a bomb threat by any means.

5. Willfully Burning a School Building: A person who wantonly and willfully sets fire to, burns, causes to be burned, or aids, counsels, or procures the burning of any schoolhouse or building owned, leased, or used by any public school, private school, college, or educational institution.
6. Homicide: A murder which is perpetrated by one of the following means: (1) nuclear, biological, or chemical weapon of mass destruction, (2) poison, (3) lying in wait, (4) imprisonment, (5) starving, (6) torture, (7) any other kind of willful, deliberate, and premeditated murder, (8) during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of an arson, rape, sex offense, robbery, kidnapping, burglary, or other felony committed or attempted with the use of a deadly weapon, (9) the unlawful distribution and ingestion by someone of opium or any other synthetic or natural salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium, cocaine, or methamphetamine resulting in death, or (10) all other types of murder.
7. Kidnapping: A person who unlawfully confines, restrains, or removes from one place to another, any other person 16 years of age or over without the consent of such person, or any other person under the age of 16 years old without the consent of a parent or legal
guardian of such person, shall be guilty of kidnapping if such confinement, restraint, or removal is for the purposes of one of the following: (1) holding such other person for a ransom, as a hostage, or using such other person as a shield, (2) facilitating the commission of any felony or facilitating the flight of any person following the commission of a felony, (3) doing serious bodily harm to or terrorizing the person so confined, restrained, or removed by any other person, (4) holding such other person in involuntary servitude, (5) trafficking another person with the intent that the person be held in involuntary servitude or sexual servitude, or (6) subjecting or maintaining such other person for sexual servitude.
8. Unlawful, underage sales, purchase, provision, possession, or consumption of alcoholic beverages: It shall be unlawful for a person younger than 21 years of age to possess, sell, give, or purchase any alcoholic beverages. It is also unlawful for any person to aid and abet a person under the age of 21 years old in his/her attempt to obtain an alcoholic beverage.
-An "alcoholic beverage" includes the following: (1) malt beverage, (2) fortified wine, (3) unfortified wine, (4) spirituous liquor, (5) mixed beverages, or (6) beer.
9. Possession of Controlled Substance in Violation of Law: It is unlawful for a person to possess or have in his/her immediate control any of the following: Marijuana, Heroin, LSD, Methamphetamine, Cocaine, or any other drug listed in Schedules I - VI of the North Carolina Controlled Substances Act. (G.S. §90-89 through 90-94.)

- The unauthorized possession of a prescription drug is included under this offense.
- The principal should confer with law enforcement personnel if there is doubt as to whether or not a certain drug is considered a controlled substance.

10. Possession of a Firearm: It is unlawful for any person to possess or carry, whether openly or concealed, any gun, rifle, pistol, or other firearm of any kind on educational property or to a curricular or extracurricular activity sponsored by a school.
-This offense does not apply to a BB gun, stun gun, air rifle, or air pistol.

- Persons authorized to carry weapons on school property are law enforcement officers, firefighters, and emergency service personnel when discharging their official duties.
- G.S. 115C-391 (state law) requires that local boards of education suspend for 365 days any student who brings a firearm onto school property.

11. Possession of a Weapon: It is unlawful for any person to possess or carry, whether openly or concealed, any of the following weapons on campus or other educational property: (1) any BB gun, (2) stun gun, (3) air rifle, (4) air pistol, (5) bowie knife, (6) dirk, (7) dagger, (8) slingshot, (9) leaded cane, (10) switchblade knife, (11) blackjack, (12) metallic knuckles, (13) razors and razor blades, (14) fireworks, or (15) any sharppointed or edged instrument, except instructional supplies, unaltered nail files, clips, and tools used solely for preparation of food, instruction, maintenance.
-"Educational Property" refers to any school building or bus, school campus, grounds, recreational area, athletic field, or other property owned, used, or operated by any board of education or school board of trustees, or directors for the administration of any school.

- Persons authorized to carry weapons on school property are law enforcement officers, firefighters, and emergency service personnel when discharging their official duties.

12. Rape: A person who engages in vaginal intercourse with another person by force and against the will of the other person.

- Statutory rape is vaginal intercourse committed on a child under the age of 16 by a person who is at least 12 years old and at least 4 years older than the victim, regardless of whether the victim consented.

13. Robbery With a Dangerous Weapon: Any person or persons who, having in possession or with the use or threatened use of any firearms or other dangerous weapon, implement or means, whereby the life of a person is endangered or threatened, unlawfully takes or attempts to take personal property from another or from any place of business, residence, or banking institution or any other place where there is a person or persons in attendance, at any time, either day or night, or who aids or abets any such person or persons in the commission of such crime.
14. Sexual Assault (not involving rape or sexual offense): A person is guilty of sexual battery if he/she, for the purpose of sexual arousal, sexual gratification, or sexual abuse, engages in sexual contact with another person by force and against the will of the other person, or if the person being assaulted is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless and the person performing the act knows or should reasonably know that the other person is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless.

- This is an assault of a sexual nature.
-This offense is an unauthorized and unwanted, intentional, or forcible touching of a sex organ of a person of the opposite sex.
-Sex organs include the private area and breasts of a female and the genital area of a man.
- The difference between a sexual assault and a sexual offense is that the sexual assault involves forcible and intentional touching without penetration of a sex organ, and a sexual offense involves penetration of a sex organ or anus by any object, or touching another's mouth or anus by the male sex organ.


## 15. Sexual Offense:

-First-degree sexual offense: A person is guilty of a sexual offense in the first degree if the person engages in a sexual act with (1) a victim who is a child under the age of 13 years and the defendant is at least 12 years old and is at least four years older than the victim, or (2) with another person by force and against the will of the other person, and (a) employs or displays a dangerous or deadly weapon or an article which the person reasonably believes to be a dangerous or deadly weapon, (b) inflicts serious personal injury upon the victim or another person, or (c) the person commits the offense aided and abetted by one or more other persons.
-Sexual offense with a child (adult offender): A person is guilty of sexual offense with a child if the person is at least 18 years of age and engages in a sexual act with a victim who is a child and under the age of 13 years.
-Second-degree sexual offense: A person is guilty of a sexual offense in the second degree if the person engages in a sexual act with another person (1) by force and against the will of the other person, or (2) who is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless, and the person performing the act knows or should reasonably know that the other person is mentally disabled, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless.

## -Statutory rape or sexual offense of person who is 13, 14, or 15 years old: A

 person is guilty if he/she engages in vaginal intercourse or a sexual act with another person who is 13,14 , or 15 years old and the person committing the act is at least six years older than the person, except when the person committing the act is lawfully married to the other person.16. Taking Indecent Liberties With A Minor: A person is guilty of taking indecent liberties with a child if, being 16 years of age or more and at least five years older than the child in question, he/she either: (1) willfully takes or attempts to take any immoral, improper, or indecent liberties with any child of either sex under the age of 16 years for the purpose of arousing or gratifying sexual desire, or (2) willfully commits or attempts to commit any lewd or lascivious act upon or with the body or any part or member of the body of any child of either sex under the age of 16 years.
-A "lewd and lascivious act" is defined as an act that is obscene, lustful, or indecent, or tending to deprave the morals with respect to sexual relations.

[^0]:    Note: Race/Ethnicity was not reported or was reported as "Other" for 2,499 short-term suspensions in 2006-07, 10,250 in 2007082,069 in 2008-09, 1,776 in 2009-10, and 77 in 2010-11. Rates calculated by dividing number of suspensions in race/ethnicity category by membership in that race/ethnicity category and multiplying by ten.

